BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Financial Statements

Three-month period ended March 31, 2025



บริษัท ดีลอยท์ ทู้ช โธมัทสุ ไชยยศ สอบบัญชี จำกัด อาคาร เอไอเอ สาทร ทาวเวอร์ ชั้น 23-27 11/1 ถนนสาทรใต้ แขวงยานนาวา เขตสาทร กรุงเทพฯ 10120

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY THE INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary and the separate statement of financial position of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited as at March 31, 2025, and the related consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and the condensed notes to the financial statements. The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Thai Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".



Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2.7 to the interim financial statements that the Group and the Company have adopted a set of Financial Reporting Standards related to financial instruments, and Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts", which became effective for fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Group and the Company elected retrospective approach for applying such standards. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Chavala Tienpasertkij

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)
Registration No. 4301

BANGKOK May 14, 2025

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU JAIYOS AUDIT CO., LTD.

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

			Consolidated			Separate	
		fī	nancial statemen	ts	fi	nancial statemen	ts
*		(Unaudited but reviewed)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited but reviewed)	(Audited)	(Audited)
		March 31,	December 31,	January 1,	March 31,	December 31,	January 1,
		2025	2024	2024	2025	2024	2024
	Notes		(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	8	6,785,244	10,522,578	16,083,827	6,764,225	10,501,471	16,065,650
Accrued investment income		2,367,438	1,150,703	1,470,634	2,367,438	1,150,703	1,470,634
Insurance contract assets	6, 7	31,115	89,104	39,747	31,115	89,104	39,747
Reinsurance contract assets	6, 7	580,145	608,835	782,526	580,145	608,835	782,526
Debt instruments	9	276,012,210	271,096,992	264,956,578	276,012,210	271,096,992	264,956,578
Equity instruments	10	21,984,361	25,847,679	27,892,087	21,984,361	25,847,679	27,892,087
Derivative assets	11	1,081,104	1,048,118	342,957	1,081,104	1,048,118	342,957
Loans and accrued interest receivables	12	969,571	1,113,107	1,797,135	969,571	1,113,107	1,797,135
Investments in a subsidiary	13	=	-	-	23,760	23,760	23,760
Investment properties	14	120,747	121,662	125,372	120,747	121,662	125,372
Property, plant and equipment	15	1,921,545	1,923,762	2,002,762	1,921,545	1,923,762	2,002,762
Goodwill		4,955	4,955	4,955	4	-	~
Intangible assets		123,312	126,591	121,142	123,312	126,591	121,142
Deferred tax assets	16	1,167,590	1,046,924	1,660,194	1,167,590	1,046,924	1,660,194
Other assets	17	1,023,391	704,438	480,204	1,011,425	693,988	465,762
TOTAL ASSETS		314,172,728	315,405,448	317,760,120	314,158,548	315,392,696	317,746,306

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

			Consolidated			Separate	
		fi	nancial statement	S	fi	nancial statement	8
		(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited	(Audited)	(Audited)
		but reviewed)			but reviewed)		
		March 31,	December 31,	January 1,	March 31,	December 31,	January 1,
		2025	2024	2024	2025	2024	2024
	Notes		(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
LIABILITIES							
Insurance contract liabilities	6, 7	265,016,875	265,908,994	272,368,786	265,016,875	265,908,994	272,368,786
Reinsurance contract liabilities	6, 7	20,476	27,412	41,526	20,476	27,412	41,526
Other financial liabilities		251,122	255,346	206,780	251,122	255,346	206,780
Derivative liabilities	11	62,088	48,153	133,704	62,088	48,153	133,704
Income tax payable		86,214	86,214	25,093	86,214	86,214	25,093
Employee benefit obligations	18	244,184	233,764	217,539	242,771	232,351	216,441
Other liabilities	19	738,729	781,990	739,963	732,970	777,056	731,298
Total liabilities		266,419,688	267,341,873	273,733,391	266,412,516	267,335,526	273,723,628
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Share capital							
Authorized share capital							
1,708,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000	1,708,000
Issued and paid-up share capital							
1,707,566,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each,							
fully paid		1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566
Premium on share capital		3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993	3,360,993
Retained earnings							
Appropriated							
Legal reserve		170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800	170,800
General reserve		400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	100,000
Unappropriated		38,460,827	38,528,200	34,823,259	38,454,140	38,522,110	34,819,498
Other component of shareholders' equity							
Insurance and reinsurance finance reserve							
- net of income taxes		(11,713,605)	(7,880,907)	(90,306)	(11,713,605)	(7,880,907)	(90,306)
Revaluation surplus on investment							
through other comprehensive income							
- net of income taxes		15,091,475	11,536,627	3,584,015	15,091,475	11,536,627	3,584,015
Revaluation surplus on cash flow hedge derivative	es						
- net of income taxes		274,663	239,981	70,112	274,663	239,981	70,112
Shareholders' equity attributable to owners of the Com	ipany	47,752,719	48,063,260	44,026,439	47,746,032	48,057,170	44,022,678
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		321	315	290			
Total shareholders' equity		47,753,040	48,063,575	44,026,729	47,746,032	48,057,170	44,022,678
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	,	314,172,728	315,405,448	317,760,120	314,158,548	315,392,696	317,746,306

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(01.22.7.22.0	USAND BAHI)
		Consol		Sepa	
		financial s		financial s	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Notes		(Restated)		(Restated)
Insurance revenue	20,21	3,178,824	3,844,412	3,178,878	3,844,460
Insurance service expenses	20,21	(2,235,082)	(2,982,364)	(2,235,082)	(2,982,364)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	20,21	(35,485)	17,877	(35,485)	17,877
Insurance service result	20,21	908,257	879,925	908,311	879,973
Investment income	20	2,464,547	2,653,366	2,464,547	2,653,366
Gain on financial instrument, net	20	339,452	106,471	339,452	106,471
Gain (loss) on revaluation	20,22	(340,717)	95,141	(340,717)	95,141
Loss from expected credit loss	20,24	18,195	4,730	18,195	4,730
Net investment income	20	2,481,477	2,859,708	2,481,477	2,859,708
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	20	(2,217,899)	(2,297,876)	(2,217,899)	(2,297,876)
Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts held	20	(4,491)	(1,186)	(4,491)	(1,186)
Net insurance finance expenses	20	(2,222,390)	(2,299,062)	(2,222,390)	(2,299,062)
Net insurance and investment result	20	259,087	560,646	259,087	560,646
Other finance cost	20	-	(9,134)	-	(9,134)
Other operating expenses	20	(99,838)	(124,325)	(96,147)	(120,750)
Other income	20	61,711	50,789	57,363	45,946
Profit before income tax	20	1,129,217	1,357,901	1,128,614	1,356,681
Income tax expenses (revenue)	16,20	(59,874)	236,046	(59,874)	236,046
Net profit for the periods	20	1,189,091	1,121,855	1,188,488	1,120,635
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods attributable to					
Shareholders' equity of the Company		1,189,085	1,121,844	1,188,488	1,120,635
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		6	11		
	_	1,189,091	1,121,855		

