# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Financial Statements

Three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025



บริษัท ดีลอยท์ ทู้ช โธมัทสุ ไชยยศ สอบบัญชี จำกัด อาคาร เอไอเอ สาทร ทาวเวอร์ ชั้น 23-27 11/1 ถนนสาทรได้ แขวงยานนาวา เขตสาทร กรุงเทพฯ 10120

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# REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY THE INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary and the separate statement of financial position of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited as at June 30, 2025, and the related consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025, and the related consolidated and separate statements of changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, and the condensed notes to the financial statements. The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Thai Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".



#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 2.7 to the interim financial statements that the Group and the Company have adopted a set of Financial Reporting Standards related to financial instruments, and Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts", which became effective for fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Group and the Company elected retrospective approach for applying such standards. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Chavala Tienpasertkij

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)

Registration No. 4301

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU JAIYOS AUDIT CO., LTD.

BANGKOK August 13, 2025

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

			Consolidated			Separate	
		fi	inancial statement	ts	Ti .	nancial statement	S
		(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)
14		but reviewed)			but reviewed)		
		June 30,	December 31,	January 1,	June 30,	December 31,	January 1,
		2025	2024	2024	2025	2024	2024
	Notes		(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	8	8,193,111	10,522,578	16,083,827	8,169,025	10,501,471	16,065,650
Accrued investment income		1,107,719	1,150,703	1,470,634	1,107,719	1,150,703	1,470,634
Insurance contract assets	6, 7	33,292	89,104	39,747	33,292	89,104	39,747
Reinsurance contract assets	6, 7	487,612	608,835	782,526	487,612	608,835	782,526
Debt instruments	9	286,190,009	271,380,849	265,100,750	286,190,009	271,380,849	265,100,750
Equity instruments	10	20,076,584	25,859,503	27,900,167	20,076,584	25,859,503	27,900,167
Derivative assets	11	1,999,205	1,048,118	342,957	1,999,205	1,048,118	342,957
Loans and accrued interest receivables	12	747,075	1,113,107	1,797,135	747,075	1,113,107	1,797,135
Investments in a subsidiary	13	-	-	2	23,760	23,760	23,760
Investment properties	14	119,822	121,662	125,372	119,822	121,662	125,372
Property, plant and equipment	15	1,913,535	1,923,762	2,002,762	1,913,436	1,923,762	2,002,762
Goodwill		4,955	4,955	4,955			
Intangible assets		122,757	126,591	121,142	122,757	126,591	121,142
Deferred tax assets	16	997,588	1,046,924	1,660,194	997,588	1,046,924	1,660,194
Other assets	17	584,796	408,757	327,952	575,975	398,307	313,510
TOTAL ASSETS		322,578,060	315,405,448	317,760,120	322,563,859	315,392,696	317,746,306

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

		نے ۔	Consolidated		_	Separate	
			nancial statement	ts	fi	nancial statement	S
		(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)
		but reviewed)			but reviewed)		
		June 30,	December 31,	January 1,	June 30,	December 31,	January 1,
		2025	2024	2024	2025	2024	2024
	Notes		(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
LIABILITIES							
Insurance contract liabilities	6, 7	272,972,993	265,908,994	272,368,786	272,972,993	265,908,994	272,368,786
Reinsurance contract liabilities	6, 7	21,608	27,412	41,526	21,608	27,412	41,526
Other financial liabilities		265,420	255,346	206,780	265,420	255,346	206,780
Derivative liabilities	11	83,342	48,153	133,704	83,342	48,153	133,704
Income tax payable		59,440	86,214	25,093	59,440	86,214	25,093
Employee benefit obligations	18	249,586	233,764	217,539	248,173	232,351	216,441
Other liabilities	19	596,379	781,990	739,963	590,053	777,056	731,298
Total liabilities		274,248,768	267,341,873	273,733,391	274,241,029	267,335,526	273,723,628
ON A DEPOS DEPOS DO VIETE							
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Share capital							
Authorized share capital		1					
1,708,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000
Issued and paid-up share capital							
1,707,566,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each,		E					
fully paid		1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566
Premium on share capital		3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993
Retained earnings							
Appropriated							2
Legal reserve		170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800
General reserve		400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000
Unappropriated		39,285,587	38,528,200	34,823,259	39,279,441	38,522,110	34,819,498
Other component of shareholders' equity							
Insurance and reinsurance finance reserve							
- net of income taxes		(18,856,887)	(7,880,907)	(90,306)	(18,856,887)	(7,880,907)	(90,306)
Revaluation surplus on investment							
through other comprehensive income							
- net of income taxes		21,963,700	11,536,627	3,584,015	21,963,700	11,536,627	3,584,015
Revaluation surplus on cash flow hedge derivative	es						
- net of income taxes		297,217	239,981	70,112	297,217	239,981	70,112
Shareholders' equity attributable to owners of the Com	pany	48,328,976	48,063,260	44,026,439	48,322,830	48,057,170	44,022,678
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		316	315	290	1 4 2		2
Total shareholders' equity		48,329,292	48,063,575	44,026,729	48,322,830	48,057,170	44,022,678
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		322,578,060	315,405,448	317,760,120	322,563,859	315,392,696	317,746,306

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

#### FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

"UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(HI: IIII)	OUSAND BAHT
		Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
* *		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Notes		(Restated)		(Restated)
Insurance revenue	20, 21	3,254,366	2,902,195	3,254,312	2,902,147
Insurance service expenses	20, 21	(2,140,390)	(2,020,333)	(2,140,390)	(2,020,333)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	20, 21	(14,351)	(8,742)	(14,351)	(8,742)
Insurance service result	20, 21	1,099,625	873,120	1,099,571	873,072
Investment income	20	2,645,496	2,741,697	2,645,496	2,741,697
Gain on financial instrument, net	20	84,497	21,077	84,497	21,077
Gain (loss) on revaluation	20,22	1,009,671	(224,914)	1,009,671	(224,914)
Loss from expected credit loss	20,24	(151,129)	(35,312)	(151,129)	(35,312)
Net investment income	20	3,588,535	2,502,548	3,588,535	2,502,548
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	20	(2,134,870)	(2,170,937)	(2,134,870)	(2,170,937)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	20	(5,489)	(4,690)	(5,489)	(4,690)
Net insurance finance expenses	20	(2,140,359)	(2,175,627)	(2,140,359)	(2,175,627)
Net investment income and insurance finance expense	20	1,448,176	326,921	1,448,176	326,921
Other finance cost	20	(3,096)	(2,705)	(3,096)	(2,705)
Other operating expenses	20	(117,922)	(103,269)	(114,419)	(99,709)
Other income	20	39,813	46,190	36,848	42,052
Profit before income tax	20	2,466,596	1,140,257	2,467,080	1,139,631
Income tax expenses	16, 20	338,216	157,268	338,154	156,943
Net profit for the periods	20	2,128,380	982,989	2,128,926	982,688
Profit for the periods attributable to					
Shareholders' equity of the Company		2,128,385	982,985	2,128,926	982,688
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		(5)	4		
		2,128,380	982,989		
				9	

### BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

#### "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

		Consol	idated	Sepa	
		financial s		financial s	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Notes	2020	(Restated)	2025	(Restated)
Net profit for the periods		2,128,380	982,989	2,128,926	982,688
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on investment in debt instrument at fair value		9,537,243	(4,357,779)	9,537,243	(4,357,779)
through other comprehensive income					
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges derivatives at fair value		28,192	(77,964)	28,192	(77,964)
Insurance finance income (expenses) from insurance contracts issued		(8,848,756)	2,562,038	(8,848,756)	2,562,038
Finance income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held		(80,346)	12,142	(80,346)	12,142
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		(127,267)	372,313	(127,267)	372,313
Total items that may be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		509,066	(1,489,250)	509,066	(1,489,250)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Loss on financial liabilities designated at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		(1,437,582)	(1,895,188)	(1,437,582)	(1,895,188)
Actuarial gain		-	-	•	
Income taxes relating to items that will not be reclassifies to profit or loss		189,393	403,249	189,393	403,249
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		(1,248,189)	(1,491,939)	(1,248,189)	(1,491,939)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the periods - net of income taxes		(739,123)	(2,981,189)	(739,123)	(2,981,189)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods		1,389,257	(1,998,200)	1,389,803	(1,998,501)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods attributable to					
Shareholders' equity of the Company		1,389,262	(1,998,204)	1,389,803	(1,998,501)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		(5)	4		
		1,389,257	(1,998,200)		
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share	25	1.25	0.58	1.25	0.58

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

BI-4	2025		2025	2024
	6 422 100		6 422 100	(Restated)
				6,746,607
_				(5,002,697)
	<del></del>			9,135
				1,753,045
20	5,110,043	5,395,063	5,110,043	5,395,063
20	423,949	127,548	423,949	127,548
20, 22	668,954	(129,773)	668,954	(129,773)
20, 24	(132,934)	(30,582)	(132,934)	(30,582)
20	6,070,012	5,362,256	6,070,012	5,362,256
20	(4,352,769)	(4,468,813)	(4,352,769)	(4,468,813)
20	(9,980)	(5,876)	(9,980)	(5,876)
20	(4,362,749)	(4,474,689)	(4,362,749)	(4,474,689)
20	1,707,263	887,567	1,707,263	887,567
20	(3,096)	(11,839)	(3,096)	(11,839)
20	(217,760)	(227,594)	(210,566)	(220,459)
20	101,524	96,979	94,211	87,998
20	3,595,813	2,498,158	3,595,694	2,496,312
16, 20	278,342	393,314	278,280	392,989
20	3,317,471	2,104,844	3,317,414	2,103,323
	3,317,470	2,104,829	3,317,414	2,103,323
	1		.,,	2,242,020
	3,317,471	2,104,844		
	20, 22 20, 24 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	financial sta 2025  Notes  20, 21	Notes         (Restated)           20, 21         6,433,190         6,746,607           20, 21         (4,375,472)         (5,002,697)           20, 21         (49,836)         9,135           20, 21         2,007,882         1,753,045           20         5,110,043         5,395,063           20         423,949         127,548           20, 22         668,954         (129,773)           20, 24         (132,934)         (30,582)           20         6,070,012         5,362,256           20         (4,352,769)         (4,468,813)           20         (9,980)         (5,876)           20         (4,362,749)         (4,474,689)           20         (3,096)         (11,839)           20         (217,760)         (227,594)           20         101,524         96,979           20         3,595,813         2,498,158           16, 20         278,342         393,314           20         3,317,471         2,104,844	financial statements         financial statements           2025         2024         2025           Notes         (Restated)           20, 21         6,433,190         6,746,607         6,433,190           20, 21         (49,836)         9,135         (49,836)           20, 21         2,007,882         1,753,045         2,007,882           20         5,110,043         5,395,063         5,110,043           20         423,949         127,548         423,949           20, 22         668,954         (129,773)         668,954           20, 24         (132,934)         (30,582)         (132,934)           20         6,070,012         5,362,256         6,070,012           20         (4,352,769)         (4,468,813)         (4,352,769)           20         (9,980)         (5,876)         (9,980)           20         (4,362,749)         (4,474,689)         (4,362,749)           20         (3,096)         (11,839)         (3,096)           20         (217,760)         (227,594)         (210,566)           20         101,524         96,979         94,211           20         3,395,813         2,498,158         3,595,694

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED) FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

"UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(UNIT: TH	OUSAND BAHT)
		Consoli	idated	Sepa	rate
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Notes		(Restated)		(Restated)
Net profit for the periods		3,317,471	2,104,844	3,317,414	2,103,323
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on investment in debt instrument at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		14,647,500	(164,226)	14,647,500	(164,226)
Gain on cash flow hedges derivatives at fair value		71,544	29,696	71,544	29,696
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued		(13,586,276)	(719,198)	(13,586,276)	(719,198)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held		(133,698)	(8,525)	(133,698)	(8,525)
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		(199,814)	172,451	(199,814)	172,451
Total items that may be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		799,256	(689,802)	799,256	(689,802)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Loss on financial liabilities designated at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		(3,360,737)	(2,096,377)	(3,360,737)	(2,096,377)
Actuarial gain		2	18,118	-	18,118
Income taxes relating to items that will not be reclassifies to profit or loss		322,732	453,002	322,732	453,002
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		(3,038,005)	(1,625,257)	(3,038,005)	(1,625,257)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the periods - net of income taxes		(2,238,749)	(2,315,059)	(2,238,749)	(2,315,059)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods		1,078,722	(210,215)	1,078,665	(211,736)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods attributable to					
Shareholders' equity of the Company		1,078,721	(210,230)	1,078,665	(211,736)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		1	15		
		1,078,722	(210,215)		
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share	25	1.94	1.23	1.94	1.23

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

							Consolidate	Consolidated financial statements				
					Sł	ıareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity attributable to owner of the Company	of the Company				
							Other co	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity ,			
						<u> </u>	Revaluation surplus				Shareholders'	
				H	Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	Total shareholders'	equity attributable	
		Issued and		Appropriated	riated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	equity attributable	to non-controlling	
		dn-pied	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	to owners of	interests of	
	Note	share capital	share capital	reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	the Company	the subsidiary	Total
balance as at January 1, 2024 (as previously reported)		1,707,366	5,360,993	1/0,800	400,000	37,254,526	1,470,994	70,112		44,434,991	290	44,435,281
Impact of initial adoption of TFRS 9 and TFRS 17	2.7	9	a	194	•	(2,431,267)	2,113,021		(90,306)	(408,552)	•	(408,552)
Balance as at January 1, 2024 (Restated)		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	34,823,259	3,584,015	70,112	(906,906)	44,026,439	290	44,026,729
Dividend paid	29					(340,500)	•		•	(340,500)		(340,500)
Profit for the period				,		2,104,829				2,104,829	15	2,104,844
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period												
Loss on investment at fair value through												
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes			,	x			(1,771,132)		,	(1,771,132)		(1,771,132)
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at												
fair value - net of income taxes			1			,		23,758		23,758		23,758
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued								8.10	(625,359)	(575,359)		(575,359)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held		•	·		٠			•	(6,820)	(6,820)		(6,820)
Actuarial gain						14,494			,	14,494		14,494
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		×			·	2,119,323	(1,771,132)	23,758	(582,179)	(210,230)	15	(210,215)
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon												
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI						186,749	(186,749)					
Balance as at June 30, 2024		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	36,788,831	1,626,134	93,870	(672,485)	43,475,709	305	43,476,014

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE FUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025
"UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

						Shareholders' eq	Shareholders' equity attributable to owner of the Company	f the Company				
							Other com	Other component of shareholders' equity	quity			
						<u>U</u>	Revaluation surplus			r I	Shareholders'	
				1	Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	Total shareholders'	equity attributable	
		Issued and		Appropriated	riated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	equity attributable	to non-controlling	
		paid-up	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	bedge derivatives	finance reserve	to owners of	interests of	
	Note	share capital	Note share capital share capital	гезетуе	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	the Company	the subsidiary	Total
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		223 202 1	200 026 6	000	400 000	000 000	10//03/11		(E00 000 E)		č	
Balance as at January 1, 2025 (Restated)		1,/0/,300	5,500,595	170,800	400,000	38,528,200	11,336,62/	739,981	(/,08'0,88'/)	48,063,260	315	48,063,575
Dividend paid	53					(813,005)		•		(813,005)		(813,005)
Profit for the period				200		3,317,470	•		·	3,317,470	-	3,317,471
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period												
Gain on investment at fair value through												
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes				ř		,	8,679,995	×		8,679,995		8,679,995
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at												
fair value - net of income taxes				1	•	,		57,236		57,236		57,236
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued		,	•		1	3	,	9	(10,869,021)	(10,869,021)		(10,869,021)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held			•		•	,		21	(656'901)	(106,959)		(106,959)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period				·		3,317,470	8,679,995	57,236	(10,975,980)	1,078,721	-	1,078,722
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon												
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI	3					(1,747,078)	1,747,078		10			
Balance as at June 30, 2025		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	39,285,587	21,963,700	297,217	(18,856,887)	48,328,976	316	48,329,292

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

						Separ	Separate financial statements			
							Other con	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity	
							Revaluation surplus			
					Retained earnings	ings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	
		Issued and		Appr	Appropriated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	
		dn-pied	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	
	Note	share capital	share capital	reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2024 (as previously reported)		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	37,250,765	1,470,994	70,112		44.431.230
Impact of initial adoption of TFRS 9 and TFRS 17	2.7		,			(2,431,267)	2,113,021		(90,306)	(408,552)
Balance as at January I, 2024 (Restated)		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	34,819,498	3,584,015	70,112	(90,306)	44,022,678
Dividend paid	29					(340,500)				(340,500)
Profit for the period						2,103,323				2,103,323
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period										
Loss on investment at fair value through										
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes						r	(1,771,132)			(1,771,132)
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at										
fair value - net of income taxes		,	6				í	23,758	•	23,758
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued						·	ï		(575,359)	(575,359)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held				e		·			(6,820)	(6,820)
Actuarial gain		2002		·		14,494				14,494
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		•				2,117,817	(1,771,132)	23,758	(582,179)	(211,736)
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon										
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI						186,749	(186,749)	•		
Balance as at June 30, 2024		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	36,783,564	1,626,134	93,870	(672,485)	43,470,442