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

"UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(OMI : IIIO	COAND DAMI
		Consol		Sepa financial s	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Notes		(Restated)		(Restated)
Net profit for the periods		1,189,091	1,121,855	1,188,488	1,120,635
Other comprehensive income (loss)	,	1,100,001		1,100,100	1,120,030
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on investment in debt instrument at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		5,110,257	4,193,553	5,110,257	4,193,553
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges derivatives at fair value		43,352	107,660	43,352	107,660
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued		(4,737,520)	(3,281,236)	(4,737,520)	(3,281,236)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held		(53,352)	(20,667)	(53,352)	(20,667)
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		(72,547)	(199,862)	(72,547)	(199,862)
Total items that may be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		290,190	799,448	290,190	799,448
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		270,170	122,110		,,,,,,
Gain (loss) on financial liabilities designated at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		(1,923,155)	(387,938)	(1,923,155)	(387,938)
Actuarial gain (loss)		-	18,118	_	18,118
Income taxes relating to items that will not be reclassifies to profit or loss		133,339	49,753	133,339	49,753
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss - net of income taxes		(1,789,816)	(320,067)	(1,789,816)	(320,067)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the periods - net of income taxes		(1,499,626)	479,381	(1,499,626)	479,381
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods		(310,535)	1,601,236	(311,138)	1,600,016
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the periods attributable to					
Shareholders' equity of the Company		(310,541)	1,601,225	(311,138)	1,600,016
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		6	11		
,		(310,535)	1,601,236		
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share	25	0.70	0.66	0.70	0.66
	-				

(UNIT: THOUSAND BAHT)

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

							Consoli	Consolidated financial statements				
						Shareholders'	Shareholders' equity attributable to owner of the Company	of the Company				
						1	Other o	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity			
							Revaluation surplus				Shareholders'	
					Retained earnings	ings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	Total shareholders'	equity attributable	
		Issued and		Appro	Appropriated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	equity attributable	to non-controlling	
		paid-up	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	to owners of	interests of	
	Note	share capital	Note share capital share capital	reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	the Company	the subsidiary	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2024 as proviously reported		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	37,254,526	1,470,994	70,112		44,434,991	290	44 435 281
Impact of initial adoption of TFRS 9 and TFRS 17	2.7				i	(2,431,267)	2,113,021	,	(90,306)	(408,552)		(408.552)
Balance as at January 1, 2024 - Restated		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	34,823,259	3,584,015	70,112	(90,306)	44,026,439	290	44,026,729
Profit for the period						1,121,844				1,121,844	=	1,121,855
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period												
Gain on investment at fair value through												
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes					•	٠	3,020,282	•		3,020,282		3,020,282
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at												
fair value - net of income taxes		٠	r				·	86,128		86,128		86,128
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued		•	e	•	i		E		(2,624,989)	(2,624,989)		(2,624,989)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held		•		•	•	e	٠		(16,534)	(16,534)		(16,534)
Actuarial gain (loss)		•		•	٠	14,494			,	14,494	,	14,494
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period						1,136,338	3,020,282	86,128	(2,641,523)	1,601,225	=	1,601,236
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon												-
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI						(121,057)	121,057	•	e	·		
Balance as at March 31, 2024		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	35,838,540	6,725,354	156,240	(2,731,829)	45,627,664	301	45,627,965

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

"UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

(UNIT: THOUSAND BAHT)

						Co	Consolidated financial statements	nts			
					Shareholders	Shareholders' equity attributable to owner of the Company	r of the Company				
						Other c	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity			
						Revaluation surplus				Shareholders'	
				Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	Total shareholders'	equity attributable	
	Issued and	P	Appr	Appropriated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	equity attributable	to non-controlling	
	paid-up	Premium on	n Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	to owners of	interests of	
	Note share cap	share capital share capital	al reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	the Company	the subsidiary	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2025 - Restated	1,707,566	66 3,360,993	3 170,800	400,000	38,528,200	11,536,627	239,981	(7,880,907)	48,063,260	315	48,063,575
Profit for the period	٠				1,189,085				1,189,085	9	1.189.091
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period											
Gain on investment at fair value through	_										
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes		•	·	•		2,298,390			2,298,390	,	2.298.390
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at	*										
fair value - net of income taxes	•	•	•		•		34,682		34,682		34,682
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued	•	•	e			·		(3,790,016)	(3,790,016)		(3,790,016)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held	•	•	•		•			(42,682)	(42,682)		(42,682)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	•	٠			1,189,085	2,298,390	34,682	(3,832,698)	(310,541)	9	(310,535)
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon											
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI					(1,256,458)	1,256,458	r	•			
Balance as at March 31, 2025	1,707,566	3,360,993	3 170,800	400,000	38,460,827	15,091,475	274,663	(11,713,605)	47,752,719	321	47,753,040