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

(UNIT: THOUSAND BAHT)

					S	Separate financial statements		
						Other co	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity
						Revaluation surplus		
			1	Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and
	Issued and		Appropriated	riated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance
	paid-up	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve
Note	share capital	share capital	reserve	гезегие	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes
Balance as at January 1, 2025 (Restated)	1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	38,522,110	11,536,627	239,981	(7,880,907)
Dividend paid 29	6				(813,005)			
Profit for the period					3,317,414			
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period								
Gain on investment at fair value through								
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes						8,679,995		•
Gain on cash flow hedge derivatives at								
fair value - net of income taxes		(*)					57,236	•
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued				,			•	(10,869,021)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held		,			,			(106,959)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		•			3,317,414	8,679,995	57,236	(10,975,980)
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon								
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI	ä		•	,	(1,747,078)	1,747,078		•
Balance as at June 30, 2025	1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	39,279,441	21,963,700	712,762	(18,856,887)

(813,005)

48,057,170

Total

3,317,414

(10,869,021)

(106,959)

1,078,665

48,322,830

57,236

8,679,995

# BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(01111.111	OUSAND BARIT
		Consoli financial st		Separ	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Note	2025	(Restated)	2020	(Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities	11010		(11001111011)		(=======
Gross written premium from direct insurance		16,180,976	15,968,270	16,180,976	15,968,270
Premium paid net from ceding commission and other directly		10,100,570	10,500,270	20,200,270	10,500,270
attributable expenses		(261,763)	(407,685)	(261,763)	(407,685)
Amounts received from reinsurers		183,668	410,697	183,668	410,697
Interest income		4,329,952	4,654,003	4,329,952	4,654,003
Dividend income		800,316	847,268	800,316	847,268
Other investment income		9,591	5,785	9,591	5,785
Other income		100,159	94,018	90,602	87,871
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses		(23,306,600)	(34,606,237)	(23,306,600)	(34,606,237)
Insurance acquisition cash flows		(1,635,892)	(1,531,801)	(1,635,892)	(1,531,801)
Operating expenses		(362,250)	(1,204,836)	(355,708)	(1,201,482)
Corporate income taxes		(132,860)	(89,424)	(132,798)	(89,099)
Cash received - financial assets		48,752,110	40,009,390	48,752,110	40,009,390
Cash paid - financial assets		(46,139,511)	(36,186,566)	(46,139,511)	(36,186,566)
Net cash - financial liabilities		6,977	27,575	6,977	27,575
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,475,127)	(12,009,543)	(1,478,080)	(12,012,011)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Net cash flows for purchases and disposals of					
property, plant and equipment		(41,335)	(9,164)	(41,361)	(9,164
Net cash used in investing activities		(41,335)	(9,164)	(41,361)	(9,164
Cash flows from financing activity					
Dividend paid		(813,005)	(340,500)	(813,005)	(340,500
Net cash used in financing activity		(813,005)	(340,500)	(813,005)	(340,500)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,329,467)	(12,359,207)	(2,332,446)	(12,361,675
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of periods		10,522,578	16,083,827	10,501,471	16,065,650
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of periods	8	8,193,111	3,724,620	8,169,025	3,703,975

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 "UNAUDITED"

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited (the "Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. Its major shareholder is Nippon Life Insurance Company, which was incorporated in Japan. The Company is principally engaged provision of life insurance services. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 1415, Krungthep - Nonthaburi Road, Wongsawang, Bangsue District, Bangkok 10800.

# 2. BASIS FOR PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 2.1 These interim consolidated and separate financial statements are prepared in Thai Baht and in compliance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and accounting practices generally accepted in Thailand. The Company presents the condensed notes to interim financial statements and in accordance with Thai accounting practices related to insurance and the accounting and reporting guidelines prescribed by the Office of Insurance Commission ("OIC"), and in accordance with the format of financial statements specified in the Notification of the OIC regarding Criteria, Procedures, Terms and Conditions for preparation and submission of financial statements of life insurance companies dated February 8, 2023, which has been effective since January 1, 2023 onwards.
- 2.2 The consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024, presented herein for comparison, have been derived from the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and the Company for the year then ended which had been previously audited. However, the Group and the Company has initially applied TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts, which effective from January 1, 2025. In accordance with the requirements of the standard, the transition date has been determined as January 1, 2024. As a result, the Group and the Company has restated the relevant financial information from that date. The significant changes to the accounting for insurance contracts are disclosed in Note 2.7.
- 2.3 The unaudited results of operations presented in the three-month and six-month ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily an indication nor anticipation of the operating results for the full year.
- 2.4 Certain financial information which is normally included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS, but which is not required for interim reporting purposes, has been omitted. Therefore, the interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2025 should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

These consolidated and separate interim financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Group and the Company. The consolidated and separate interim financial statements in English language have been translated from the consolidated and separate interim financial statements in Thai language.

The preparation of consolidated and separate interim financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2.5 Material intercompany transactions between the Company and its subsidiary have been eliminated from the consolidated interim financial statements. The consolidated interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2025 have included the subsidiary's interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2025 which were reviewed.

The consolidated interim financial statements include the interim financial statements of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited and the following subsidiary:

Company's name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation		entage of eholding
			June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
			%	%
BLA Insurance Broker Company Limited	Insurance broker	Thailand	99	99

The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or a subsidiary if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.

The subsidiary's interim financial statements are fully consolidated in the consolidated interim financial statements, being the date on the Company obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.

The interim financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiary that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### 2.6 Separate interim financial statements

The separate interim financial statements, which present investments in subsidiary under the cost method, have been prepared solely for the benefit of the public.

2.7 Thai Financial Reporting Standards affecting the presentation and disclosure in the current period financial statements.

During the period, the Group and the Company has adopted the revised financial reporting standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2025. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards. Implementing these revised standards has not had a significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company. However, the new financial reporting standards, effective for the current accounting period, include significant changes in key principles as follows:

#### Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 "Insurance Contracts"

This financial reporting standard establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of insurance contracts. In the current year, the Group and the Company adopted Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 (TFRS 17) for the first time. The Group and the Company elected to apply the retrospective approach and recorded the net difference arising from the transition directly in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

However, the adoption of TFRS 17 did not change the definition of the Company's insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held.

Changes in recognition and measurement

The key principles of TFRS 17 are as follows:

- Identifies insurance and reinsurance contracts as those under which the Company accepts significant insurance risk from another party which is the policyholder, by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event or the insured event adversely affects the policyholder
- Separates specified embedded derivatives, distinct investment components and distinct non-insurance goods or services from insurance contracts and accounts for them in accordance with other standards, if any
- The segregation of issued insurance contracts and held reinsurance contracts into groups for recognition and measurement purposes
- Recognises and measures groups of insurance and reinsurance contracts at a riskadjusted present value of the future cash flows (the fulfilment cash flows) that incorporates all available information about the fulfilment cash flows in a way that is consistent with observable market information
- Recognises profit from a group of insurance contracts over the period the Company provides insurance coverage, as the Company is released from risk. If a group of contracts is expected to be onerous over the remaining coverage period, the Company recognises the loss immediately.

#### Changes in presentation and disclosure

The key presentation under TFRS 17 are as follows:

- Presenting portfolio of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, and portfolio of reinsurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities separately in the statement of financial position
- Separating in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income the insurance service result, which includes insurance revenue, insurance service expenses, and net expenses from reinsurance contracts held, from insurance finance income or expenses
- The carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts issued includes, if applicable, the assets representing cash flows from the acquisition of insurance contracts that are recognised prior to the recognition of the related group of insurance contracts
- Presenting separately the changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk between the financial and non-financial components, or presenting all changes as part of the insurance service result.

The accounting policies related to the adoption of these financial instruments standards are disclosed in Note 3.

#### Transition

In the current year, the Company has initially applied Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts". The Company has elected to restate comparative information as follows:

- Identifies, recognises and measures each group of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held as if TFRS 17 had always applied (full retrospective approach basis).
- Derecognises any existing balances that would not exist had TFRS 17 always applied.
- Recognises any resulting net difference in equity.

#### Financial Reporting Standards related to financial instruments

- TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The above standards set out principles for the classification and measurement of financial instruments at either fair value or amortised cost, based on the type of financial instrument, the contractual cash flow characteristics, and the entity's business model. They also provide guidance on the impairment of financial instruments using the expected credit loss model, principles for hedge accounting, as well as requirements for the presentation and disclosure of financial instruments.

In the current period, the Group and the Company adopted these financial instruments standards for the first time. The Group and the Company elected to apply the full retrospective approach and recorded the net difference arising from the transition directly in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

The accounting policies related to the adoption of these financial instruments standards are disclosed in Note 3.

The cumulative impact of adopting the financial instruments standards on the statements of financial position is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements							
	Previous	Balance	Reclassification	Remeasurement		Others	Carrying	Category
	category	as at		ECL	Fair		amounts at	as at
		31 December 2023			Value		1 January	1 January
		as previously reported					2024	2024
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalent	Amortised cost	16,083,827	•	-		3	16,083,827	Amortised cost
Accrued investment income	Amortised cost	1,470,634	2		•		1,470,634	Amortised cost
Investment in securities	Investment at	185,422,005	(185,422,005)	-			-	
	amortised cost							
*	Investment at fair	103,611,665	(103,611,665)	(*)	-	*	-	
	value through other							
	comprehensive							
	income							
	Investment at fair	5,408	(5,408)		-	-	-	•
	value through profit							
	or loss				12			
Financial assets - debt	Investment at fair		250,229,577	159,984	3,649,602		254,039,163	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair	-	11,061,587	•	•	-	11,061,587	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Financial assets - equity	Investment at fair	·	27,886,678	-	•	-	27,886,678	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair		13,489	-	•	•	13,489	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Loans and accrued interest receivable, net	Amortised cost	11,607,322	•	-	-	(9,810,187)*	1,797,135	Amortised cost
Deferred tax assets	•	1,558,582	•	-	(762,338)	863,950*	1,660,194	-
Shareholder's Equity								
Other components of	CENT OF	1,541,106	(936,329)		3,049,350	(90,306)*	3,563,821	
shareholder's equity								
Unappropriated retained	- 20	37,254,526	936,329		(2,103)	(3,365,493)*	34,823,259	
earnings (loss)	•							

<sup>\*</sup>Included the impact on the first-time adoption of TFRS 17

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
	Previous Balance		Reclassification Remeasurer		urement	rement Others		Category
	category	as at		ECL	Fair		amounts at	as at
		31 December 2023			Value		1 January	1 January
		as previously reported					2024	2024
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalent	Amortised cost	16,065,650	: <b>-</b> 0	-		-	16,065,650	Amortised cost
Accrued investment income	Amortised cost	1,470,634		-	•	Н	1,470,634	Amortised cost
Investment in securities	Investment at	185,422,005	(185,422,005)	-	-	×		-
	amortised cost							
	Investment at fair	103,611,665	(103,611,665)	-	-	-		12
	value through other							
	comprehensive							
	income							
*	Investment at fair	5,408	(5,408)	-	-	-	-	-
	value through profit							
	or loss						84	
Financial assets - debt	Investment at fair		250,229,577	159,984	3,649,602	*	254,039,163	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair		11,061,587	-	-	-	11,061,587	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Financial assets - equity	Investment at fair	-	27,886,678	-	-	-	27,886,678	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair	-	13,489		-	-	13,489	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Loans and accrued interest	Amortised cost	11,607,322	-	-	•	(9,810,187)*	1,797,135	Amortised cost
receivable, net								
Deferred tax assets		1,558,582	-	-	(762,338)	863,950*	1,660,194	
Shareholder's Equity								
Other components of		1,541,106	(936,329)	*:	3,049,350	(90,306)*	3,563,821	
shareholder's equity							•	
Unappropriated retained	-	37,250,765	936,329	-	(2,103)	(3,365,493)*	34,819,498	
earnings (loss)								

<sup>\*</sup>Included the impact on the first-time adoption of TFRS 17

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim financial statements have been prepared based on basis, material accounting policy information and method of computation consistent with those used in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 except for significant changes in accounting policies arising from the adoption of Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 "Insurance Contracts" and a set of Financial Reporting Standards related to financial instruments as follows;

#### 3.1. Insurance contracts

#### 3.1.1. Measurement approaches

The Company uses different measurement approaches, depending on the type of contracts, as follows:

Insurance contracts	Product classification	Measurement model
Contracts issued		
Endowment products	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Whole life contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Pension contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Mortgage Reducing Term Assurance contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Term life insurance contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model and Premium Allocation Approach
Endowment Participation contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Unit link contracts	Insurance contracts with direct participation features	Variable Fee Approach
Personal Accident contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Group contracts	Insurance contracts	Premium Allocation Approach
Reinsurance contracts held		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Endowment products		
Reinsurance contract held - Whole	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
life contracts		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Pension contracts		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Mortgage Reducing Term		
Assurance contracts		
Reinsurance contract held - Term	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model and
life insurance contracts		Premium Allocation Approach
Reinsurance contract held - Group contracts	Reinsurance contract held	Premium Allocation Approach

#### 3.1.2. Classification

#### (1) Insurance contract consideration

Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer.

Contracts under which the company accepts significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Reinsurance contracts are also insurance contracts that need to meet the definition of an insurance contract. However, even if a reinsurance contract does not expose the reinsurer to the possibility of a significant loss, it is still deemed to transfer significant insurance risk if it transfers substantially all of the insurance risk relating to the reinsured portions of the underlying insurance contracts to the reinsurer.

To assess whether a contract qualifies as an insurance contract, the company will evaluate each contract individually at the inception date. This assessment considers all significant rights and obligations arising from the contract's terms, as well as relevant laws or regulations.

The company classified insurance contract as direct participating if the contracts for which, at inception:

- The contractual terms specify that the policyholder participates in a share of a clearly identified pool of underlying items;
- The company expects to pay to the policyholder an amount equal to a substantial share of the fair value returns on the underlying items; and
- The company expects a substantial proportion of any change in the amounts to be paid to the policyholder to vary with the change in fair value of the underlying items.

Direct participating contracts create an obligation to pay the policyholder an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying items, less a variable fee for future service. The variable fee comprises the entity's share in the fair value of the underlying items less fulfilment cash flows - e.g. amounts payable to the policyholder - that do not vary based on the underlying items.

A reinsurance contract is considered an insurance contract if it meets the insurance contract definition. However, even if the reinsurance contract does not expose the issuer to significant loss risk, it is still considered as a risk transfer arrangement. This is the case if nearly all insurance risk related to the ceded portion of the underlying insurance contract is transferred to the reinsurer.

#### (2) Combination of insurance contracts

A set of series of insurance contracts may have the same or related counterparties and achieve or be designed to achieve, an overall commercial effect. In this situation, it might be necessary to treat the set of series as a whole in order to report the substance of the contracts.

Groups of reinsurance contracts are established such that each group comprises a single contract. Some reinsurance contracts provide cover for underlying contracts that are included in different groups.

The company consider aggregating base plan and rider with the same counterparties as a set of contracts.

If the company enters into two or more contracts with the same counterparty, or if these contracts are related and intended to have an overall commercial effect, the company may group them as a single insurance contract to appropriately reflect the substance of the agreements. For this assessment, the company will consider whether the rights and obligations of each contract differ when viewed individually versus as a combined set. Additionally, the company must determine if it is not possible to measure the value of one component without considering other components.

#### (3) Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

In addition to the provision of the insurance coverage service, some insurance contracts issued by the Company have other components such as an investment component, an embedded derivative or the provision of some other distinct goods or non-insurance services.

The Company assesses its products to determine whether some of these components are distinct and need to be separated and accounted for applying other IFRS Accounting Standards. When these non-insurance components are non-distinct, they are accounted for together with the insurance component applying IFRS 17.

The Company first considers the need to separate distinct embedded derivatives and investment components, before assessing the need to separate any goods and non-insurance services component.

#### (3.1) Separating embedded derivatives

In circumstances where the Company issues insurance contracts that include embedded derivatives, the Company assesses whether the embedded derivative is closely related to the host insurance contract. If the embedded derivative is not closely related to the host insurance contract, it is bifurcated from the host contract and accounted for separately in accordance with IFRS 9, measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Conversely, if the embedded derivative is closely related to the host insurance contract, it is not bifurcated, and the entire contract, including the embedded derivative, is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 17.

The Company has not issued insurance contracts that include embedded derivatives.