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

	,					6	Separate financial statements	ın.		
						•	Other con	Other component of shareholders' equity	quity	
							Revaluation surplus			
				2	Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	
		Issued and		Appropriated	riated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	
		paid-up	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	
	Note	Note share capital	share capital	гезегуе	гезетуе	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2024 as previously reported		1.707.566	3.360.993	170 800	400 000	37 750 7F	1 470 004	511.05		000 100 10
										007,107,77
Impact of initial adoption of TFRS 9 and TFRS 17	2.7				×	(2,431,267)	2,113,021	•	(90,306)	(408,552)
Balance as at January 1, 2024 - Restated		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	34,819,498	3,584,015	70,112	(90,306)	44,022,678
Profit for the period						1,120,635	Y			1,120,635
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period										
Gain (loss) on investment at fair value through										
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes		,	•			•	3,020,282	•.0	·	3,020,282
Gain on measuring cash flow hedge derivatives at										
fair value - net of income taxes		ŧ						86,128	ı	86,128
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued			•		a	9	•		(2,624,989)	(2,624,989)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held			•		ı		•		(16,534)	(16,534)
Actuarial gain (loss)						14,494			,	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period						1,135,129	3,020,282	86,128	(2,641,523)	1,600,016
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon										
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI		•				(121,057)	121,057		•	
Balance as at March 31, 2024		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	35,833,570	6,725,354	156,240	(2,731,829)	45,622,694

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

						Sepi	Separate financial statements			
						•	Other co	Other component of shareholders' equity	equity	
							Revaluation surplus			
				1	Retained earnings	nings	on investment	Revaluation surplus	Insurance and	
		Issued and	,	Appro	Appropriated		through other	on cash flow	reinsurance	
		paid-up	Premium on	Legal	General		comprehensive income	hedge derivatives	finance reserve	
	Note	Note share capital	share capital	reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	- net of income taxes	Total
Dollars of L										
Balance as at January 1, 2025 - Restated	٠	1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	38,522,110	11,536,627	239,981	(7,880,907)	48,057,170
Profit for the period	9					1,188,488				1,188,488
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period										
Gain (loss) on investment at fair value through										
other comprehensive income - net of income taxes						1	2,298,390		,	2.298.390
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedge derivatives at										
fair value - net of income taxes		e					•	34,682	3	34,682
Finance expenses from insurance contracts issued			•	•			ā		(3,790,016)	(3,790,016)
Finance income from reinsurance contracts held		1		1			٠		(42,682)	(42,682)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period						1,188,488	2,298,390	34,682	(3,832,698)	(311,138)
Transfer of investment revaluation reserve upon										
disposal of equity investments designated as at FVOCI						(1,256,458)	1,256,458		٠	
Balance as at March 31, 2025		1,707,566	3,360,993	170,800	400,000	38,454,140	15,091,475	274,663	(11,713,605)	47,746,032

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 "UNAUDITED BUT REVIEWED"

				(0.111.111	OCCULIA DIELLI)
		Consoli		Separ financial st	
		financial st			
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Note		(Restated)		(Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities					
Gross written premium from direct insurance		8,801,341	7,875,889	8,801,394	7,875,936
Cash paid from reinsurance		(151,447)	(157,927)	(151,447)	(157,927)
Amounts received from reinsurers		79,873	92,242	79,873	92,242
Interest income		1,002,495	1,357,792	1,002,495	1,357,792
Dividend income		204,777	193,244	204,777	193,244
Other investment income		6,811	2,927	6,811	2,927
Other income		60,619	48,726	57,363	45,946
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses		(14,739,215)	(24,512,074)	(14,739,215)	(24,512,074)
Insurance acquisition cash flows		(907,933)	(862,261)	(907,933)	(862,261)
Operating expenses		(197,230)	(258,354)	(193,939)	(254,646)
Corporate income taxes		(11,380)	(19,202)	(11,380)	(19,202)
Cash received - financial assets		6,194,811	5,276,178	6,194,811	5,276,178
Cash paid - financial assets		(4,051,885)	(2,594,443)	(4,051,885)	(2,594,443)
Net cash - financial liabilities		(4,224)	34,144	(4,224)	34,144
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(3,712,587)	(13,523,119)	(3,712,499)	(13,522,144)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Net cash flows for purchases and disposals of					
property, plant and equipment		(24,747)	4,954	(24,747)	4,954
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(24,747)	4,954	(24,747)	4,954
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,737,334)	(13,518,165)	(3,737,246)	(13,517,190)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of periods		10,522,578	16,083,827	10,501,471	16,065,650
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of periods	8	6,785,244	2,565,662	6,764,225	2,548,460

BANGKOK LIFE ASSURANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 "UNAUDITED"

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited (the "Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. Its major shareholder is Nippon Life Insurance Company, which was incorporated in Japan. The Company is principally engaged provision of life insurance services. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 1415, Krungthep - Nonthaburi Road, Wongsawang, Bangsue District, Bangkok 10800.

2. BASIS FOR PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 2.1 These interim consolidated and separate financial statements are prepared in Thai Baht and in compliance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and accounting practices generally accepted in Thailand. The Company presents the condensed notes to interim financial statements and in accordance with Thai accounting practices related to insurance and the accounting and reporting guidelines prescribed by the Office of Insurance Commission ("OIC"), and in accordance with the format of financial statements specified in the Notification of the OIC regarding Criteria, Procedures, Terms and Conditions for preparation and submission of financial statements of life insurance companies dated February 8, 2023, which has been effective since January 1, 2023 onwards.
- 2.2 The consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024, presented herein for comparison, have been derived from the consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and the Company for the year then ended which had been previously audited. However, the Group and the Company has initially applied TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts, which effective from January 1, 2025. In accordance with the requirements of the standard, the transition date has been determined as January 1, 2024. As a result, the Group and the Company has restated the relevant financial information from that date. The significant changes to the accounting for insurance contracts are disclosed in Note 2.7.
- 2.3 The unaudited results of operations presented in the three-month ended March 31, 2025 are not necessarily an indication nor anticipation of the operating results for the full year.
- 2.4 Certain financial information which is normally included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS, but which is not required for interim reporting purposes, has been omitted. Therefore, the interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

These consolidated and separate interim financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Group and the Company. The consolidated and separate interim financial statements in English language have been translated from the consolidated and separate interim financial statements in Thai language.

The preparation of consolidated and separate interim financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2.5 Material intercompany transactions between the Company and its subsidiary have been eliminated from the consolidated interim financial statements. The consolidated interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 have included the subsidiary's interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 which were reviewed.

The consolidated interim financial statements include the interim financial statements of Bangkok Life Assurance Public Company Limited and the following subsidiary:

Company's name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percentage (of shareholding
			March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
			%	%
BLA Insurance Broker Company Limited	Insurance broker	Thailand	99	99

The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or a subsidiary if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.