#### (3.2) Separating investment components

In certain circumstances, the Company issues insurance contracts that include an investment component, where the Company is required to repay to a policyholder in all circumstances, regardless of an insured event occurring. In assessing whether an investment component is distinct and therefore required to be accounted for separately applying IFRS 9. the Company considers whether the investment and insurance components are highly interrelated.

The Company determines that the investment and insurance components are highly interrelated if:

- The Company is unable to measure one component without considering the other; or
- The policyholder is unable to benefit from one component unless the other is present, for example, if cancelling one component also results in the termination of the other.

Where no distinct investment component is identified, the Company applies IFRS 17 to account for the non-distinct investment component as part of the insurance contract.

The Company has not identified any investment components that should be separated from single insurance contract.

# (3.3) Separating promises to transfer distinct goods or non-insurance services

After the Company has determined whether to separate embedded derivatives and investment components, it considers the separation of any promise to transfer goods or non-insurance services embedded in the contract.

The Company separates from the host insurance contract only distinct promises to transfer goods or non-insurance services to a policyholder. Once separated, such promises are accounted for applying IFRS 15.

In determining whether an obligation to deliver a good or non-insurance service promised to a policyholder is distinct, the Company considers whether the policyholder can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources readily available to the policyholder (i.e. resources that are either sold separately or already owned by the policyholder).

A good or non-insurance service that is promised to the policyholder is not distinct if the cash flows and risks associated with the good or service are highly interrelated with the cash flows and risks associated with the insurance components. The Company provides a significant service integrating the good or non-insurance service with the insurance components.

The Company has not identified any distinct goods or non-insurance services.

#### (3.4) Separating insurance components of a single insurance contract

Once any embedded derivatives, investment components and the goods and services components are separated, the Company assesses whether the contract should be separated into several insurance components that, in substance, should be treated as separate contracts to reflect the substance of the transaction.

To determine whether insurance components should be recognised and measured separately, the Company considers whether:

- There is an interdependency between the different risks covered
- The components can lapse independently of each other
- The components can be priced and sold separately.

When the Company enters into one legal contract with different insurance components operating independently of each other, insurance components are recognised and measured separately applying IFRS 17

The Company has not identified any insurance components that should be separated from single insurance contract.

#### 3.1.3. Level of aggregation

The company identify portfolios of insurance contracts that comprises contracts subject to similar risks and managed together. Each portfolio is grouped within cohort year from Year of new business and Profitability Level.

The company consider similar risk over specific product names. It has defined that all contracts within each product group established for management purposes share similar risks. Therefore, when these contracts are managed together, they constitute a portfolio. Certain products issued by different entities within the company are considered managed at the entity level, as the capital management supporting these contracts is segregated within these entities.

For reinsurance contracts, the principle of aggregation is similar to insurance contracts, which divide contracts into groups according to similarity of risks, issue date (annual cohort), and profitability. The only difference is that the reference to onerous contracts shall be replaced with a reference to contracts on which there is a net gain on initial recognition.

The company defines portfolios by grouping insurance contracts with similar risk characteristics and managed together. These are then divided into annual contract groups based on the year of issuance. Within each annual group, they may be further subdivided based on at least the following profitability levels:

- Contracts that are onerous at initial recognition.
- Contracts that, at initial recognition, have no significant possibility of becoming onerous later.
- Remaining contracts in the portfolio.

The company assumes that insurance contracts are not onerous at initial recognition unless facts or circumstances indicate otherwise. For contracts not considered onerous, the company will assess at initial recognition whether there is no significant possibility of them becoming onerous later by evaluating the likelihood of changes in related facts and circumstances.

Each group of insurance contracts will be further divided by the year of coverage, aligning with the company's financial and calendar years. Contracts within these groups are established at initial recognition and will not be regrouped thereafter.

#### 3.1.4. Recognition and derecognition of insurance contracts

#### (1) Recognition

An insurance contract issued by the company is recognised from the earliest of:

- The beginning of its coverage period (i.e. the period during which the company provides services in respect of any premiums within the boundary of the contract);
- When the first payment from the policyholder becomes due or, if there is no contractual due date, when it is received from the policyholder; and
- when facts and circumstances indicate that the contract is onerous.

A group of contracts initially recognised in a reporting period only includes contracts that individually meet one of these three recognition criteria by the reporting date. New contracts are added to the group in subsequent reporting periods in which any new contracts are recognised.

A group of reinsurance contracts is recognised from the earlier of the beginning of the coverage period of the group of reinsurance contracts held and the date which the insurer recognised an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts if the insurer enters the related reinsurance contract held at or before that date.

The company shall delay the recognition of that group of reinsurance contracts held that provide proportionate coverage until the date that any underlying insurance contract is initially recognised.

#### (2) Contract modification and Derecognition

A contract modification is defined as a change in the terms of the contract that does not arise from an option available to the insurer and policyholder stated in the original contract terms. The change can be from an agreement between parties or a change in regulation. If the modified contract does not meet any of the derecognition conditions, the estimates of fulfilment cash flows shall be adjusted to reflect the change in future service.

An insurance contract can be derecognised in the case of:

- A specified modification to the contract;
- The contract is transferred to a third party (as a whole, including obligations for incurred claims arising from past coverage); and

- The contract ends (obligations under the contract are extinguished) e.g. death of the insured, surrender, maturity, expiration, or cancellation.

If the modification of a contract meets any of the conditions above, it is considered a specified modification and derecognition (and subsequent recognition of the modified contract in a new group) is required.

The modification and derecognition of reinsurance contracts is similar to that of the underlying insurance contracts.

Reinstatement of reinsurance contracts is not considered to be a modification or derecognition provided the terms of the contract have not been changed.

In the case that the reinsurance contract is transferred from one insurer to another due to a merger or acquisition, the contract is derecognised.

Modifications to underlying contracts affect the expected cash flows of the reinsurance contracts and are reflected in the remeasurement of the reinsurance contract. However, it would not reflect in the contractual service margin of the reinsurance contract if the contractual service margin of the underlying contract group and the related service is not adjusted.

The derecognition of the underlying contracts from their respective reinsurance contract happens when the underlying insurance contracts are expired or cancelled.

#### 3.1.5. Measurement

- (1) Fulfilment cash flows
  - (1.1) Future cash flows within the contract boundary

For group of contract measurement, the company include all the future cash flows within the contract boundary of a group of contracts using the probability-weighted to estimate the expected value reflecting conditions existing at the measurement date, including assumptions at that date about the future. Related cashflow as follow;

- Cash inflow such as premiums
- Cash outflow such as claims, benefit payments, commissions and other related expenses.

The company adjust the estimates of future cash flows to reflect the time value of money and the financial risks related to those cash flows, to the extent that the financial risks are not included in the estimates of cashflows. The discount rates applied to the estimates of the future cash flows reflect the time value of money, the characteristics of the cash flows and the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts and consistent with observable current market prices (if any) for financial instruments with cash flows whose characteristics are consistent with those of the insurance contracts.

The company use consistent assumptions to measure the estimates of the present value of the future cashflows for the group of reinsurance contracts held and the estimates of the present value of the future cash flows for the group of underlying insurance contracts including in the estimates of the present value of the future cash flows for the group of reinsurance contracts held the effect of any risk of non-performance by the issuer of the reinsurance contract. The effect of non-performance risk recognises in profit and loss.

#### (1.2) Contract boundary

The company include cash flows within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the entity can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums or in which the company has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with insurance contract services.

Contract boundary ends when the company can reassess the risk and set a price if the pricing of the premiums up to the date when the risks are reassessed does not take into account the risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date or the end date of the contract.

#### (1.3) Acquisition cost

The company include cash flows arising from the costs of selling, underwriting and starting a group of insurance contracts (issued or expected to be issued) that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts to which the group belongs. The company allocate insurance acquisition cash flows to groups of insurance contracts using a systematic and rational method except short term contract which the company recognise acquisition cashflow in profit and loss when incurred.

Insurance acquisition cash flows incurred before the related group of insurance contracts is recognised will recognise as asset. The asset will derecognise and allocate to related group of insurance contracts when insurance contracts is recognised.

#### (1.4) Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The company adjust the estimate of the present value of the future cashflows to reflect the compensation that the entity requires for bearing the uncertainty about the amount and timing of the cash flows that arises from non-financial risk For Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, estimate non-financial risk apply only for liability for incurred claim.

#### (2) Initial recognition

(2.1) Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The company use the premium allocation approach for short-term contracts (contract boundary not more than 12 months) and test that the contract has no significantly difference of Liabilities of remaining coverage between premium allocation approach and General Measurement Model if it has coverage term longer than 1 year.

On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is measured at the premiums received on initial recognition minus any insurance acquisition cash flows allocated to the group at that date, and adjusted for any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows). The Company recognised insurance acquisition cash flows as cost in profit and loss as incurred

(2.2) Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

On initial recognition, the company measures a group of insurance contracts as the total of the fulfilment cash flows, which comprise estimates of future cash flows, adjusted to reflect the time value of money and the associated financial risks, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk and the contractual service margin.

The contractual service margin of a group of insurance contracts represents the unearned profit that the company will recognise as it provides services under those contracts. On initial recognition of a group of insurance contracts, if the total of (a) the fulfilment cash flows, (b) any cash flows arising at that date and (c) any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows is a net inflow, then the group is not onerous. In this case, the contractual service margin is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the net inflow, which results in no income or expenses arising on initial recognition.

For reinsurance contract, the carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;
- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the contractual service margin during the year, measured at the discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any underlying items determined on initial recognition
- Income recognised in profit or loss in the year on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts;

- Reversals of a loss-recovery component to the extent that they are not changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts;
- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, measured at the discount rates determined on initial recognition, unless they result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of onerous underlying contracts, in which case they are recognised in profit or loss and create or adjust a loss-recovery component;
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; if any; and
- The amount recognised in profit or loss because of the services received in the year.

If the total is a net outflow, then the group is onerous. In this case, the net outflow is recognized as a loss in profit or loss. A loss component is created to depict the amount of the net cash outflow, which determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of losses on onerous contracts and are excluded from insurance revenue.

The contractual service margin of a group of reinsurance contracts represents a net cost or net gain on purchasing reinsurance. It is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the total of the fulfilment cash flows, any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group, any cash flows arising at that date and any income recognised in profit or loss because of onerous underlying contracts recognised at that date.

However, if any net cost on purchasing reinsurance coverage relates to insured events that occurred before the purchase of the group, then the company recognises the cost immediately in profit or loss as an expense.

#### (3) Subsequent measurement

(3.1) Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is increased by any premiums received and the amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows recognised as expenses, and decreased by the amount recognised as insurance revenue for services provided and any additional insurance acquisition cash flows allocated after initial recognition. On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the Group and the Company expects that the time between providing each part of the services and the related premium due date is no more than a year. Accordingly, the Group and the Company has chosen not to adjust the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and the effect of financial risk.

If at any time during the coverage period, facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous, then the company recognises a loss in profit or loss and increases the liability for remaining coverage to the extent that the current estimates of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to remaining coverage exceed the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage.

(3.2) Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at each reporting date is the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

The liability for remaining coverage comprises of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to services that will be provided under the contracts in future periods, risk adjustments and any remaining contractual service margin at that date.

The liability for incurred claims includes the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims and expenses that have not yet been paid, including claims that have been incurred but not yet reported.

- Change in the fulfilment cash flows

The fulfilment cash flows of groups of insurance contracts are measured at the reporting date using current estimates of future cash flows, current discount rates and current estimates of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk. Changes in fulfilment cash flows are recognised as follows.

- Changes relating to future services adjusted against the contractual service margin (or recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss if the group is onerous);
- Changes relating to current or past services recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss;
- Effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein on estimated future cash flows recognised as insurance finance income or expenses.

The contractual service margin of each group of contracts is calculated at each reporting date as follows:

(3.3) Insurance contracts without direct participation features (measured under General Measurement Model (GMM))

The carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;

- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the contractual service margin during the year, measured at the discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any underlying items determined on initial recognition (locked-in discount rates). Average Locked-in discount rates for annual cohort.

- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services
- Any increases in the fulfilment cash flows exceed the carrying amount of the contractual service margin, in which case the excess is recognised as a loss in profit or loss and creates a loss component; or
- Any decreases in the fulfilment cash flows are allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; and
- The amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year base on coverage unit. The coverage unit is weighting between the insurance and investment services
- (3.4) Insurance contracts with direct participation features (measured under Variable Fee Approach (VFA))

The carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;
- The change in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items and changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, except to the extent that:
  - (a) The company has applied the risk mitigation option to exclude from the contractual service margin changes in the effect of financial risk on the amount of its share of the underlying items or fulfilment cash flows;
  - (b) a decrease in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or an increase in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, exceeds the carrying amount of the contractual service margin, giving rise to a loss in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses) and creating a loss component; or
  - (c) an increase in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or a decrease in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, is allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses);
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; if any and
- The amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year.

#### 3.1.6. Revenue and expense recognition

(1) Revenue and expense disclosures

The company presents the carrying amounts of insurance contract portfolios that are in an asset and liability position separately as financial items. Reinsurance contracts held that are in an asset and liability position are presented separately in the same manner. In the income statement and other comprehensive income statement, the company presents separately the results of insurance service activities, which include insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, and insurance finance income or expenses. If the company recognizes a cash asset from acquiring an insurance contract before recognizing the related group of insurance contracts, it includes this asset in the carrying amount of the issued insurance contract portfolio.

Additionally, the company chooses not to present changes in risk adjustments for non-financial risks separately as related to financial and non-financial items but considers including all changes as part of the insurance service results.

#### (1.1) Insurance service result

(1.1.1) Insurance revenue for Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach

The insurance revenue related to the provision of services is the sum of the changes in the liability for remaining coverage in the period that relates to services for which the company expects to receive consideration comprise of:

- The amount of the contractual service margin recognised in profit or loss in the period
- The change in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to past and current services
- Claims and other insurance service expenses incurred in the year, generally measured at the amounts expected at the beginning of the year. This includes amounts arising from the derecognition of any assets for cash flows other than insurance acquisition cash flows at the date of initial recognition of a group of contracts, which are recognised as insurance revenue and insurance service expenses at that date
- Other amounts, if there are any, such as experience adjustments for premium receipts for current or past service.

In addition, the company recognise insurance revenue that relate to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows to each period in a systematic way based on the passage of time as insurance revenue and an equal amount as insurance service expenses.

- (1.1.2) Insurance revenue for contracts measured under the premium allocation approach
  - Insurance revenue recognised in a period is the amount of expected premium receipts allocated to the period excluding any investment component

#### (1.1.3) Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses arising from groups of insurance contracts issued are recognised in profit or loss as they are incurred. They exclude repayments of investment components and comprise the following items:

- Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses
- Amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows: For contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach, this is equal to the amount of insurance revenue recognised in the year that relates to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows. For contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, the company recognise acquisition cost to profit and loss when incurred.
- Change that related to past services which are change in the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims not from time value of money and financial risk
- Losses on onerous contracts and reversals of such losses.

#### (1.1.4) Other operating expenses

- Other expense not in insurance service expense. The company recognise as other operating expense in statement of profit and loss

#### (1.2) Reinsurance service result

The company present net income or expenses from reinsurance contracts. Net incomes or expenses from reinsurance contracts comprise an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid less amounts recovered from reinsurers. The company recognises an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid in profit or loss as it receives services under groups of reinsurance contracts. For contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach, the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid relating to services received for each period represents the total of the changes in the asset for remaining coverage that relate to services for which the company expects to pay consideration.

For reinsurance contract measured under the premium allocation approach. Net incomes or expenses from reinsurance contracts recognised in a period is the amount of expected premium paid allocated to the period.

For a group of reinsurance contracts covering onerous underlying contracts, the company establishes a loss-recovery component of the asset for remaining coverage to depict the recovery of losses recognised:

- On recognition of onerous underlying contracts, if the reinsurance contract covering those contracts is entered into before or at the same time as those contracts are recognised; and
- For changes in fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts relating to future services that result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of the onerous underlying contracts.

The loss-recovery component determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of recoveries of losses from the reinsurance contracts and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid. It is adjusted to reflect changes in the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts, but it cannot exceed the portion of the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts that the company expects to recover from the reinsurance contracts.

(1.2.1) Net insurance finance income or expense from reinsurance contract held

The company chooses to present separately in the income statement for each reporting period the income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held and insurance finance income or expenses from reinsurance contracts. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held are divided into two main components:

- Amounts recoverable from the reinsurer, including cash flows contingent on expected claims the company anticipates recovering.
- Allocation of premiums paid to the reinsurer. For commissions not contingent on claims from the underlying insurance contract, the company presents them as deductions from premiums payable to the reinsurer. The net amount is allocated to the income statement over the coverage period of the contract.

#### (1.3) Insurance finance income or expense

Insurance finance income or expense comprises the change in the carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts arising from the effect of the time value of money and financial risk and changes in the time value of money and financial risk except change in time value of money and financial risk for direct participating contracts which adjust contractual service margin.

For contract measured under General Measurement model, the company disaggregate insurance finance income or expenses between profit or loss and other comprehensive income. For direct participating contracts, the company recognise insurance finance income or expenses in profit and loss.

#### 3.1.7. Contracts existing at transition date

IFRS 17 is applied retrospectively unless this is impracticable. To the extent that this is impracticable, the company applies the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach. The company applies the full retrospective method for insurance contracts effective from 2020, the fair value method for insurance contracts effective before 2020, and the fair value method for reinsurance contracts before 2024. The fair value method is as follows:

#### (1) Level of aggregation

The Company included contracts into groups of contracts issued more than one year apart as there was no reasonable and supportable information available to make the division.

#### (2) Measurement at the transition date

In applying the fair value approach at the transition date, the CSM or loss component of the LRC was estimated as the difference between the fair value and the fulfilment cash flows of the group of contracts as of that date.

#### 3.2 Financial instruments

#### (1) Financial assets

#### (1.1) Classification and measurement

The company classify and measure investments as debt instruments and equity instruments as follow;

#### (1.1.1) Debt instruments

Debt instruments are financial liability that has contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the entity.

The company classify debt instrument as subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset base on fact and circumstances on the first-time adoption or acquiring date. If the contractual terms of the financial asset do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the financial asset will be measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The company classify and measure debt instruments as follow;

- (1) financial asset measured at fair value through profit and loss. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in profit and loss.
- (2) financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The financial assets meet both conditions. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in other comprehensive income and transfer to profit and loss once sold except gain loss on exchange rate which immediately recognise to profit and loss.
- (3) financial asset measured at amortised cost. The financial assets meet both conditions the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets recognise at cost less cost of transaction. The premium/discount on debt instrument is amortised/accreted by the effective interest rate method with the amortised/accreted amount presented as an adjustment to the interest income.

## (1.1.2) Equity instrument

The company consider puttable financial instrument and instrument that impose on the entity an obligation to deliver to another party a pro rata share of the net assets of the entity only on liquidation as equity instrument. If the financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the entity's net assets in the event of the entity's liquidation and has no priority and other obligation.

The company classify and measure equity instruments as follow;

(1) Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss for trading equity instrument. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in profit and loss.

(2) Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income that are not for trading. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in other comprehensive income and transfer to retain earning once sold

The Group and the Company record purchases and sales of investments on transaction dates for equity instruments and unit trusts that classified as debt instruments, and on settlement date for debt instruments except for unit trust.

## (1.2) Modification and derecognition of financial assets

When the contractual terms of a financial asset are modified and the Company concludes that the cash flows of the asset differ significantly from those of the original financial asset, the original asset is derecognised and a new financial asset is recognised at its fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the original financial asset that was derecognised and the fair value of the new financial asset is recognised in profit or loss as part of expected credit losses. If the cash flow differences are not substantial, the Company adjusts the gross carrying amount of the original financial asset to reflect the modified contractual cash flows, and the resulting difference is recognised in profit or loss as a modification gain or loss, which is also considered part of expected credit losses.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the rights to receive the contractual cash flows are transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred.

Interest income calculate by the effective interest rate method to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset for financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortised cost.

### (1.3) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, mortgage loan. The amount of expect credit losses is updated at each reporting period date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

#### (2) Other financial liabilities

The company classify deposit from maturity insurance contract as other finance liabilities and measure at amortised cost.

The company remove a financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms shall be accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference of accounting value recognises in profit and loss.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures; and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgments and estimates from adoption Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts" are as follows:

#### 4.1 Fair Value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the Group and the Company determine by using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

#### 4.2 Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test (see sections of Note 3.2). The Group and the Company determine the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgment reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group and the Company monitor financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of The Group's and the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets. No such changes were required during the periods presented.

#### 4.3 Determination of investment components

The company identifies the investment component of a contract by determining the amount that it would be required to repay to the policyholder in all scenarios with commercial substance. These include circumstances in which an insured event occurs, or the contract matures or is terminated without an insured event occurring. Investment components are excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, as disclosed in Note 3.1.2.

Most of the company's products have explicit surrender values. The investment component excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses is determined as the surrender value specified in the contractual. While, for unit-linked product, account value is the determination of investment component.

In some cases, the Group and the Company issues insurance contracts that include components beyond providing coverage. The Company uses judgment to determine whether these components should be separated and accounted for under other standards or remain within the financial reporting framework. This judgment considers legal, economic, and contractual substance, as disclosed in Note 3.1.2(3).

## 4.4 Contract Boundary

Determining which cash flows fall within the contract boundary is a key judgment. The Group and the Company considers rights and obligations arising from contract terms, laws, regulations, and business practices. If the Group and the Company can reprice a contract to reflect significant changes in risk, future cash flows may fall outside the original contract boundary, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

#### 4.5 Combination of insurance contracts

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in grouping insurance contracts, particularly in determining which contracts have no significant possibility of becoming onerous in the future. This judgment is crucial in structuring groups of contracts under IFRS 17, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

#### 4.6 Determination of fulfilment cash flows

In estimating future cash flows, the Group and the Company incorporate, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date. This information includes both internal and external historical data about claims and other experience, updated to reflect current expectations of future events.

The estimates of future cash flows reflect BLA's view of current conditions at the reporting date, as long as the estimates of any relevant market variables are consistent with observable market prices.

When estimating future cash flows, the company applies consumer price index (CPI) in order to derive inflation assumption.

Cash flows within the boundary of a contract relate directly to the fulfilment of the contract, including those for which the company has discretion over the amount or timing. These include payments to (or on behalf of) policyholders, insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts.

Insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts comprise both direct costs and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads. An allocation requires judgment of the management.

#### 4.7 Discount rate

The Group and the Company use bottom-up approach to determine discount rate for insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts using zero-coupon government bond as risk-free rate yield curve adjust with illiquidity Premium. Zero-coupon government bond duration is maximum 50 years. To determine discount rate, observable rates is used to Last Liquid Point (LLP) and using extrapolation technique between Last Liquid Point and Ultimate Forward Rate (UFR). Illiquidity Premium determine from reference portfolio after adjust risk.

#### 4.8 Determination of risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in concluding that diversification benefits occur at the product type level. Therefore, the risk adjustment for non-financial risk is determined at that level and appropriately allocated to each group of insurance contracts to fully reflect the uncertainty of future cash flows from obligations under the contracts, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

The Group and the Company use Confidence level technique and use 75<sup>th</sup> percentile confidence interval. Risk adjustment for non-financial risk is calculated at contract level and group to cohort level. The company recalculate risk adjustment balance at each reporting period using the latest assumption.

#### 4.9 Determination of coverage unit

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in selecting methods appropriate to the nature of the product and portfolio.

The contractual service margin of a group of contracts is recognised in profit or loss to reflect services provided in each year based on the number of coverage units provided in the year, which is determined by considering for each contract the quantity of the benefits provided and its expected coverage period.

#### 5. CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company have classified financial assets and financial liabilities as following:

		Consolid	ated financial state	ements				
		As at June 30, 2025						
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total			
Financial assets				0.100.111	0.100.111			
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-	8,193,111	8,193,111			
Accrued investment income			-	1,107,719	1,107,719			
Debt instrument	17,082,707	269,107,302	-	-	286,190,009			
Equity instrument	16,961	- 1 p - 1-2	20,059,623	-	20,076,584			
Derivative assets	1,999,205		-		1,999,205			
Loans and accrued interest receivables				747,075	747,075			
Total financial assets	19,098,873	269,107,302	20,059,623	10,047,905	318,313,703			
Financial liabilities								
Derivative liabilities	83,342		-		83,342			
Other financial liabilities	265,420		-	-	265,420			
Total financial liabilities	348,762	- T	-	-	348,762			

	1503	Separa	ite financial statem	ents	
		A	s at June 30, 2025		
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-	8,169,025	8,169,025
Accrued investment income			(ta)	1,107,719	1,107,719
Debt instrument	17,082,707	269,107,302	-	-	286,190,009
Equity instrument	16,961	7 9	20,059,623	-	20,076,584
Derivative assets	1,999,205		-	-	1,999,205
Loans and accrued interest receivables		_		747,075	747,075
Total financial assets	19,098,873	269,107,302	20,059,623	10,023,819	318,289,617
Financial liabilities					
Derivative liabilities	83,342		-	-	83,342
Other financial liabilities	265,420		_		265,420
Total financial liabilities	348,762	•	-	-	348,762

		Consolid	lated financial stat	ements	
		As	at December 31, 20 (Restated)	24	
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Financial assets				40 700 770	10.500.550
Cash and cash equivalents	-	•	1.00	10,522,578	10,522,578
Accrued investment income	-	•	-	1,150,703	1,150,703
Debt instrument	16,506,963	254,873,886	-	-	271,380,849
Equity instrument	17,474		25,842,029	~	25,859,503
Derivative assets	1,048,118			-	1,048,118
Loans and accrued interest receivables				1,113,107	1,113,107
Total financial assets	17,572,555	254,873,886	25,842,029	12,786,388	311,074,858
Financial liabilities					
Derivative liabilities	48,153	-	-	-	48,153
Other financial liabilities	255,346		-	-	255,346
Total financial liabilities	303,499	•	•		303,499

		Separa	ite financial statem	ents	
		As a	t December 31, 202 (Restated)		
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
		income	comprehensive income		
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-		<u>=</u>	10,501,471	10,501,471
Accrued investment income	-	140		1,150,703	1,150,703
Debt instrument	16,506,963	254,873,886	-	₹.	271,380,849
Equity instrument	17,474		25,842,029		25,859,503
Derivative assets	1,048,118		-	-	1,048,118
Loans and accrued interest receivables				1,113,107	1,113,107
Total financial assets	17,572,555	254,873,886	25,842,029	12,765,281	311,053,751
Financial liabilities					
Derivative liabilities	48,153		-	-	48,153
Other financial liabilities	255,346		-	-	255,346
Total financial liabilities	303,499	-	-	-	303,499

## 6. COMPONENTS OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the amounts presented in the statement of financial position for insurance contracts consist of the following;

	Consc	olidated and separ	ate financial stater	nents			
	As at June 30, 2025						
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)	Total			
Insurance contract assets Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise							
before the recognition of the insurance contract group	33,292	-		33,292			
Insurance contract liabilities	•						
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the							
insurance contract group	271,507,251	1,120,298	345,444	272,972,993			
Reinsurance assets	331,761	155,851	-	487,612			
Reinsurance liabilities	21,608	-	-	21,608			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
		As at Decemb	er 31, 2024				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)	Total			
Insurance contract assets							
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the	500						
insurance contract group	26,355	62,749	5	89,104			
Insurance contract liabilities	20,555	,					
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise			1				
before the recognition of the	264.057.420	701.057	240 509	265 000 004			
insurance contract group	264,957,439	701,957	249,598	265,908,994 608,835			
Reinsurance assets Reinsurance liabilities	402,884 27,412	205,951 -		27,412			

#### 7. INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

## 7.1 Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model

#### 7.1.1 Insurance contracts issued.

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued as following:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	As at June 30, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for cover	•	Liabilities for incurred	Total		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	claims	Tol.		
Opening liabilities	262,687,117	201,443	2,068,879	264,957,439		
Opening assets	(37,249)	10,468	426	(26,355)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	262,649,868	211,911	2,069,305	264,931,084		
Insurance revenue	(5,261,640)		-	(5,261,640)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in		(1,043)	2,544,083	2,543,040		
cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims  Losses and reversal of losses on onerous	• -		186,938	186,938		
contracts		65,738	1	65,738		
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	529,552	-	-	529,552		
Insurance service expenses	529,552	64,695	2,731,021	3,325,268		
Insurance service result	(4,732,088)	64,695	2,731,021	(1,936,372)		

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)  Consolidated and separate financial statements  As at June 30, 2025				
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining		Liabilities for	Total	
	cover		incurred		
	Excluding	Loss	claims		
	loss	component			
	component				
Insurance finance expense from insurance	17,880,458	3,632	46,265	17,930,355	
Contracts Tatal amount in comprehensive income	13,148,370	68,327	2,777,286	15,993,983	
Total amount in comprehensive income	(19,314,276)	- 00,527	19,314,276	-	
Investment components  Cash flows	(19,514,270)		19,514,270		
Premiums received	14,443,895			14,443,895	
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(22,286,722)	(22,286,722)	
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(1,608,281)	_	-	(1,608,281)	
Total cash flows	12,835,614	-	(22,286,722)	(9,451,108)	
Net closing balance as at June 30,	269,319,576	280,238	1,874,145	271,473,959	
Closing liabilities	269,356,119	276,898	1,874,234	271,507,251	
Closing assets	(36,543)	3,340	(89)	(33,292)	
Net closing balance as at June 30,	269,319,576	280,238	1,874,145	271,473,959	
The closing bulance as as cane boy					
				housand Baht)	
	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
			ber 31, 2024	TD 4 1	
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining		Liabilities for	Total	
	cover		incurred		
	Excluding	Loss	claims		
	loss component	component			
Opening liabilities	268,918,287	113,600	2,668,603	271,700,490	
Opening assets	(41,025)	133	1,479	(39,413)	
Net opening balance as at January 1,	268,877,262	113,733	2,670,082	271,661,077	
Insurance revenue	(11,201,325)	-	-	(11,201,325)	
Insurance service expenses	(11,001,000)				
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses		(1,097)	6,325,715	6,324,618	
Changes that relate to past services - Changes in					
cash flows to complete the contract related to the					
liability for incurred claims	10 T	•	331,857	331,857	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous		05.005		05.005	
contracts	-	95,385		95,385	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	936,382	- 04 200	6 657 570	936,382	
Insurance service expenses	936,382	94,288	6,657,572	7,688,242	
Insurance service result	(10,264,943)	94,288	6,657,572	(3,513,083)	
Insurance finance expense from insurance	10.415.071	2 800	04.656	10 504 517	
contracts	18,415,971	3,890	84,656	18,504,517	
Total amount in comprehensive income	8,151,028	98,178	6,742,228 44,124,880	14,991,434	
Investment components Cash flows	(44,124,880)	-	44,124,000	-	
Premiums received	32,830,020	_		32,830,020	
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-,-50,020		(51,467,885)	(51,467,885)	
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(3,083,562)			(3,083,562)	
	29,746,458	•	(51,467,885)	(21,721,427)	
Total Cash flows			2.060.205	264,931,084	
Net closing balance as at December 31,	262,649,868	211,911	2,069,305	204,731,004	
	262,649,868 262,687,117	211,911 201,443	2,068,879	264,957,439	
Net closing balance as at December 31,					

The reconciliation of the measurement of components of the insurance contract liability as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued, excluding contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, is as follows:

Consolidated and separate financial state  As at June 30, 2025  Insurance contracts issued  Estimates Risk Contractual of present adjustment Service value of for non- Margin future cash financial	Total  264,957,439 (26,355) 264,931,084
Insurance contracts issued  Estimates Risk Contractual of present adjustment Service value of for non- Margin	264,957,439 (26,355)
of present adjustment Service value of for non- Margin	264,957,439 (26,355)
flows risk	(26,355)
Opening liabilities 219,888,328 4,197,326 40,871,785	
Opening assets (69,198) 1,786 41,057	264,931,084
Net opening balance as at January 1, 219,819,130 4,199,112 40,912,842	
Changes that relate to current service	
CSM recognised for service provided - (1,797,572) Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(1,797,572)
for risk expired - (154,415) - Experience adjustments (258,568)	(154,415) (258,568)
(258,568) (154,415) (1,797,572)	(2,210,555)
Changes that relate to future service	(=,===,===)
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM 1,212,923 385,403 (1,598,326) Changes in estimates that result in losses and	
reversals of losses on onerous contracts 37,510 (213)	37,297
Contracts initially recognised in the year (2,264,260) 450,481 1,863,727	49,948
Experience adjustments (385,348) - 385,348	-
(1,399,175) 835,671 650,749	87,245
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the	
liability for incurred claims 186,938	186,938
186,938	186,938
Insurance service result (1,470,805) 681,256 (1,146,823) Insurance finance (income) expense from	(1,936,372)
insurance contracts 17,255,550 - 674,805	17,930,355
Total amount in comprehensive income 15,784,745 681,256 (472,018)	15,993,983
Cash flows Premiums received 14,443,895	14,443,895
Claims and insurance service expenses paid (22,286,722) -	(22,286,722)
Insurance acquisition cash flows (1,608,281) -	(1,608,281)
Total Cash flows (9,451,108)	(9,451,108)
Net closing balance as at June 30, 226,152,767 4,880,368 40,440,824	271,473,959
Closing liabilities 226,232,987 4,877,645 40,396,619	271,507,251
Closing assets (80,220) 2,723 44,205	(33,292)
Net closing balance as at June 30, 226,152,767 4,880,368 40,440,824	271,473,959