The subsidiary's interim financial statements are fully consolidated in the consolidated interim financial statements, being the date on the Company obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.

The interim financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiary that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position.

2.6 Separate interim financial statements

The separate interim financial statements, which present investments in subsidiary under the cost method, have been prepared solely for the benefit of the public.

2.7 Thai Financial Reporting Standards affecting the presentation and disclosure in the current period financial statements.

During the period, the Group and the Company has adopted the revised financial reporting standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2025. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards. Implementing these revised standards has not had a significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company. However, the new financial reporting standards, effective for the current accounting period, include significant changes in key principles as follows:

Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 "Insurance Contracts"

This financial reporting standard establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of insurance contracts. In the current year, the Group and the Company adopted Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 (TFRS 17) for the first time. The Group and the Company elected to apply the retrospective approach and recorded the net difference arising from the transition directly in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

However, the adoption of TFRS 17 did not change the definition of the Company's insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held.

Changes in recognition and measurement

The key principles of TFRS 17 are as follows:

- Identifies insurance and reinsurance contracts as those under which the Company accepts significant insurance risk from another party which is the policyholder, by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event or the insured event adversely affects the policyholder
- Separates specified embedded derivatives, distinct investment components and distinct non-insurance goods or services from insurance contracts and accounts for them in accordance with other standards, if any
- The segregation of issued insurance contracts and held reinsurance contracts into groups for recognition and measurement purposes
- Recognises and measures groups of insurance and reinsurance contracts at a riskadjusted present value of the future cash flows (the fulfilment cash flows) that incorporates all available information about the fulfilment cash flows in a way that is consistent with observable market information
- Recognises profit from a group of insurance contracts over the period the Company provides insurance coverage, as the Company is released from risk. If a group of contracts is expected to be onerous over the remaining coverage period, the Company recognises the loss immediately.

Changes in presentation and disclosure

The key presentation under TFRS 17 are as follows:

- Presenting portfolio of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, and portfolio of reinsurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities separately in the statement of financial position
- Separating in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income the insurance service result, which includes insurance revenue, insurance service expenses, and net expenses from reinsurance contracts held, from insurance finance income or expenses
- The carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts issued includes, if applicable, the assets representing cash flows from the acquisition of insurance contracts that are recognised prior to the recognition of the related group of insurance contracts
- Presenting separately the changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk between the financial and non-financial components, or presenting all changes as part of the insurance service result.

The accounting policies related to the adoption of these financial instruments standards are disclosed in Note 3.

Transition

In the current year, the Company has initially applied Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts". The Company has elected to restate comparative information as follows:

- Identifies, recognises and measures each group of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held as if TFRS 17 had always applied (full retrospective approach basis).
- Derecognises any existing balances that would not exist had TFRS 17 always applied.
- Recognises any resulting net difference in equity.

Financial Reporting Standards related to financial instruments

- TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The above standards set out principles for the classification and measurement of financial instruments at either fair value or amortised cost, based on the type of financial instrument, the contractual cash flow characteristics, and the entity's business model. They also provide guidance on the impairment of financial instruments using the expected credit loss model, principles for hedge accounting, as well as requirements for the presentation and disclosure of financial instruments.

In the current period, the Group and the Company adopted these financial instruments standards for the first time. The Group and the Company elected to apply the full retrospective approach and recorded the net difference arising from the transition directly in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

The accounting policies related to the adoption of these financial instruments standards are disclosed in Note 3.

The cumulative impact of adopting the financial instruments standards on the statements of financial position is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			Consolidat	ed financial s	tatements			
	Previous	Balance	Reclassification	Remeas	urement	Others	Carrying	Category
	category	as at		ECL	Fair		amounts at	as at
		31 December 2023			Value		1 January	1 January
		as previously reported			·		2024	2024
Assets	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	The second secon	N					
Cash and cash equivalent	Amortised cost	16,083,827	*	•	*	*	16,083,827	Amortised cost
Accrued investment income	Amortised cost	1,470,634		•	-	-	1,470,634	Amortised cost
Investment in securities	Investment at	185,422,005	(185,422,005)	-	-	2	2	-
	amortised cost				4)			
	Investment at fair	103,611,665	(103,611,665)	-		-	=	·
	value through other							
	comprehensive							
	income							
	Investment at fair	5,408	(5,408)	•	-	-	=	(40)
	value through profit							
	or loss							
Financial assets - debt	Investment at fair	-	250,229,577	(159,984)	(3,649,602)	-	254,039,163	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair		10,917,415		•	•	10,917,415	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Financial assets - equity	Investment at fair	-	27,886,678	-	-	2	27,886,678	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair	=	5,408	-	*	-	5,408	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss					(profit or loss
Loans and accrued interest	Amortised cost	11,607,322	•	150	-	(9,810,188)*	1,797,134	Amortised cost
receivable, net					(5(5,550)	BC2 050*	1 660 104	
Deferred tax assets	-	1,558,582		67541	(762,338)	863,950*	1,660,194	•
Shareholder's Equity								
Other components of	-	1,541,106	(936,329)	-	3,049,350	(90,306)*	3,563,821	•
shareholder's equity								
Unappropriated retained	-	37,254,526	936,329		(2,103)	(3,365,493)*	34,823,259	(#)
naminas (loss)								

^{*}Included the impact on the first-time adoption of TFRS 17

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements

			Separate	financial stat	ements			
	Previous	Balance	Reclassification	Remeas	urement	Others	Carrying	Category
	category	as at		ECL	Fair		amounts at	as at
		31 December 2023			Value		1 January	1 January
		as previously reported					2024	2024
Assets	-	(-	-	
Cash and cash equivalent	Amortised cost	16,065,650		-	-	-	16,065,650	Amortised cost
Accrued investment income	Amortised cost	1,470,634	*		*	-	1,470,634	Amortised cost
Investment in securities	Investment at	185,422,005	(185,422,005)				-	-
	amortised cost							
	Investment at fair	103,611,665	(103,611,665)	10 .		-		
	value through other							
	comprehensive							
	income							
	Investment at fair	5,408	(5,408)	-	i .			•
	value through profit							
	or loss							
Financial assets - debt	Investment at fair	*	250,229,577	(159,984)	(3,649,602)	-	254,039,163	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
*	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair	2	10,917,415	-	•	-	10,917,415	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Financial assets - equity	Investment at fair	-	27,886,678		-	-	27,886,678	Investment at fair
instruments	value through other							value through
	comprehensive							other
	income							comprehensive
								income
	Investment at fair	<u> </u>	5,408	•	-		5,408	Investment at fair
	value through profit							value through
	or loss							profit or loss
Loans and accrued interest	Amortised cost	11,607,322		•	-	(9,810,188)*	1,797,134	Amortised cost
receivable, net								
Deferred tax assets	•	1,558,582	-		(762,338)	863,950*	1,660,194	•
Shareholder's Equity								
Other components of	-	1,541,106	(936,329)	-	3,049,350	(90,306)*	3,563,821	()
shareholder's equity								
Unappropriated retained		37,250,765	936,329	-	(2,103)	(3,365,493)*	34,819,498	
earnings (loss)								

^{*}Included the impact on the first-time adoption of TFRS 17

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim financial statements have been prepared based on basis, material accounting policy information and method of computation consistent with those used in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 except for significant changes in accounting policies arising from the adoption of Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 "Insurance Contracts" and Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 9 "Financial Instruments," as follows;

3.1. Insurance contracts

3.1.1. Measurement approaches

The Company uses different measurement approaches, depending on the type of contracts, as follows:

Insurance contracts	Product classification	Measurement model
Contracts issued		
Endowment products	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Whole life contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Pension contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Mortgage Reducing Term Assurance contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Assurance contracts Term life insurance contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model and
Term me insurance contracts	histrance contracts	Premium Allocation Approach
Endowment Participation	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
contracts	msurance contracts	Contra Manager Manager
Unit link contracts	Insurance contracts with direct	Variable Fee Approach
Ollit lilik colluacis	participation features	t database 2 of 1-pp
Personal Accident contracts	Insurance contracts	General Measurement Model
Group contracts	Insurance contracts	Premium Allocation Approach
Group conducts	moditatio contracts	T.
Reinsurance contracts held		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Endowment products		
Reinsurance contract held - Whole	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
life contracts		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Pension contracts		
Reinsurance contract held -	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model
Mortgage Reducing Term		
Assurance contracts		
Reinsurance contract held - Term	Reinsurance contract held	General Measurement Model and
life insurance contracts		Premium Allocation Approach
Reinsurance contract held - Group	Reinsurance contract held	Premium Allocation Approach
contracts		

3.1.2. Classification

(1) Insurance contract consideration

Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer.

Contracts under which the company accepts significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Reinsurance contracts are also insurance contracts that need to meet the definition of an insurance contract. However, even if a reinsurance contract does not expose the reinsurer to the possibility of a significant loss, it is still deemed to transfer significant insurance risk if it transfers substantially all of the insurance risk relating to the reinsured portions of the underlying insurance contracts to the reinsurer.

To assess whether a contract qualifies as an insurance contract, the company will evaluate each contract individually at the inception date. This assessment considers all significant rights and obligations arising from the contract's terms, as well as relevant laws or regulations.

The company classified insurance contract as direct participating if the contracts for which, at inception:

- The contractual terms specify that the policyholder participates in a share of a clearly identified pool of underlying items;
- The company expects to pay to the policyholder an amount equal to a substantial share of the fair value returns on the underlying items; and
- The company expects a substantial proportion of any change in the amounts to be paid to the policyholder to vary with the change in fair value of the underlying items.

Direct participating contracts create an obligation to pay the policyholder an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying items, less a variable fee for future service. The variable fee comprises the entity's share in the fair value of the underlying items less fulfilment cash flows - e.g. amounts payable to the policyholder - that do not vary based on the underlying items.

A reinsurance contract is considered an insurance contract if it meets the insurance contract definition. However, even if the reinsurance contract does not expose the issuer to significant loss risk, it is still considered as a risk transfer arrangement. This is the case if nearly all insurance risk related to the ceded portion of the underlying insurance contract is transferred to the reinsurer.

(2) Combination of insurance contracts

A set of series of insurance contracts may have the same or related counterparties and achieve or be designed to achieve, an overall commercial effect. In this situation, it might be necessary to treat the set of series as a whole in order to report the substance of the contracts.

Groups of reinsurance contracts are established such that each group comprises a single contract. Some reinsurance contracts provide cover for underlying contracts that are included in different groups.

The company consider aggregating base plan and rider with the same counterparties as a set of contracts.

If the company enters into two or more contracts with the same counterparty, or if these contracts are related and intended to have an overall commercial effect, the company may group them as a single insurance contract to appropriately reflect the substance of the agreements. For this assessment, the company will consider whether the rights and obligations of each contract differ when viewed individually versus as a combined set. Additionally, the company must determine if it is not possible to measure the value of one component without considering other components.

(3) Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

In addition to the provision of the insurance coverage service, some insurance contracts issued by the Company have other components such as an investment component, an embedded derivative or the provision of some other distinct goods or non-insurance services.

The Company assesses its products to determine whether some of these components are distinct and need to be separated and accounted for applying other IFRS Accounting Standards. When these non-insurance components are non-distinct, they are accounted for together with the insurance component applying IFRS 17.

The Company first considers the need to separate distinct embedded derivatives and investment components, before assessing the need to separate any goods and non-insurance services component.

(3.1) Separating embedded derivatives

In circumstances where the Company issues insurance contracts that include embedded derivatives, the Company assesses whether the embedded derivative is closely related to the host insurance contract. If the embedded derivative is not closely related to the host insurance contract, it is bifurcated from the host contract and accounted for separately in accordance with IFRS 9, measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Conversely, if the embedded derivative is closely related to the host insurance contract, it is not bifurcated, and the entire contract, including the embedded derivative, is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 17.

The Company has not issued insurance contracts that include embedded derivatives.

(3.2) Separating investment components

In certain circumstances, the Company issues insurance contracts that include an investment component, where the Company is required to repay to a policyholder in all circumstances, regardless of an insured event occurring. In assessing whether an investment component is distinct and therefore required to be accounted for separately applying IFRS 9. the Company considers whether the investment and insurance components are highly interrelated.