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)		
	Consolid	lated and separ	ate financial st	atements		
	As at December 31, 2024					
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening liabilities	228,903,972	3,811,658	38,984,859	271,700,489		
Opening assets	(70,694)	3,997	27,283	(39,414)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	228,833,278	3,815,655	39,012,142	271,661,075		
Changes that relate to current service						
CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk		-	(3,858,913)	(3,858,913)		
for risk expired	_	77,611		77,611		
Experience adjustments	(187,405)	-	-	(187,405)		
	(187,405)	77,611	(3,858,913)	(3,968,707)		
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and	374,825	(296,781)	(78,044)	-		
reversals of losses on onerous contracts	54,905	(12,674)		42,231		
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(4,810,741)	615,301	4,276,978	81,538		
Experience adjustments	(278,473)	-	278,473	-		
1/21	(4,659,484)	305,846	4,477,407	123,769		
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims	331,857	•	•	331,857		
	331,857	202.457	- C19.404	331,857		
Insurance service result	(4,515,032)	383,457	618,494	(3,513,081)		
Insurance finance income or expense from insurance contracts	17,222,311		1,282,206	18,504,517		
Total amount in comprehensive income	12,707,279	383,457	1,900,700	14,991,436		
Cash flows	12,707,279	303,437	1,500,700	11,551,150		
Premiums received	32,830,020		_	32,830,020		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(51,467,885)		2	(51,467,885)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(3,083,562)			(3,083,562)		
Total Cash flows	(21,721,427)	-	->	(21,721,427)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	219,819,130	4,199,112	40,912,842	264,931,084		
Closing liabilities	219,888,328	4,197,326	40,871,785	264,957,439		
Closing assets	(69,198)	1,786	41,057	(26,355)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	219,819,130	4,199,112	40,912,842	264,931,084		

The impact of contracts recognised during the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

	Consolidated a	inu separate imanc	iai statements			
	As at June 30, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Contracts	issued	Total			
	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts				
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows						
Insurance acquisition cash flows	1,544,792	93,073	1,637,865			
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition						
cash flows	14,143,694	439,211	14,582,905			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	15,688,486	532,284	16,220,770			
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(17,984,114)	(500,916)	(18,485,030)			
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	431,901	18,580	450,481			
Contractual Service Margin	1,863,727	-	1,863,727			
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new contracts added during the period	_	49,948	49,948			

	Consolidated and separate financial statemen					
	As at December 31, 2024					
Insurance contracts issued	Contracts	issued	Total			
	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts				
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows Insurance acquisition cash flows Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition	3,046,366	125,521	3,171,887			
cash flows	23,531,444	662,912	24,194,356			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	26,577,810	788,433	27,366,243			
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(31,452,174)	(724,810)	(32,176,984)			
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	597,386	17,915	615,301			
Contractual Service Margin	4,276,978		4,276,978			
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new						
contracts added during the period	-	81,538	81,538			

## 7.1.2 Reinsurance contracts held

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from reinsurance contracts held is as follows:

				Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	As at June 30, 2025				
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining coverage component		Incurred	Total	
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	claims component		
Opening assets	(182,491)	560	584,815	402,884	
Opening liabilities	(62,155)	-	34,743	(27,412)	
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(244,646)	560	619,558	375,472	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Expenses from reinsurance contracts held Recoveries on incurred claims Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract for reinsurance recoverable on	(189,592) -	(78)	- 193,585	(189,592) 193,507	
incurred claims Other changes		- 16	(10,432)	(10,432) 16	
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	(128)			(128)	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Finance income or expenses from	(189,720)	(62)	183,153	(6,629)	
reinsurance contracts held	(143,689)	11		(143,678)	
Total amount in comprehensive		F 1-62 HE U.			
income	(333,409)	(51)	183,153	(150,307)	
Investment component	(57,240)		57,240		
Cash flows					
Premiums paid	260,194			260,194	
Amounts received from reinsurers	-		(175,206)	(175,206)	
Total Cash flows	260,194		(175,206)	84,988	
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(375,101)	509	684,745	310,153	
Closing reinsurance assets	(316,005)	509	647,257	331,761	
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(59,096)	- 1	37,488	(21,608)	
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(375,101)	509	684,745	310,153	

	Consolidated and separate financial statements  As at December 31, 2024					
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining covera	ge component	Incurred claims	Total		
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	component			
Opening assets	(42,905)		523,464	480,559		
Opening liabilities	(65,578)	-	24,052	(41,526)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(108,483)	-	547,516	439,033		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held						
Expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(402,449)	-	-	(402,449)		
Insurance service expenses	-	-	\ <del>_</del>			
Recoveries on incurred claims		(148)	319,672	319,524		
Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract for reinsurance recoverable on incurred claims			(9,822)	(9,822)		
Other changes		708	-	708		
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	7,709	_	_	7,709		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held rinance income or expenses from	(394,740)	560	309,850	(84,330)		
reinsurance contracts held	(63,348)			(63,348)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(458,088)	560	309,850	(147,678)		
nvestment component	(200,267)	-	200,267	-		
Cash flows	11222					
Premiums paid	522,192	-	-	522,192		
Amounts received from reinsurers	-		(438,075)	(438,075		
Total Cash flows	522,192		(438,075)	84,117		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(244,646)	560	619,558	375,472		
Closing reinsurance assets	(182,491)	560	584,815	402,884		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(62,155)		34,743	(27,412		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(244,646)	560	619,558	375,472		

The reconciliation of the measurement of components of the reinsurance contract balance as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows:

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	As at June 30, 2025					
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cashflows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening reinsurance assets	(847,468)	817,018	433,334	402,884		
Opening reinsurance liabilities	(38,785)	1,406	9,967	(27,412)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472		
Changes that relate to current service CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-	-	-	(13,276)	(13,276)		
financial risk for risk expired	T	(15,262)	3€	(15,262)		
Experience adjustments	32,424	-	-	32,424		
	32,424	(15,262)	(13,276)	3,886		
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Contracts initially recognised in the year Experience adjustments	(352,749) (201,005) (33,289) (587,043)	63,729 117,915 - 181,644	289,020 83,135 33,289 405,444	- 45 - 45		
Changes that relate to past service	(387,043)	101,044	405,444	43		
Changes that relate to past services  Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims  Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	(10,432) (128)			(10,432)		
of remsurers	(10,560)			(10,560)		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contract held Finance income (expense) from	(565,179)	166,382	392,168	(6,629)		
reinsurance contracts held	(156,141)	_	12,463	(143,678)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(721,320)	166,382	404,631	(150,307)		
Cash flows Premiums paid	260,194			260,194		
Amounts received from reinsurers relating to incurred claims	(175,206)	_	<u>.</u>	(175,206)		
Total Cash flows	84,988	-		84,988		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(1,522,585)	984,806	847,932	310,153		
Closing reinsurance assets	(1,484,935)	983,535	833,161	331,761		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(37,650)	1,271	14,771	(21,608)		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(1,522,585)	984,806	847,932	310,153		

	Consolida	ted and separate		ousand Baht) nts			
, t k 11 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	As at December 31, 2024						
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total			
Opening reinsurance assets	(765,215)	708,011	537,763	480,559			
Opening reinsurance liabilities	(42,310)	1,321	(537)	(41,526)			
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(807,525)	709,332	537,226	439,033			
Changes that relate to current service CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-			(12,779)	(12,779)			
financial risk for risk expired	-	(13,298)	-	(13,298)			
Experience adjustments	(56,145)	-	-	(56,145)			
Experience adjustments	(56,145)	(13,298)	(12,779)	. (82,222)			
Changes that relate to future service			(105,568)	, (,)			
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	111,900	(6,332)	71,426	5			
Contracts initially recognised in the year Experience adjustments	(200,143)	128,722	(64,123)				
	64,123 (24,120)	122,390	(98,265)	5			
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims Effect of changes in non-performance risk	(9,822)			(9,822)			
of reinsurers	7,709	_		7,709			
or remained	(2,113)	-	-	(2,113)			
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contract held Finance income (expense) from reinsurance	(82,378)	109,092	(111,044)	(84,330)			
contracts held	(80,467)	_	17,119	(63,348)			
Total amount in comprehensive income	(162,845)	109,092	(93,925)	(147,678)			
Cash flows Premiums paid	522,192	-	•	522,192			
Amounts received from reinsurers relating to incurred claims	(438,075)	A EJE		(438,075)			
Total Cash flows	84,117	-	-	84,117			
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472			
Closing reinsurance assets	(847,468)	817,018	433,334	402,884			
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(38,785)	1,406	9,967	(27,412)			
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472			
The closing valance as at December 51,	(000,200)	010,121		, , , _			

The impact of contracts recognised during the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements  As at June 30, 2025				
Reinsurance contracts held	Onerous contracts	Profitable contracts	Total		
	Contracts purchased	Contracts purchased			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	(1,589,832)	(33,002)	(1,622,834)		
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	1,801,658	22,181	1,823,839		
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(114,434)	(3,481)	(117,915)		
Contractual Service Margin	(97,392)	14,302	(83,090)		

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	As at December 31, 2024				
Reinsurance contracts held	Onerous contracts	Profitable contracts	Total		
	Contracts purchased	Contracts purchased			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	(1,796,636)	(54,456)	(1,851,092)		
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	2,012,334	38,901	2,051,235		
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(123,386)	(5,336)	(128,722)		
Contractual Service Margin	(92,312)	20,891	(71,421)		

# 7.2 Insurance contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach

## 7.2.1 Insurance contracts issued

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued is as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
		As at June 30, 2025				
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining coverage	Liabilities for Incurred claims for insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach		Total		
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk			
Opening liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957		
Opening assets	(82,520)		19,771	(62,749)		
Net opening balance as at						
January 1,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208		
Insurance revenue	(1,149,183)	-		(1,149,183)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the		1,019,274	7,725	1,026,999		
liability for incurred claims	-	8,945	•	8,945		
Insurance service expenses	•	1,028,219	7,725	1,035,944		
Insurance service result	(1,149,183)	1,028,219	7,725	(113,239)		
Total amount in comprehensive income Cash flows	(1,149,183)	1,028,219	7,725	(113,239)		
Premiums received Claims and insurance service	1,600,924	_	•	1,600,924		
expenses paid	4 (00 (5))	(1,006,595)	-	(1,006,595)		
Total cash flows	1,600,924	(1,006,595)	-	594,329		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	752,072	352,275	15,951	1,120,298		
Closing liabilities Closing assets	752,072 -	352,275	15,951 -	1,120,298		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	752,072	352,275	15,951	1,120,298		

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
		As at Decembe	er 31, 2024			
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining coverage	Liabilities for Incurred claims for insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach		Total		
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk			
Opening liabilities	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470		
Opening assets		- 1	2			
Net opening balance as at January 1,	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470		
Insurance revenue	(1,714,392)		-	(1,714,392)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the		1,555,928 90,073	(3,238)	1,552,690		
liability for incurred claims			(2.228)			
Insurance service expenses	-	1,646,001	(3,238)	1,642,763		
Insurance service result Total amount in comprehensive income Cash flows	(1,714,392) (1,714,392)	1,646,001 1,646,001	(3,238)	(71,629) (71,629)		
Premiums received	1,796,149	-		1,796,149		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid		(1,642,782)	-	(1,642,782)		
Total cash flows	1,796,149	(1,642,782)	•	153,367		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208		
Closing liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957		
Closing assets	(82,520)	•	19,771	(62,749)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208		

## 7.2.2 Reinsurance Contracts Held

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from reinsurance contracts held is as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
-	Cons	olidated and separ	ate financial statemen	ts
		As at Jun		
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining Incurred claims component for coverage insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach		tracts measured mium allocation	Total
	Excluding loss recovery component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk	
Opening assets	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951
Opening liabilities	-			
Net opening balance as at				
January 1,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Income (expenses) from	(140,040)		2.157	(140,186)
reinsurance contracts held Recoveries on incurred claims	(142,343)	96,980	2,157	96,980
Net income (expenses) from		90,960		70,700
reinsurance contracts held	(142,343)	96,980	2,157	(43,206)
Total amount in comprehensive	(112,515)			
income	(142,343)	96,980	2,157	(43,206)
Cash flows				
Premiums paid	1,568		<u> </u>	1,568
Amounts received from reinsurers		(8,462)		(8,462)
Total Cash flows	1,568	(8,462)		(6,894)
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(208,055)	360,747	3,159	155,851
Closing reinsurance assets	(208,055)	360,747	3,159	155,851
Closing reinsurance liabilities	-		<b>1</b> €	-
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(208,055)	360,747	3,159	155,851

				Thousand Baht)
	Conso		te financial statement	ts
		As at Decem		
	Remaining coverage		s component for ets measured under	Total
	component			
			ocation approach	
Reinsurance contracts held		Estimates of	Risk	
	Excluding	present value	adjustment	
	loss recovery	of future	for nonfinancial	
O	component	cash flows	risk 1,440	301,967
Opening assets	(296,542)	597,069	1,440	501,907
Opening liabilities				
Net opening balance as at	(206 542)	507.060	1,440	301,967
January 1,	(296,542)	597,069	1,440	301,907
Net income (expenses) from				
reinsurance contracts held				
Income (expenses) from	(127.510)		(438)	(137,957)
reinsurance contracts held Recoveries on incurred claims	(137,519)	170,490	(436)	170,490
		170,490		170,490
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(137,519)	170,490	(438)	32,533
Total amount in comprehensive	(137,319)	170,490	(430)	32,333
income	(137,519)	170,490	(438)	32,533
Cash flows	(137,319)	170,430	(436)	
Premiums paid	366,781			366,781
Amounts received from reinsurers	500,781	(495,330)	_	(495,330)
Total Cash flows	366,781	(495,330)	_	(128,549)
Net closing balance as at	500,701	(190,000)		(120,015)
December 31,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951
Closing reinsurance assets	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951
Closing reinsurance liabilities	-		-	-
Net closing balance as at				
December 31,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951

## 7.3 Insurance contracts measured under the Variable Fee Approach

## 7.3.1 Insurance contracts issued

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued is as follows:

ii-dallar ist				Thousand Bal		
	Co		arate financial statements			
	As at June 30, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for ren Excluding loss component	Loss component	Liabilities for Incurred claims for insurance contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach	Total		
Opening liabilities	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Opening assets	-	-	•	- 1 <del>-</del> 1		
Net opening balance as at						
January 1,	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Insurance revenue	(22,367)	·-	-	(22,367)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses		(2)	13,808	13,806		
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts		(118)		(118)		
Amortisation of insurance		(110)		(110)		
acquisition cash flows	572			572		
Insurance service expenses	572	(120)	13,808	14,260		
Insurance service result	(21,795)	(120)	13,808	(8,107)		
insurance finance expense	, , ,					
rom insurance contract	8,686	4		8,690		
Fotal amount in comprehensive income nvestment components	(13,109) 222	(116)	13,808 (222)	583		
Cash flows Premiums received Claims and insurance service	136,158			. 136,158		
expenses paid insurance acquisition cash		-	(13,284)	(13,284		
lows	(27,611)		•	(27,611		
Total cash flows	108,547	•	(13,284)	95,263		
let closing balance as at une 30,	344,190	244	1,010	345,444		
Closing liabilities	344,190	244	1,010	345,444		
Closing assets Net closing balance as at June 30,	344,190	244	1,010	345,444		

	Consolidated and separate financial statements  As at December 31, 2024					
•	Liabilities for ren		Liabilities for	Total		
Insurance contracts issued	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Incurred claims for insurance contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach			
Opening liabilities	110,182	143	167	110,492		
Opening assets	<u> </u>		_	-		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	110,182	143	167	110,492		
Insurance revenue	(39,035)			(39,035)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash		(1)	26,463	26,462		
flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims cosses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts  Amortisation of insurance	-	210	131	131 210 844		
acquisition cash flows	844	-	26.504			
Insurance service expenses	844	209	26,594	27,647		
Insurance service result Insurance finance expense Irom insurance contract	(38,191) 17,456	209 8	26,594	17,464		
Fotal amount in comprehensive income investment components	(20,735) (9,677)	217	26,594 9,677	6,076		
Cash flows	(3,077)		2,0			
Premiums received Claims and insurance service	224,770		₩.	224,770		
expenses paid insurance acquisition cash		- 3-2-1	(35,730)	(35,730)		
lows	(56,010)	<u> </u>	-	(56,010)		
Total cash flows	168,760	-	(35,730)	133,030		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Closing liabilities Closing assets	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	248,530	360	708	249,598		

The reconciliation from the opening to the closing balance of insurance contract balances as at June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued, excluding those measured under the Premium Allocation Approach, is as follows:

			(Unit: Thous	sand Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
		As at June 3				
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening liabilities	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598		
Opening assets	-	-	-			
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598		
Changes that relate to current service CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial	•	•	(1,368)	(1,368)		
risk for risk expired		(1,499)	-	(1,499)		
Experience adjustments	(5,142)	-	2	(5,142)		
	(5,142)	(1,499)	(1,368)	(8,009)		
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and	(54,638)	8,868	45,770	-		
reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts	(195)		-	(195)		
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(45,657)	8,489	37,265	97		
Experience adjustments	(6,195)	-	6,195	-		
	(106,685)	17,357	89,230	(98)		
Insurance service result Insurance finance income or (expense) from	(111,827)	15,858	87,862	(8,107)		
insurance contracts	8,690	-	-	8,690		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(103,137)	15,858	87,862	583		
Cash flows Premiums received	136,158			136,158		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(13,284)			(13,284)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(27,611)	-	-	(27,611)		
Total Cash flows	95,263	-	-	95,263		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(217,016)	88,568	473,892	345,444		
Closing liabilities	(217,016)	88,568	473,892	345,444		
Closing assets	-	-	-	,		
Net closing balance as at June 30,	(217,016)	88,568	473,892	345,444		

			(Unit: Thou	
	Consolid	ated and separat		ments
		As at December	er 31, 2024	
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total
Opening liabilities	(223,829)	52,034	282,287	110,492
Opening assets	-	-		-
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(223,829)	52,034	282,287	110,492
Changes that relate to current service				
CSM recognised for service provided		-	(1,984)	(1,984)
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial				
risk for risk expired	-	(1,093)	-	(1,093)
Experience adjustments	(8,670)	-	-	(8,670)
	(8,670)	(1,093)	(1,984)	(11,747)
Changes that relate to future service				
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	(39,472)	5,712	33,760	
Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts	(73)	(41)		(114)
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(88,286)	16,098	72,530	342
Experience adjustments	563	-	(563)	
	(127,268)	21,769	105,727	228
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims	131			131
100110)	131	-	-	131
Insurance service result	(135,807)	20,676	103,743	(11,388)
Insurance finance expense or (income) from				
insurance contracts	17,464	•	-	17,464
Total amount in comprehensive income	(118,343)	20,676	103,743	6,076
Cash flows				
Premiums received	224,770	-	-	224,770
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(35,730)		-	(35,730)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(56,010)	-	-	(56,010)
Total Cash flows	133,030		-	133,030
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
-,	(===,1 1=)	. =, . 10	,	,,,,,,

The impact of contracts recognised during the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach, is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

	Consolidated and separate imaneial statements				
	As at June 30, 2025				
	Contracts				
Insurance contracts issued	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts	Total		
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows					
Insurance acquisition cash flows	27,627	641	28,268		
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash					
flows	291,960	6,788	298,748		
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	319,587	7,429	327,016		
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(365,198)	(7,475)	(372,673)		
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	8,346	143	8,489		
Contractual Service Margin	37,265	2.5	37,265		
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new contracts added during the period		97	97		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

As at December 31, 2024

Contracts issued

Profitable Onerous
contracts contracts Total

Insurance contracts issued	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts	Total
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	- 75 3 3 4 5		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	54,600	1,961	56,561
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash			
flows	546,633	21,774	568,407
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	601,233	23,735	624,968
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(689,585)	(23,669)	(713,254)
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	15,822	276	16,098
Contractual Service Margin	72,530	-	72,530
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new	1		
contracts added during the period	_	342	342

#### 8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

		Consolidated financial statements		housand Baht) arate statements
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash on hand Deposits at banks with no fixed maturity date	1,937 1,770,990	1,931 2,345,520	1,935 1,746,906	1,930 2,324,414 8,175,127
Short-term investments in promissory notes Total cash and cash equivalents	6,420,184 8,193,111	8,175,127 10,522,578	6,420,184 8,169,025	10,501,471

As at June 30, 2025, interest rates on saving accounts and promissory notes were in the range of 0.30% - 1.35% per annum (as at December 31, 2024: 0.60% - 1.80% per annum).

#### 9. **DEBT INSTRUMENTS**

#### 9.1 Investment classification

	Consolidated and sepa	(Unit: Thousand Baht) arate financial statements
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)
	Fair value	Fair value
Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
Private enterprises debt securities	7,607,726	7,505,024
Foreign debt securities	9,090,927	8,718,082
Investment assets of the insured	384,054	283,857
Total debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss	17,082,707	16,506,963
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Government and state enterprise securities	192,041,809	177,541,533
Private enterprises debt securities	70,538,602	70,407,312
Foreign debt securities	6,526,891	6,925,041
Total debt instruments at fair value through other		***
comprehensive income	269,107,302	254,873,886
Total debt instruments	286,190,009	271,380,849

#### 9.2 Investments in structured notes

Investments in structured notes, which are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss, consisted of the following:

(1) As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had investments in promissory notes and bills of exchange of Baht 403 million and Baht 402 million, respectively, which were issued by branches of foreign commercial banks, having remaining lives of 8 months and 2 years, respectively, and the conditions whereby the redemption of the respective notes and bills were based on the credit event of the reference assets.

(2) As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had investments in bills of exchange of Baht 1,292 million and Baht 1,677 million, respectively, which were issued in foreign currency by branches of foreign commercial banks, having remaining maturity lives of 2 and 10 years and 1 - 2 years, respectively, and the conditions whereby the redemption of the bills were based on the credit event of the reference assets.

## 9.3 Allowance for expected credit loss

	(Unit: Thousand Baht				
	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	June 30, 2025		Decembe	r 31, 2024 tated)	
	Fair value	Allowance for expected credit loss through	Fair value	Allowance for expected credit loss through	
		other comprehensive income		other comprehensive income	
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income			147		
Debt securities with no significant		64.600	252 222 212		
increase in credit risk (Stage 1)	268,063,219	61,689	253,228,810	59,082	
Debt securities with significant	1 0 1 1 0 0 0	00.565	1 (45 07)	120 (20	
increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	1,044,083	89,765	1,645,076	132,629	
Total investment at fair value through other			0.54.050.006	101 811	
comprehensive income	269,107,302	151,454	254,873,886	191,711	

### 9.4 Investments subject to restriction

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had placed government and state enterprise bonds with fair value of Baht 80,400 million and Baht 74,522 million, respectively, with the Registrar as securities and reserves as described in Notes 27 and 28.

#### 9.5 Gains on investments

Gains on investments for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

(Unit : Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate

	financial statements			
	For the three-month period ended June 30,		For the six-n ended J	-
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)
Gains on sales of investment at fair value through profit or loss	63,912	21,077	334,722	44,254
Gains on sales of investment at fair value through	03,912	21,077	334,122	44,234
other comprehensive income	20,585		89,227	83,294
Total gains on investments	84,497	21,077	423,949	127,548

#### 10. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, investment in securities consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements As at June 30, 2025 As at December 31, 2024 Fair value Fair value Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss 5,650 3,211 Equity securities 13,750 11,824 Investment assets of the insured Total equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss 16,961 17,474 Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income Government and state enterprise securities 614,571 1,008,087 24,418,706 18,479,303 Equity securities 965,749 415,236 Foreign equity securities Total equity instruments designated at fair value through 25,842,029 20,059,623 other comprehensive income 20,076,584 25,859,503 Total equity instruments

#### 11. DERIVATIVE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, derivatives classified by objective were as follows:

Derivatives for which hedge accounting was not applied:

			Consolidated a		t: Thousand Baht) nancial statements
		Notional	As at Jun	e 30, 2025	For the six- month period ended June 30, 2025
	Number	amount	Fair	value	Fair value gains
Contract type and objectives	of contracts	(Thousand Units)	Assets	Liabilities	on derivatives
Forward exchange contracts for hedge of net investment					
in foreign currencies  Bond forward contracts for hedge of cash flow in bond	93	851,945	47,642	75,312	(5,241)
forward	75	10,118,000	1,153,115	6,422	715,755

	Number	Notional amount	As at Decem (Rest	ber 31, 2024 ated)	For the year ended December 31, 2024 (Restated)  Fair value gains
	of	(Thousand			on
Contract type and objectives	contracts	Units)	Assets	_Liabilities_	derivatives
Forward exchange contracts for hedge of net investment in foreign currencies  Bond forward contracts for	134	858,820	106,809	36,731	(779)
hedge of cash flow in bond forward	50	5,790,000	432,806	1,868	395,307
Derivatives for which hedge acco	ounting was	applied:			
			Consolid	(Unit ated and separ statements	: Thousand Baht) ate financial
	Number	Notional amount	As at Jun	e 30, 2025	For the six- month period ended June 30, 2025
	of	(Thousand		value	Fair value loss
Contract type and objective	contracts	Units)	Assets	Liabilities	on derivatives
Cross currency swap contracts for cash flow hedge in foreign currencies	41	1,501,050	798,448	1,608	71,544
			Consolid	ated and separ statements	ate financial
	Number	Notional amount		ber 31, 2024 tated)	For the year ended December 31, 2024 (Restated)
	of	(Thousand	Fair	value	Fair value gains
Contract type and objective	contracts	Units)	Assets	Liabilities	on derivatives
Cross currency swap contracts for cash flow hedge in foreign currencies	38	1,496,050	508,503	9,554	212,388

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, derivative assets and liabilities consisted of the following:

	Consolidated	and separate financ	
		June 30, 2025	
		Fair valu	
	Notional amount	Assets	Liabilities
	(Thousand Units)	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
Forward exchange contracts			
Yen	705,375	1,199	1,971
US dollar	66,031	46,443	1,340
Singapore dollar	59,944		33,012
Euro	20,595	•	38,989
Bond forward contracts			
Baht	10,118,000	1,153,115	6,422
Cross currency swap contracts			
US dollar	188,050	736,472	
Euro	13,000	27,747	1,608
		24 220	
Yen	1,300,000	34,229	
Yen Total derivatives	12,470,995	1,999,205 and separate finance	83,342
	12,470,995	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024	ial statements
	12,470,995  Consolidated	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value	cial statements
	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount	and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets	cial statements te amount Liabilities
Total derivatives	12,470,995  Consolidated	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value	cial statements te amount Liabilities
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)	cial statements te amount Liabilities
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts  Yen	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)	cial statements  le amount  Liabilities  (Thousand Baht)
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts  Yen  US dollar	Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826	cial statements te amount Liabilities
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts Yen US dollar Singapore dollar	Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743	Lial statements  Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts  Yen  US dollar  Singapore dollar  Euro	Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826	cial statements  le amount  Liabilities  (Thousand Baht)
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts    Yen    US dollar    Singapore dollar    Euro  Bond forward contracts	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334 21,318	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743 21,354	Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717 - 14
Total derivatives  Forward exchange contracts    Yen    US dollar    Singapore dollar    Euro  Bond forward contracts    Baht	Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743	Lial statements  Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717
Forward exchange contracts Yen US dollar Singapore dollar Euro Bond forward contracts Baht Cross currency swap contracts	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334 21,318 5,790,000	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743 21,354 432,806	Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717 - 14
Forward exchange contracts Yen US dollar Singapore dollar Euro Bond forward contracts Baht Cross currency swap contracts Yen	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334 21,318  5,790,000  1,300,000	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743 21,354 432,806 28,199	cial statements  Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717 - 14 1,868
Forward exchange contracts Yen US dollar Singapore dollar Euro Bond forward contracts Baht Cross currency swap contracts Yen US dollar	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334 21,318  5,790,000  1,300,000 186,050	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024  Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743 21,354  432,806  28,199 421,840	Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717 - 14
Forward exchange contracts Yen US dollar Singapore dollar Euro Bond forward contracts Baht Cross currency swap contracts Yen	12,470,995  Consolidated  Notional amount (Thousand Units)  656,375 109,793 71,334 21,318  5,790,000  1,300,000	1,999,205  and separate finance December 31, 2024 Fair value Assets (Thousand Baht)  15,886 12,826 56,743 21,354 432,806 28,199	cial statements  Liabilities (Thousand Baht)  - 36,717 - 14 1,868

The Company made cross currency swap contracts and forward exchange contracts to manage the exchange rate risk arising from investment.

## 12. LOANS AND ACCRUED INTEREST RECEIVABLES

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balances of loans and accrued interest receivables, classified by overdue periods, were as follows:

(Unit : Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial
statements

	statements					
	June 30, 2025					
	Loans and accrued interest receivables					
Overdue periods	Mortgage loans	Other loans	Total			
Loans with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1) Loans with significant increase	395,276	<u> </u>	395,276			
in credit risk (Stage 2)	4,316		4,316			
Loans with credit impaired (Stage 3)	602,314	55	602,369			
Total	1,001,906	55	1,001,961			
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(254,886)		(254,886)			
Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	747,020	55	747,075			
<del> </del>						

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial

	December 31, 2024 (Restated)						
	Loans and a	ccrued interest	receivables				
Overdue periods	Mortgage loans	Other loans	Total				
Loans with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1)	1,068,542		1,068,542				
Loans with significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	8,326	- 55	8,326 130,992				
Loans with credit impaired (Stage 3) Total	130,937 1,207,805	<u> 55</u> -	1,207,860				
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	(94,753) 1,113,052	55	(94,753) 1,113,107				

Loans to employees under the employee welfare scheme are set for credit limit of Baht 0.10 million for personal guarantee loans. The interest rate is charged at the rates of 6% per annum. As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, loans to employees amounted to Baht 0.06 million and Baht 0.06 million, respectively.

Loans to employees under the mortgage loans are not to exceed 50 times the employee's monthly salary to each employee for secured loans. The loans carry interest of 5% - 6% per annum. As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, loans to employees under the mortgage loans amounted to Baht 3.15 million and Baht 3.79 million, respectively

#### 13. INVESTMENTS IN A SUBSIDIARY

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, details of investments in a subsidiary, as presented in the separate interim financial statements, were as follows:

Company's name	Type of Country of business incorporation		Issued and paid-up capital		Shareholdir	ng percentage	Cost	
			June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
			(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
BLA Insurance Broker Company Limited Total investment in the subsidiary	Insurance broker	Thailand	24,000	24,000	99	99	23,760	23,760

#### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, carrying amounts of investment properties were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial s		
	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025	For the year ended December 31, 2024	
Net carrying value - beginning of the period/year Depreciation for period/year	121,662 (1,840)	142,333 (20,671)	
Net carrying value - end of the period/year	119,822	121,662	

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025 and for the year ended December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had revenue from rental of investment properties amounted to Baht 1.28 million and Baht 0.53 million respectively.

#### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of property, plant and equipment for six-month period ended June 30, 2025 are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements									
	Land	Buildings and buildings improvements	Office furniture, fixture and equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total				
Net carrying value as at January 1, 2025	780,626	886,233	250,417	2,563	3,923	1,923,762				
Additions - at cost		147	20,050	21,918	3,228	45,343				
Disposals			(33)	<b>-</b>		(33)				
Transfer in (out)	-	-	1,578	-	(1,578)					
Write-off	-		(127)	-		(127)				
Depreciation for the period	-	(17,945)	(35,787)	(1,678)		(55,410)				
Net carrying value as at June 30, 2025	780,626	868,435	236,098	22,803	5,573	1,913,535				

	Separate financial statements									
	Land	Buildings and buildings improvements	Office furniture, fixture and equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total				
Net carrying value as at January 1, 2025	780,626	886,235	250,416	2,562	3,923	1,923,762				
Additions - at cost	-	147	19,949	21,918	3,228	45,242				
Disposals	-		(33)	-	-	(33)				
Transfer in (out)	-	-	1,578		(1,578)					
Depreciation for the period		(17,945)	(35,912)	(1,678)		(55,535)				
Net carrying value as at June 30, 2025	780,626	868,437	235,998	22,802	5,573	1,913,436				

## 16. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES

16.1 Deferred tax assets and liabilities consisted of tax effects were as follows:

	-					Consolida	ted and separa	ate financial st	tatements	
	As at June 30,		As at December 31,	As at January 1,	Impact from TFRS 9 and TFRS 17 adoption	As at January 1	Change in c assets/liabilit in profit or three-mon	leferred tax ies recognised loss for the th periods	Change in de assets/lia recognised comprehens for the three periods	eferred tax bilities in other ive income ee-month ended
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2024 (Previously reported)		2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) Items related to										
insurance contract Provisions for long-	6,694,228	3,950,233	1,374,742	863,949	2,238,691	-	(46,482)	1,785,821	(514,836)	
term employee benefits Allowance for expected credit loss and allowance for	49,635	46,470	43,288		43,288	1,080	(520)			
impairment loss Investment at fair value through other comprehensive	374,262	347,676	304,964	•	304,964	30,226	39,010		•	
income	(5,577,218)	(2,960,455)	(135,875)	(762,338)	(898,213)	(12,321)	(47,047)	(1,718,056)	1,274,805	
Cash flow hedge	(74,304)	(59,995)	(29,178)		(17,528)	•	-	(5,639)	15,593	
Others	(469,015)	(277,005)	642	(11,650)	(11,008)	(251,113)	(26,486)		-	
Deferred tax assets/liabilities - net	997,588	1,046,924	1,558,583	101,611	1,660,194	(232,128)	(81,525)	62,126	775,562	