The Company determines that the investment and insurance components are highly interrelated if:

- The Company is unable to measure one component without considering the other; or
- The policyholder is unable to benefit from one component unless the other is present, for example, if cancelling one component also results in the termination of the other.

Where no distinct investment component is identified, the Company applies IFRS 17 to account for the non-distinct investment component as part of the insurance contract.

(3.3) Separating promises to transfer distinct goods or non-insurance services

After the Company has determined whether to separate embedded derivatives and investment components, it considers the separation of any promise to transfer goods or non-insurance services embedded in the contract.

The Company separates from the host insurance contract only distinct promises to transfer goods or non-insurance services to a policyholder. Once separated, such promises are accounted for applying IFRS 15.

In determining whether an obligation to deliver a good or non-insurance service promised to a policyholder is distinct, the Company considers whether the policyholder can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources readily available to the policyholder (i.e. resources that are either sold separately or already owned by the policyholder).

A good or non-insurance service that is promised to the policyholder is not distinct if the cash flows and risks associated with the good or service are highly interrelated with the cash flows and risks associated with the insurance components. The Company provides a significant service integrating the good or non-insurance service with the insurance components.

The Company has not identified any distinct goods or non-insurance services.

(3.4) Separating insurance components of a single insurance contract

Once any embedded derivatives, investment components and the goods and services components are separated, the Company assesses whether the contract should be separated into several insurance components that, in substance, should be treated as separate contracts to reflect the substance of the transaction.

To determine whether insurance components should be recognised and measured separately, the Company considers whether:

- There is an interdependency between the different risks covered
- The components can lapse independently of each other
- The components can be priced and sold separately.

When the Company enters into one legal contract with different insurance components operating independently of each other, insurance components are recognised and measured separately applying IFRS 17

The Company has not identified any insurance components that should be separated from single insurance contract.

3.1.3. Level of aggregation

The company identify portfolios of insurance contracts that comprises contracts subject to similar risks and managed together. Each portfolio is grouped within cohort year from Year of new business and Profitability Level.

The company consider similar risk over specific product names. It has defined that all contracts within each product group established for management purposes share similar risks. Therefore, when these contracts are managed together, they constitute a portfolio. Certain products issued by different entities within the company are considered managed at the entity level, as the capital management supporting these contracts is segregated within these entities.

For reinsurance contracts, the principle of aggregation is similar to insurance contracts, which divide contracts into groups according to similarity of risks, issue date (annual cohort), and profitability. The only difference is that the reference to onerous contracts shall be replaced with a reference to contracts on which there is a net gain on initial recognition.

The company defines portfolios by grouping insurance contracts with similar risk characteristics and managed together. These are then divided into annual contract groups based on the year of issuance. Within each annual group, they may be further subdivided based on at least the following profitability levels:

- Contracts that are onerous at initial recognition.
- Contracts that, at initial recognition, have no significant possibility of becoming onerous later.
- Remaining contracts in the portfolio.

The company assumes that insurance contracts are not onerous at initial recognition unless facts or circumstances indicate otherwise. For contracts not considered onerous, the company will assess at initial recognition whether there is no significant possibility of them becoming onerous later by evaluating the likelihood of changes in related facts and circumstances.

Each group of insurance contracts will be further divided by the year of coverage, aligning with the company's financial and calendar years. Contracts within these groups are established at initial recognition and will not be regrouped thereafter.

3.1.4. Recognition and derecognition of insurance contracts

(1) Recognition

An insurance contract issued by the company is recognised from the earliest of:

- The beginning of its coverage period (i.e. the period during which the company provides services in respect of any premiums within the boundary of the contract);
- When the first payment from the policyholder becomes due or, if there is no contractual due date, when it is received from the policyholder; and
- when facts and circumstances indicate that the contract is onerous.

A group of contracts initially recognised in a reporting period only includes contracts that individually meet one of these three recognition criteria by the reporting date. New contracts are added to the group in subsequent reporting periods in which any new contracts are recognised.

A group of reinsurance contracts is recognised from the earlier of the beginning of the coverage period of the group of reinsurance contracts held and the date which the insurer recognised an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts if the insurer enters the related reinsurance contract held at or before that date.

The company shall delay the recognition of that group of reinsurance contracts held that provide proportionate coverage until the date that any underlying insurance contract is initially recognised.

(2) Contract modification and Derecognition

A contract modification is defined as a change in the terms of the contract that does not arise from an option available to the insurer and policyholder stated in the original contract terms. The change can be from an agreement between parties or a change in regulation. If the modified contract does not meet any of the derecognition conditions, the estimates of fulfilment cash flows shall be adjusted to reflect the change in future service.

An insurance contract can be derecognised in the case of:

- A specified modification to the contract;
- The contract is transferred to a third party (as a whole, including obligations for incurred claims arising from past coverage); and
- The contract ends (obligations under the contract are extinguished) e.g. death of the insured, surrender, maturity, expiration, or cancellation.

If the modification of a contract meets any of the conditions above, it is considered a specified modification and derecognition (and subsequent recognition of the modified contract in a new group) is required.

The modification and derecognition of reinsurance contracts is similar to that of the underlying insurance contracts.

Reinstatement of reinsurance contracts is not considered to be a modification or derecognition provided the terms of the contract have not been changed.

In the case that the reinsurance contract is transferred from one insurer to another due to a merger or acquisition, the contract is derecognised.

Modifications to underlying contracts affect the expected cash flows of the reinsurance contracts and are reflected in the remeasurement of the reinsurance contract. However, it would not reflect in the contractual service margin of the reinsurance contract if the contractual service margin of the underlying contract group and the related service is not adjusted.

The derecognition of the underlying contracts from their respective reinsurance contract happens when the underlying insurance contracts are expired or cancelled.

3.1.5. Measurement

- (1) Fulfilment cash flows
 - (1.1) Future cash flows within the contract boundary

For group of contract measurement, the company include all the future cash flows within the contract boundary of a group of contracts using the probability-weighted to estimate the expected value reflecting conditions existing at the measurement date, including assumptions at that date about the future. Related cashflow as follow;

- Cash inflow such as premiums
- Cash outflow such as claims, benefit payments, commissions and other related expenses.