	-					Consolidated and separate financial statements											
	As at June 30,									As at December 31,	As at January 1,	Impact from TFRS 9 and TFRS 17 adoption	As at January 1	assets/liabilit in profit or lo month per	deferred tax ies recognised ss for the six- iods ended une 30,	Change in de assets/lia recognised comprehens for the six periods	bilities in other ive income -month ended
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2024 (Previously reported)		2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)								
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) Items related to insurance contract	6,694,228	3,950,233	1,374,742	863,949	2,238,691	20 <u>4</u> 3	(158,377)	2,743,995	145,545								
Provisions for long- term employee benefits	49,635	46,470	43,288		43,288	3,164	3,891		(3,624)								
Allowance for expected credit loss and allowance for impairment loss	374,262	347,676	304,964		304,964	26,587	38,055										
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	(5,577,218)	(2,960,455)	(135,875)	(762,338)	(898,213)	(9,995)	(59,998)	(2,606,768)	489,471								
Cash flow hedge Others	(74,304) (469,015)	(59,995) (277,005)	(29,178) 642	11,650 (11,650)	(17,528) (11,008)	(192,010)	(9,833)	(14,309)	(5,939)								
Deferred tax assets/liabilities - net	997,588	1,046,924	1,558,583	101,611	1,660,194	(172,254)	(186,262)	122,918	625,453								

# 16.2 Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

Consolidated financial statements							
Visit ive	2325000	For the six-month periods ended June 3					
2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)				
105,379	75,743	105,379	207,052				
709	•	709	-				
232,128	81,525	172,254	186,262				
338,216	157,268	278,342	393,314				
	periods end 2025 105,379 709	For the three-month periods ended June 30,  2025 2024 (Restated)  105,379 75,743 709 -	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2025 2024 (Restated) 2025  105,379 75,743 105,379 709  232,128 81,525 172,254				

	Separate financial statements					
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,		For the si periods ende			
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)		
Current income tax:						
Corporate income tax	105,317	75,418	105,317	206,727		
Adjustment of prior year income tax	709		709	-		
Deferred tax:						
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary				*		
differences	232,128	81,525	172,254	186,262		
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss	338,154	156,943	278,280	392,989		

Reconciliation between accounting profits and income tax expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	(	Consolidated finan	cial statements		
	For the the periods end		For the six-month periods ended June 30,		
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	
Accounting profit before income tax expenses	2,466,596	1,140,257	3,595,813	2,498,158	
Applicable corporate income tax rates	20%	20%	20%	20%	
Income tax expenses at the applicable tax rates	493,320	228,052	719,163	499,632	
Adjustment of prior year income tax	709	•	709		
Net tax effect on income or expenses that are not taxable or not deductible in					
determining taxable profits	(155,813)	(70,784)	(441,530)	(106,318)	
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss	338,216	157,268	278,342	393,314	

			`	inousand Dant)	
		Separate financ	ial statements		
	For the thr		For the six-month periods ended June 30,		
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	
Accounting profit before income tax expenses	2,467,080	1,139,631	3,595,694	2,496,312	
Applicable corporate income tax rates	20%	20%	20%	20%	
Income tax expenses at the applicable tax rates	493,416	227,926	719,139	499,262	
Adjustment of prior year income tax	709		709	= 1.7	
Net tax effect on income or expenses that are not taxable or not deductible in					
determining taxable profits	(155,971)	(70,983)	(441,568)	(106,273)	
Income tax expenses	338.154	156,943	278,280	392,989	

### 17. OTHER ASSETS

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, other assets consisted of the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		(Unit : Thousand Bah Separate financial statements		
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	
Prepaid income tax	174,823	174,823	174,823	174,823	
Deposits	8,906	8,526	8,906	8,526	
Receivable from sales of investments	176,529	39,352	176,529	39,352	
Prepaid expenses	101,250	37,557	101,250	37,557	
Others	123,288	148,499	114,467	138,049	
Total other assets	584,796	408,757	575,975	398,307	

## 18. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, employee benefit obligations consisted of the following:

		olidated statements	Sep	Thousand Baht) parate statements
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Post-employment benefit obligations for severance pay Other employment benefit obligations	203,435	187,476	202,236	186,278
for long service awards  Total employee benefit obligations	46,151 249,586	46,288	45,937 248,173	46,073

#### 19. OTHER LIABILITIES

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, other liabilities consisted of the following:

	Consolidated		(Unit: Thousand Baht) Separate		
		statements	financial statements		
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	
Accrued expenses	134,571	308,798	134,546	311,018	
Premium received for policies not yet approved	66,820	82,858	66,820	82,858	
Amounts received awaiting handling	100,692	48,196	100,692	48,196	
Specific business tax payable	138,979	143,459	138,979	143,459	
Payable from purchases of investments	27,460	9,560	27,460	9,560	
Withholding tax payable	18,065	32,662	18,024	32,626	
Short-term employee benefit payables	87,152	113,879	87,152	113,309	
Others	22,640	42,578	16,380	36,030	
Total other liabilities	596,379	781,990	590,053	777,056	

#### 20. OPERATING SEGMENT

The Group presented operating segment information in the same manner as that reported to the Office of Insurance Commission ("OIC") on the report of underwriting information reported by insurance categories since the management considered that the Group and the Company are operating its core business in a single segment (i.e. life insurance business) and in a single geographic area (i.e. Thailand). Hence, all items as presented in this segment information are consistent to the Group's and the Company's internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decision about allocation of resources to the segment and evaluate its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

Information of operating segment as per mentioned above for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

		Consolida	ted financial st	atements	
	Fo	r the three-mo	nth period ende	ed June 30, 202	5
		Insurance		Investment	Total
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue	2,681,853	560,215	12,298	-	3,254,366
Insurance service expenses	(1,617,783)	(515,509)	(7,098)		(2,140,390)
Net income (expense) from reinsurance contract held	6,516	(20,867)		•	(14,351)
Insurance service result	1,070,586	23,839	5,200		1,099,625
Investment income		-	6,078	2,639,418	2,645,496
Gain on financial instrument, net	-	-		84,497	84,497
Loss on financial instrument revaluation	-	-		1,009,671	1,009,671
Loss from expected credit loss				(151,129)	(151,129)
Net investment income	-	-	6,078	3,582,457	3,588,535
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	(2,128,792)		(6,078)	•	(2,134,870)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(5,489)				(5,489)
Net insurance finance expenses	(2,134,281)		(6,078)		(2,140,359)
Net investment income and insurance					
finance expenses	(2,134,281)			3,582,457	1,448,176
Other finance cost					(3,096)
Other operating expense					(117,922)
Other income					39,813
Profits before income tax expense					2,466,596
Income tax expense					338,216
Net profit for the year					2,128,380

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

982,989

	Consolidated financial statements					
	For	r the three-mo	nth period ende	ed June 30, 202	24	
			(Restated)			
		Insurance		Investment	Total	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach			
Insurance revenue	2,528,526	364,230	9,439	-	2,902,195	
Insurance service expenses	(1,644,782)	(370,342)	(5,209)	•	(2,020,333)	
Net income (expense) from	(14,003)	5,261	-		(8,742)	
reinsurance contract held						
Insurance service result	869,741	(851)	4,230		873,120	
Investment income		-	1,844	2,739,853	2,741,697	
Gain on financial instrument, net	-		-	21,077	21,077	
Loss on financial instrument revaluation				(224,914)	(224,914)	
Loss from expected credit loss				(35,312)	(35,312)	
Net investment income			1,844	2,500,704	2,502,548	
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	(2,169,093)		(1,844)		(2,170,937)	
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(4,690)	<u> </u>	- 10		(4,690)	
Net insurance finance expenses	(2,173,783)		(1,844)	-	(2,175,627)	
Net investment income and insurance						
finance expenses	(2,173,783)		-	2,500,704_	326,921	
Other finance cost					(2,705)	
Other operating expense					(103,269)	
Other income					46,190	
Profits before income tax expense					1,140,257	
Income tax expense					157,268	

Net profit for the year

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)  Consolidated financial statements				
	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025				
		Insurance		Investment	Total
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue	5,261,640	1,149,183	22,367	•	6,433,190
Insurance service expenses	(3,325,268)	(1,035,944)	(14,260)		(4,375,472)
Net expense from reinsurance contract held	(6,630)	(43,206)			(49,836)
Insurance service result	1,929,742	70,033	8,107		2,007,882
Investment income		-	8,690	5,101,353	5,110,043
Gain on financial instrument, net				423,949	423,949
Loss on financial instrument revaluation		-		668,954	668,954
Loss from expected credit loss			<u> </u>	(132,934)	(132,934)
Net investment income	-		8,690	6,061,322	6,070,012
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	(4,344,079)		(8,690)	·	(4,352,769)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(9,980)	-	•	•	(9,980)
Net insurance finance expenses	(4,354,059)		(8,690)		(4,362,749)
Net investment income and insurance					
finance expenses	(4,354,059)			6,061,322	1,707,263
Other finance cost					(3,096)
Other operating expense					(217,760)
Other income					101,524
Profits before income tax expense					3,595,813
Income tax expense					278,342
Net profit for the year					3,317,471

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

2,104,844

	Consolidated financial statements					
	F	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2024				
			(Restated)			
		Insurance		Investment	Total	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach			
Insurance revenue	5,889,798	839,366	17,443	•	6,746,607	
Insurance service expenses	(4,133,140)	(856,006)	(13,551)	-	(5,002,697)	
Net income (expense) from reinsurance contract held	(16,923)	26,058		•	9,135	
Insurance service result	1,739,735	9,418	3,892		1,753,045	
Investment income	-		14,691	5,380,372	5,395,063	
Gain on financial instrument, net	-	2		127,548	127,548	
Loss on financial instrument revaluation	-			(129,773)	(129,773)	
Loss from expected credit loss	-		-	(30,582)	(30,582)	
Net investment income	-		14,691	5,347,565	5,362,256	
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	(4,454,122)		(14,691)	•	(4,468,813)	
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(5,876)			_	(5,876)	
Net insurance finance expenses	(4,459,998)	-	(14,691)	-	(4,474,689)	
Net investment income and insurance						
finance expenses	(4,459,998)	-	-	5,347,565	887,567	
Other finance cost					(11,839)	
Other operating expense					(227,594)	
Other income					96,979	
Profits before income tax expense					2,498,158	
Income tax expense					393,314	

Net profit for the year

## 21. INSURANCE REVENUE AND INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

## 21.1 Insurance revenue and insurance service expense

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognised insurance revenue, insurance service expenses, and net expenses from reinsurance contracts held, disaggregated by product groups. Additional information is also provided regarding the amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the reconciliations of insurance contracts, as follows:

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	For the t	hree-month peri	od ended June 30	, 2025	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage					
Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses Change in risk adjustment for	1,349,467		10,045	1,359,512	
nonfinancial risk for risk expired	171,329		1,222	172,551	
Contractual service margin					
recognised for services provided	891,884	-	735	892,619	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	269,173		296	269,469	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not					
measured under the PAA	2,681,853		12,298	2,694,151	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured					
under the PAA	_	560,215	•	560,215	
Total insurance revenue	2,681,853	560,215	12,298	3,254,366	
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses	1,329,719	515,509	6,831	1,852,059	
Changes that relate to past services -					
Changes in cash flows to complete the					
contract related to the liability for					
incurred claims	292	•		292	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	18,599	-	(28)	18,571	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition					
cash flows	269,173	-	295	269,468	
Total insurance service expenses	1,617,783	515,509	7,098	2,140,390	

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2025						
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee	Total			
	model	approach	approach				
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)				
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance							
contracts held							
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -							
Contracts not measured under the							
premium allocation approach							
Amounts related to changes in liability for							
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(71,311)	6 j. j.		(71,311)			
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(10,310)			(10,310)			
Contractual service margin							
recognised for services provided	(7,130)	-	-	(7,130)			
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts							
not measured under the premium							
allocation approach	(88,751)		_	(88,751)			
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts							
measured under the premium							
allocation approach		(79,978)	_	(79,978)			
The impact of changes in the risks of the							
reinsurer's inability to meet its							
obligations	5	-	-	5			
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	95,253	59,111	¥	154,364			
contract related to the liability for	9			9			
incurred claims Net expenses from reinsurance							
contracts held	6,516	(20,867)		(14,351)			
Insurance service result	1,070,586	23,839	5,200	1,099,625			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2024				
		(Resta	ted)		
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
Insurance revenue					
Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage  Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses  Change in risk adjustment for	1,357,157		8,422	1,365,579	
nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(15,838)	•	176	(15,662)	
Contractual service margin	0.55 5.45		564	050 110	
recognised for services provided	957,546	-	564	958,110	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	229,661		277	229,938	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not					
measured under the PAA	2,528,526	•	9,439	2,537,965	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured under the PAA		364,230		364,230	
Total insurance revenue	2,528,526	364,230	9,439	2,902,195	
Insurance service expenses					
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	1,255,128	370,342	5,069	1,630,539	
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	141,267	-	(160)	141,107	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	18,726	_	23	18,749	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash					
flows	229,661	-	277	229,938	
Total insurance service expenses	1,644,782	370,342	5,209	2,020,333	

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2024 (Restated)				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance					
contracts held					
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -			4 - 5 - x		
Contracts not measured under the					
premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(80,487)			(80,487)	
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(5,205)			(5,205)	
Contractual service margin					
recognised for services provided	763			763	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
not measured under the premium				(0.1.000)	
allocation approach	(84,929)		-	(84,929)	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
measured under the premium		(20 102)	0.00	(20 102)	
allocation approach	-	(38,183)	•	(38,183)	
The impact of changes in the risks of the					
reinsurer's inability to meet its	702			702	
obligations	783	-		783	
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims	70,143	43,444	• .	113,587	
Net expenses from reinsurance				(0.710)	
contracts held	(14,003)	5,261		(8,742)	
Insurance service result	869,741	(851)	4,230	873,120	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements			
	For the	six-month period	d ended June 30,	2025
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.5)	
Insurance revenue Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage  Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses  Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	2,781,144 153,372		18,929 1,497	2,800,073 154,869
Contractual service margin				
recognised for services provided	1,797,572	-	1,368	1,798,940
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	529,552	- I	573	530,125
Insurance revenue of Contracts not				
measured under the PAA	5,261,640		22,367	5,284,007
Insurance revenue of contracts measured				
under the PAA	-	1,149,183		1,149,183
Total insurance revenue	5,261,640	1,149,183	22,367	6,433,190
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services -	2,543,040	1,035,944	13,806	3,592,790
Changes in cash flows to complete the				
contract related to the liability for	106 020			186,938
incurred claims  Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	186,938 65,738	•	(118)	65,620
Amortisation of insurance acquisition				
cash flows	529,552	•	572	530,124
Total insurance service expenses	3,325,268	1,035,944	14,260	4,375,472

Insurance

contracts

measured

under the

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Total

Consolidated and separate financial statements
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Insurance

contracts

measured

under the

Insurance

contracts.

measured

under the

	under the general measurement model	under the premium allocation approach	variable fee approach	
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance				
contracts held				
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -				
Contracts not measured under the				
premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(161,194)		-	(161,194)
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(15,262)			(15,262)
Contractual service margin				
recognised for services provided	(13,198)		-	(13,198)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
not measured under the premium				
allocation approach	(189,654)	-	-	(189,654)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
measured under the premium				
allocation approach	·	(140,186)	-	(140,186)
The impact of changes in the risks of the				
reinsurer's inability to meet its				
obligations	(128)		-	(128)
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	193,585	96,980		290,565
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	(10,433)			(10,433)
Net expenses from reinsurance				
contracts held	(6,630)	(43,206)		(49,836)
Insurance service result	1,929,742	70,033	8,107	2,007,882

	Consolid	lated and separa	te financial state	ments	
	For the	six-month period	d ended June 30,	2024	
	(Restated)				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage  Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses  Change in risk adjustment for	3,545,336	•	15,560	3,560,896	
nonfinancial risk for risk expired Contractual service margin	(46,946)	-	403	(46,543)	
recognised for services provided	1,948,857	-	1,015	1,949,872	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	442,551	-	465	443,016	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not measured under the PAA	5,889,798		17,443	5,907,241	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured					
under the PAA		839,366	-	839,366	
Total insurance revenue	5,889,798	839,366	17,443	6,746,607	
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services -	3,463,267	856,006	13,044	4,332,317	
Changes in cash flows to complete the					
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	186,645			186,645	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	40,677	-	42	40,719	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition					
cash flows	442,551	-	465	443,016	
Total insurance service expenses	4,133,140	856,006	13,551	5,002,697	

Insurance

contracts

measured

under the

general

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Total

Consolidated and separate financial statements

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2024

(Restated)

Insurance

contracts

measured

under the

premium

Insurance

contracts

measured

under the

variable

	measurement model (see Note 7.1)	allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	fee approach (see Note 7.3)	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held				
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -				
Contracts not measured under the				
premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(159,825)			(159,825)
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(9,944)		-	(9,944)
Contractual service margin				
recognised for services provided	(2,491)	N=	-	(2,491)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
not measured under the premium				
allocation approach	(172,260)			(172,260)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts measured under the premium				
allocation approach	-	(62,482)	-	(62,482)
The impact of changes in the risks of the reinsurer's inability to meet its				
obligations	536	-	-	536
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims	154,801	88,540		243,341
Net expenses from reinsurance				
contracts held	(16,923)	26,058		9,135
Insurance service result	1,739,735	9,418	3,892 <sup>.</sup>	1,753,045

#### 22. GAIN (LOSS) ON REVALUATION

Gain (loss) on revaluation for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolida	ited and separa	te financial sta	tements
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,		For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)
Unrealised gain (loss) on remeasuring investment at fair value through profit or loss Gain (loss) on foreign exchange forward	582,630	(85,646)	129,264	(105,757)
contracts	51,711	(70,407)	(7,371)	(375,359)
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange rate	(472,796)	31,312	(389,798)	857,361
Gain (loss) on cross currency swap contracts Gain (loss) on revaluation of fair value of	251,905	(21,118)	226,345	(489,749)
forward contracts	(8,521)	8,719	(5,241)	18,224
Gain (loss) on revaluation of fair value of bond forward contracts	604,742	(87,774)	715,755	(34,493)
Total gain (loss) on revaluation	1,009,671	(224,914)	668,954	(129,773)

#### 23. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group and the Company use the market approach to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards, except when there is no active market or when a quoted market price is not available. The Group and the Company use the appropriate measurement techniques which are cost approach or income approach.