The company adjust the estimates of future cash flows to reflect the time value of money and the financial risks related to those cash flows, to the extent that the financial risks are not included in the estimates of cashflows. The discount rates applied to the estimates of the future cash flows reflect the time value of money, the characteristics of the cash flows and the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts and consistent with observable current market prices (if any) for financial instruments with cash flows whose characteristics are consistent with those of the insurance contracts. The company use consistent assumptions to measure the estimates of the present value of the future cashflows for the group of reinsurance contracts held and the estimates of the present value of the future cash flows for the group of underlying insurance contracts including in the estimates of the present value of the future cash flows for the group of reinsurance contracts held the effect of any risk of nonperformance by the issuer of the reinsurance contract. The effect of non-performance risk recognises in profit and loss.

(1.2) Contract boundary

The company include cash flows within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the entity can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums or in which the company has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with insurance contract services.

Contract boundary ends when the company can reassess the risk and set a price if the pricing of the premiums up to the date when the risks are reassessed does not take into account the risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date or the end date of the contract.

(1.3) Acquisition cost

The company include cash flows arising from the costs of selling, underwriting and starting a group of insurance contracts (issued or expected to be issued) that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts to which the group belongs. The company allocate insurance acquisition cash flows to groups of insurance contracts using a systematic and rational method except short term contract which the company recognise acquisition cashflow in profit and loss when incurred.

Insurance acquisition cash flows incurred before the related group of insurance contracts is recognised will recognise as asset. The asset will derecognise and allocate to related group of insurance contracts when insurance contracts is recognised.

(1.4) Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The company adjust the estimate of the present value of the future cashflows to reflect the compensation that the entity requires for bearing the uncertainty about the amount and timing of the cash flows that arises from non-financial risk For Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, estimate non-financial risk apply only for liability for incurred claim.

(2) Initial recognition

(2.1) Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The company use the premium allocation approach for short-term contracts (contract boundary not more than 12 months) and test that the contract has no significantly difference of Liabilities of remaining coverage between premium allocation approach and General Measurement Model if it has coverage term longer than 1 year.

On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is measured at the premiums received on initial recognition minus any insurance acquisition cash flows allocated to the group at that date, and adjusted for any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows.

(2.2) Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

On initial recognition, the company measures a group of insurance contracts as the total of the fulfilment cash flows, which comprise estimates of future cash flows, adjusted to reflect the time value of money and the associated financial risks, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk and the contractual service margin.

The contractual service margin of a group of insurance contracts represents the unearned profit that the company will recognise as it provides services under those contracts. On initial recognition of a group of insurance contracts, if the total of (a) the fulfilment cash flows, (b) any cash flows arising at that date and (c) any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group (including assets for insurance acquisition cash flows is a net inflow, then the group is not onerous. In this case, the contractual service margin is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the net inflow, which results in no income or expenses arising on initial recognition.

For reinsurance contract, the carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;
- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the contractual service margin during the year, measured at the discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any underlying items determined on initial recognition
- Income recognised in profit or loss in the year on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts;
- Reversals of a loss-recovery component to the extent that they are not changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts;
- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, measured at the discount rates determined on initial recognition, unless they result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of onerous underlying contracts, in which case they are recognised in profit or loss and create or adjust a loss-recovery component;
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; if any; and

- The amount recognised in profit or loss because of the services received in the year.

If the total is a net outflow, then the group is onerous. In this case, the net outflow is recognized as a loss in profit or loss. A loss component is created to depict the amount of the net cash outflow, which determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of losses on onerous contracts and are excluded from insurance revenue.

The contractual service margin of a group of reinsurance contracts represents a net cost or net gain on purchasing reinsurance. It is measured as the equal and opposite amount of the total of the fulfilment cash flows, any amount arising from the derecognition of any assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows related to the group, any cash flows arising at that date and any income recognised in profit or loss because of onerous underlying contracts recognised at that date.

However, if any net cost on purchasing reinsurance coverage relates to insured events that occurred before the purchase of the group, then the company recognises the cost immediately in profit or loss as an expense.

(3) Subsequent measurement

(3.1) Contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage is increased by any premiums received and the amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows recognised as expenses, and decreased by the amount recognised as insurance revenue for services provided and any additional insurance acquisition cash flows allocated after initial recognition. On initial recognition of each group of contracts, the Group and the Company expects that the time between providing each part of the services and the related premium due date is no more than a year. Accordingly, the Group and the Company has chosen not to adjust the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and the effect of financial risk.

If at any time during the coverage period, facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous, then the company recognises a loss in profit or loss and increases the liability for remaining coverage to the extent that the current estimates of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to remaining coverage exceed the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage.

(3.2) Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach (PAA)

The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at each reporting date is the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

The liability for remaining coverage comprises of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to services that will be provided under the contracts in future periods, risk adjustments and any remaining contractual service margin at that date.

The liability for incurred claims includes the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims and expenses that have not yet been paid, including claims that have been incurred but not yet reported.

- Change in the fulfilment cash flows

The fulfilment cash flows of groups of insurance contracts are measured at the reporting date using current estimates of future cash flows, current discount rates and current estimates of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk. Changes in fulfilment cash flows are recognised as follows.

- Changes relating to future services adjusted against the contractual service margin (or recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss if the group is onerous);
- Changes relating to current or past services recognised in the insurance service result in profit or loss;
- Effects of the time value of money, financial risk and changes therein on estimated future cash flows recognised as insurance finance income or expenses.

The contractual service margin of each group of contracts is calculated at each reporting date as follows:

(3.3) Insurance contracts without direct participation features (measured under General Measurement Model (GMM))

The carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;
- Interest accreted on the carrying amount of the contractual service margin during the year, measured at the discount rates on nominal cash flows that do not vary based on the returns on any underlying items determined on initial recognition (locked-in discount rates). Average Locked-in discount rates for annual cohort.
- Changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services
- Any increases in the fulfilment cash flows exceed the carrying amount of the contractual service margin, in which case the excess is recognised as a loss in profit or loss and creates a loss component; or
- Any decreases in the fulfilment cash flows are allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; and

- The amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year base on coverage unit. The coverage unit is weighting between the insurance and investment services
- (3.4) Insurance contracts with direct participation features (measured under Variable Fee Approach (VFA))

The carrying amount of the contractual service margin at each reporting date is the carrying amount at the start of the year, adjusted for:

- The contractual service margin of any new contracts that are added to the group in the year;
- The change in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items and changes in fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, except to the extent that:
 - (a) The company has applied the risk mitigation option to exclude from the contractual service margin changes in the effect of financial risk on the amount of its share of the underlying items or fulfilment cash flows;
 - (b) a decrease in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or an increase in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, exceeds the carrying amount of the contractual service margin, giving rise to a loss in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses) and creating a loss component; or
 - (c) an increase in the amount of the company's share of the fair value of the underlying items, or a decrease in the fulfilment cash flows that relate to future services, is allocated to the loss component, reversing losses previously recognised in profit or loss (included in insurance service expenses);
- The effect of any currency exchange differences on the contractual service margin; if any and
- The amount recognised as insurance revenue because of the services provided in the year.