### Fair value hierarchy

In applying the above-mentioned valuation techniques, the Company endeavor to use relevant observable inputs as much as possible.

TFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" establishes a fair value hierarchy categorising such inputs into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets and liabilities whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had the following assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different fair value hierarchy as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

Consolidated and separate linancial statements				
June 30, 2025				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
			1= 510	
-	•	-	47,642	
-	1,153,115	-	1,153,115	
	798,448	-	798,448	
3,211	13,750	-	16,961	
9,199,288	6,188,971	1,694,448	17,082,707	
18,708,743		1,350,880	20,059,623	
-	265,554,874	3,552,428	269,107,302	
-		165,331	165,331	
-		746,716	746,716	
			*	
_	75,312		75,312	
120		-	6,422	
-	1,608		1,608	
	Level 1	June 3 Level 1 Level 2  - 47,642 - 1,153,115 - 798,448  3,211 13,750 9,199,288 6,188,971  18,708,743 - 265,554,874  75,312 - 6,422	June 30, 2025           Level 1         Level 2         Level 3           -         47,642         -           -         1,153,115         -           -         798,448         -           3,211         13,750         -           9,199,288         6,188,971         1,694,448           18,708,743         -         1,350,880           -         265,554,874         3,552,428           -         -         165,331           -         746,716           -         75,312         -           -         6,422         -	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

	Consone	lated and separa		tolli, oli ob	
	December 31, 2024 (Restated)				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Derivative assets					
Forward exchange contracts	-	106,809	-	106,809	
Bond forward contracts	-	432,806		432,806	
Cross currency swap contracts		508,503		508,503	
Investment at fair value through profit or					
loss					
Equity instruments	5,650	11,824		17,474	
Debt instruments	8,018,398	6,408,813	2,079,752	16,506,963	
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Equity instruments	24,460,592	_	1,381,437	25,842,029	
Debt instruments	,	251,564,354	3,309,532	254,873,886	
Assets for which fair value were disclosed					
Investment properties		-	166,232	166,232	
Loans and accrued interest receivables					
Mortgage loans	57.7	-	1,113,052	1,113,052	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value Derivative liabilities					
Forward exchange contracts	-	36,731	-	36,731	
Bond forward contracts		1,868	_	1,868	
Cross currency swap contracts	-	9,554	-	9,554	

### Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 2 valuations

- a) The fair value of investments in debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income, excluding unit trusts, have been determined by using the yield curve as announced by the Thai Bond Market Association or by other relevant bodies.
- b) The fair value of investments in unit trusts at fair value through other comprehensive income and investment assets of the insured have been determined by using the net asset value per unit as announced by the fund managers.
- c) For derivatives, their fair values have been determined by using fair values obtained from their counterparties, who are banks.

### Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 3 valuations

- a) The fair value of investments in equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income has been determined by using price to book value ratio by comparing with other investment in the same industry, dividend discount model, and discount cashflow model.
- b) The fair value of investments in debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income are determined by using discounted cash flow method based on the reference interest rate as a discount rate.
- c) The fair value of investment property has been determined based on valuation performed by an independent appraiser. The fair value of the office building held for rent has been determined using the cost approach. The approach was estimated current replacement cost less accumulated depreciation and add with fair value of land.

- d) The fair value of policy loans is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the interest rate of interest-free bonds.
- e) The fair value of mortgage loans is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the current market interest rate of loans with similar terms and conditions. Thus, carrying value presented in the financial statements is close to fair value.

Reconciliation of financial assets which consisted of equity and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income and categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is presented as follows

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025 **Debt securities Equity securities** 1,479,437 3,309,532 Balances - beginning of the period (44,608)(98,000)287,504 (30,557)Gain (loss) recognised in other comprehensive income 3,552,428 1,350,880 Balances - end of the period (Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2024 (Restated) **Equity securities Debt securities** 2,944,625 1,262,652 Balances - beginning of the year 98,000 103,532 Purchase 1,075 Matured

260,300

3,309,532

118,785

1,479,437

During the current period, there was no transfer between the fair value hierarchy.

Fair value of the following assets and liabilities resemble carrying value:

- Cash and cash equivalents
- · Accrued investment income

Gain recognised in other comprehensive income

Balances - end of the year

• Deposit at banks with maturity date over 3 months

### 24. LOSS FROM EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, loss from expected credit loss consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate

		financial sta		
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,		For the si periods June	ended
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)
Reversal (recognition) on expected credit loss				
Debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income	23,721	(37,344)	40,256	(33,845)
Loans and accrued interest receivables	(174,850)	2,032	(173,190)	3,318
Others		-	-	(55)
Total	(151,129)	(35,312)	(132,934)	(30,582)

## 25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Consolidated fina For the three-mor	nth periods ended	Separate financial statements For the three-month periods ender June 30,		
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	
Net profits (Thousand Baht) Number of share capital	2,128,385	982,985	2,128,926	982,688	
(Thousand shares)	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	
Basic earnings per share * (Baht per share)	1.25	0.58	1.25	0.58	

<sup>\*</sup> Earnings per share for equity holders of the Company.

	Consolidated fine For the six-m ended J	onth periods	Separate financial statemen For the six-month periods ended June 30,		
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	
Net profits (Thousand Baht) Number of share capital	3,317,470	2,104,829	3,317,414	2,103,323	
(Thousand shares)	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	
Basic earnings per share * (Baht per share)	1.94	1.23	1.94	1.23	

<sup>\*</sup> Earnings per share for equity holders of the Company.

#### 26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. The relationship is summarised below.

- 1. The subsidiary which is BLA Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.
- 2. Related companies include companies with relationship as follows:
  - 2.1 Related by way of common shareholders
  - 2.2 Related by way of common directors
  - 2.3 Major shareholders are close relatives with the Company's directors.
- 3. Directors and Executives refer to the Company's director, the Company's executives in managing director level and in division head level.
- 4. Related persons refer to the directors, executives and close relative persons.

During the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Group and the Company had significant business transactions with its related parties. Such transactions which have been concluded on commercial terms and as agreed upon in the ordinary course of business between the Group and the Company and those parties were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements					
	For the thre		For the si			
	periods		periods ended June 30,			
	June 2025	2024	2025	2024	Pricing policy	
	2025	2021				
Related parties						
Written premium	9,198	4,540	21,402	15,923	Normal commercial terms for underwriting	
Interest income	27,889	17,402	51,051	34,674	Same rates as those offered	
- deposits at banks,					by financial institutions and	
promissory notes and					related companies to	
debentures					general customers	
Interest income - mortgage	1,777	D. Tr	3,609		Same rates as the Group and	
loans					the Company charged to general borrowers who	
					mortgage assets as collateral	
Dividend income	173,113	150,790	214,200	188,868	The declared amount	
Other income from investment	802	452	1,592	872	Normal commercial terms on contracts	
Fee and service income	2,562	4,208	6,511	9,155	Rate on agreements	
Brokerage income from securities trading	13,885	16,024	28,801	31,606	Normal commercial terms for securities brokerage	
Gain (loss) on forward and cross currency swap	(30,902)	(69,414)	(81,071)	(351,876)	Normal commercial terms on contracts	
contracts						

	Cor	nsolidated fina			
	For the three periods June	ended	For the si periods June	ended	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	Pricing policy
Commission and brokerage	264,263	307,896	577,378	630,916	At a mutually agreed percentage of written premium
Claim payment and diagnosis charge	13,768	13,356	26,920	30,688	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Bank charges	45,444	46,002	99,307	90,135	Same rates as those charged by financial institutions and related companies to
					general customers
Insurance premium	830	856	1,998	1,676	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Building space, rental and services	814	864	1,635	1,745	Rate on agreements
Other services	699	638	1,412	1,363	Normal commercial terms on contracts

	S	eparate finan			
	For the three-month For the six-month periods ended periods ended				
	June	30,	June	30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	Pricing policy
Subsidiary					
Written premium		-	213	189	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Rental and service income	99	102	201	207	Rate on agreements as those charged by rental and service fees per square meter per month
Related parties					
Written premium	9,198	4,540	21,402	15,923	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Interest income - deposits at banks, promissory notes and debentures	27,867	17,373	51,029	34,645	Same rates as those offered by financial institutions and related companies to general customers
Interest income - mortgage loans	1,777		3,609	•	Same rates as the Group and the Company charged to general borrowers who mortgage assets as collateral

	S	eparate finan				
	For the thr		For the s	ix-month s ended		
	periods June			e 30,		
- 5 7 7	2025	2024	2025	2024	Pricing policy	
Dividend income	173,113	150,790	214,200	188,868	The declared amount	
Other income from investment	802	452	1,592	872	Normal commercial terms on contracts	
Brokerage income from securities trading	13,885	16,024	28,801	31,606	Normal commercial terms for securities brokerage	
Gain (loss) on forward and cross currency swap contracts	(30,902)	(69,414)	(81,071)	(351,876)	Normal commercial terms on contracts	
Commission and brokerage	264,263	307,896	577,378	630,916	At a mutually agreed percentage of written premium	
Claim payment and diagnosis charge	13,768	13,356	26,920	30,688	Normal commercial terms for underwriting	
Bank charges	45,417	45,975	99,254	90,082	Same rates as those charged by financial institutions and related companies to general customers	
Insurance premium	830	856	1,998	1,676	Normal commercial terms for underwriting	
Building space, rental and services	814	864	1,635	1,745	Rate on agreements	
Other services	699	638	1,412	1,363	Normal commercial terms on contracts	

For the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2025, the premium generated from the Bancassurance distribution channel represented approximately 50.27% and 50.64% of total net written premium, respectively (For the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2024, approximately 56.46% and 54.97% of total net written premium, respectively)

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balance of the accounts between the Company and those related parties were as follows:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Subsidiary				
Other liabilities				
Deposits	-	-	66	66
Accrued expenses	-	. <u> </u>		2,250
Total other liabilities	-		66	2,316
Related parties				
Deposit at financial institutions				
(included in cash and cash equivalents)	1,025,541	1,196,671	1,001,456	1,175,565
Investment assets				
Investment in securities	10,430,033	10,985,617	10,430,033	10,985,617
Forward and cross currency swap				
contract receivables	3,669,233	5,084,710	3,669,233	5,084,710
Bond interest receivables	33,440	29,400	33,440	29,400
Other assets	5,529	7,796	2,222	1,008
Outstanding claims	2,179	5,445	2,179	5,445
Forward and cross currency swap				
contract payables	3,694,584	5,028,991	3,694,584	5,028,991
Other liabilities	112,841	240,667	108,715	235,029

## Directors and key management's benefits

During the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, employee benefit expenses to directors and key management were as follows:

	(Unit : Million Bacterial Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	For the three-month periods ended June 30,		For the six-month periods ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Short-term employee benefits	25.41	23.31	55.95	50.73	
Long-term employee benefits	0.85	0.70	1.70	1.40	
Total directors and key management's benefits	26.26	24.01	57.65	52.13	

### 27. ASSETS PLACED WITH THE REGISTRAR

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the following assets have been placed as securities with the Registrar in accordance with the Life Insurance Act.

Consolidated and separ	(Unit: Thousand Baht) rate financial statements
June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Fair value	Fair value
28,237	26,016
28,237	26,016
	June 30, 2025 Fair value 28,237

#### 28. ASSETS RESERVED WITH THE REGISTRAR

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the following securities have been placed as reserves with the Registrar in accordance with the Life Insurance Act.

Unit: Thousand Baht) rate financial statements
December 31, 2024
Fair value
74,496,421
74,496,421

Government bonds Total

### 29. DIVIDENDS PAID

Dividends declared during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

Approved by	Total dividend (Million Baht)	Dividend per share (Baht)
Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 9, 2025 and	(Minion Dane)	(Dant)
the OIC on April 3, 2025	813	0.48
e period 2025	813	0.48
Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 24, 2024 and		
the OIC on April 3, 2024	341	0.20
e period 2024	341	0.20
	Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 9, 2025 and the OIC on April 3, 2025 e period 2025  Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 24, 2024 and	Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 9, 2025 and the OIC on April 3, 2025  e period 2025  Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders on April 24, 2024 and the OIC on April 3, 2024  341

#### 30. COMMITMENTS

- 30.1 As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had commitments to pay contingent liabilities from the construction building agreement with local companies amounting to Baht 0.32 million and Baht 0.32 million, respectively.
- 30.2 The Group and the Company entered into several operating lease agreements in respect of the lease of office building space, motor vehicles and equipment. The terms of the agreements were generally between 1 and 5 years for leases of building space and were generally between 1 and 5 years for leases of motor vehicles and equipment. Such agreements were non-cancellable.

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments required under these non-cancellable operating lease contracts were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated a	and separate financ	ial statements	
	As at June 30, 2025			
		Pay within		
	1 year	2 - 5 years	Total	
Operating lease agreements	7.63	6.64	14.27	
Service agreements	15.39	-	15.39	
Total	23.02	6.64	29.66	
	(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements			
	As at December 31, 2024			
	W	Pay within		
	1 year	2 - 5 years	Total	
Operating lease agreements	8.12	8.79	16.91	
Service agreements	2.38		2.38	
Total	10.50	8.79	. 19.29	

The Group and the Company recognised rental expense derived from the operating leases for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 amounting to Baht 2.37 million and Baht 4.91 million, respectively (for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 amounting to Baht 2.86 million and Baht 5.83 million, respectively).

- As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had bank guarantee issued by banks amounting to Baht 2.9 million and Baht 2.9 million, respectively.
- 30.4 The Company entered into Accreting Investment Bill of Exchange agreement with as domestic commercial bank, which required the Company to annually invest in the bill of exchange during 2023 to 2027.

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company's commitments to pay the investment required under the agreement were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements As at June 30, 2025 Pay within 1 year 2 - 4 years Total 180 60 120 Bill of exchange agreement 120 180 60 Total

# (Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated and separate financial

	As at December 31, 2024				
	Pay within				
	1 year	2 - 4 years	Total		
Bill of exchange agreement	60	120	180		
Total	60	120	180		
	The second secon				

### 31. LITIGATION

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company was sued in litigation cases, which have yet to be finalised, regarding compensation of claims totaling approximately Baht 6 million and Baht 5 million, respectively. The Company has not yet provided for any provision for loss on such cases since there has been uncertainty with respect to the outcome of the cases.

#### EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD 32.

On August 13, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors' meeting approved the dividend payment of Baht 0.38 per share to the Company's ordinary shareholders. The payment of dividend was approved by the Office of Insurance Commission.

#### 33. RECLASSIFICATIONS

The statements of financial position as at January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024 have been reclassified to conform the classification used in the current period's financial statements but there is no effect to previously reported net profit or shareholder's equity. The reclassification are as follows.

Items	Previous presentation	Current presentation	Consolidated and separate financial statements (Thousand Baht)
Statement of financ	ial position as at 1 January	y 2024	
Investment assets of	Other assets	Debt instruments	144,172
the insured		Equity instruments	8,080
Statement of financ	ial position as at December	r 31, 2024	
Investment assets of	Other assets	Debt instruments	283,857
the insured		Equity instruments	11,824

The consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 have been reclassified to conform to the above reclassifications.

#### APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 34.

These interim financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 13, 2025.