3.1.6. Revenue and expense recognition

(1) Revenue and expense disclosures

The company presents the carrying amounts of insurance contract portfolios that are in an asset and liability position separately as financial items. Reinsurance contracts held that are in an asset and liability position are presented separately in the same manner. In the income statement and other comprehensive income statement, the company presents separately the results of insurance service activities, which include insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, and insurance finance income or expenses. If the company recognizes a cash asset from acquiring an insurance contract before recognizing the related group of insurance contracts, it includes this asset in the carrying amount of the issued insurance contract portfolio.

Additionally, the company chooses not to present changes in risk adjustments for non-financial risks separately as related to financial and non-financial items but considers including all changes as part of the insurance service results.

(1.1) Insurance service result

(1.1.1) Insurance revenue (Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach)

The insurance revenue related to the provision of services is the sum of the changes in the liability for remaining coverage in the period that relates to services for which the company expects to receive consideration comprise of:

- The amount of the contractual service margin recognised in profit or loss in the period
- The change in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to past and current services
- Claims and other insurance service expenses incurred in the year, generally measured at the amounts expected at the beginning of the year. This includes amounts arising from the derecognition of any assets for cash flows other than insurance acquisition cash flows at the date of initial recognition of a group of contracts, which are recognised as insurance revenue and insurance service expenses at that date
- Other amounts, if there are any, such as experience adjustments for premium receipts for current or past service.

In addition, the company recognise insurance revenue that relate to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows to each period in a systematic way based on the passage of time as insurance revenue and an equal amount as insurance service expenses.

- (1.1.2) Insurance revenue for contracts measured under the premium allocation approach
 - Insurance revenue recognised in a period is the amount of expected premium receipts allocated to the period excluding any investment component

(1.1.3) Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses arising from groups of insurance contracts issued are recognised in profit or loss as they are incurred. They exclude repayments of investment components and comprise the following items:

- Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses

- Amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows: For contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach, this is equal to the amount of insurance revenue recognised in the year that relates to recovering insurance acquisition cash flows. For contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, the company recognise acquisition cost to profit and loss when incurred.
- Change that related to past services which are change in the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims not from time value of money and financial risk
- Losses on onerous contracts and reversals of such losses.

(1.1.4) Other operating expenses

- Other expense not in insurance service expense. The company recognise as other operating expense in statement of profit and loss

(1.2) Reinsurance service result

The company present net income or expenses from reinsurance contracts. Net incomes or expenses from reinsurance contracts comprise an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid less amounts recovered from reinsurers. The company recognises an allocation of reinsurance premiums paid in profit or loss as it receives services under groups of reinsurance contracts. For contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach, the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid relating to services received for each period represents the total of the changes in the asset for remaining coverage that relate to services for which the company expects to pay consideration.

For reinsurance contract measured under the premium allocation approach. Net incomes or expenses from reinsurance contracts recognised in a period is the amount of expected premium paid allocated to the period.

For a group of reinsurance contracts covering onerous underlying contracts, the company establishes a loss-recovery component of the asset for remaining coverage to depict the recovery of losses recognised:

- On recognition of onerous underlying contracts, if the reinsurance contract covering those contracts is entered into before or at the same time as those contracts are recognised; and
- For changes in fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts relating to future services that result from changes in fulfilment cash flows of the onerous underlying contracts.

The loss-recovery component determines the amounts that are subsequently presented in profit or loss as reversals of recoveries of losses from the reinsurance contracts and are excluded from the allocation of reinsurance premiums paid. It is adjusted to reflect changes in the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts, but it cannot exceed the portion of the loss component of the onerous group of underlying contracts that the company expects to recover from the reinsurance contracts.

(1.2.1) Net insurance finance income or expense from reinsurance contract held

The company chooses to present separately in the income statement for each reporting period the income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held and insurance finance income or expenses from reinsurance contracts. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held are divided into two main components:

- Amounts recoverable from the reinsurer, including cash flows contingent on expected claims the company anticipates recovering.
- Allocation of premiums paid to the reinsurer. For commissions not contingent on claims from the underlying insurance contract, the company presents them as deductions from premiums payable to the reinsurer. The net amount is allocated to the income statement over the coverage period of the contract.

(1.3) Insurance finance income or expense

Insurance finance income or expense comprises the change in the carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts arising from the effect of the time value of money and financial risk and changes in the time value of money and financial risk except change in time value of money and financial risk for direct participating contracts which adjust contractual service margin.

For contract measured under General Measurement model, the company disaggregate insurance finance income or expenses between profit or loss and other comprehensive income. For direct participating contracts, the company recognise insurance finance income or expenses in profit and loss.

3.1.7. Contracts existing at transition date

IFRS 17 is applied retrospectively unless this is impracticable. To the extent that this is impracticable, the company applies the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach. The company applies the full retrospective method for insurance contracts effective from 2020, the fair value method for insurance contracts effective before 2020, and the fair value method for reinsurance contracts before 2024. The fair value method is as follows:

(1) Level of aggregation

The Company included contracts into groups of contracts issued more than one year apart as there was no reasonable and supportable information available to make the division.

(2) Measurement at the transition date

In applying the fair value approach at the transition date, the CSM or loss component of the LRC was estimated as the difference between the fair value and the fulfilment cash flows of the group of contracts as of that date.

3.2 Financial instruments

(1) Financial assets

(1.1) Classification and measurement

The company classify and measure investments as debt instruments and equity instruments as follow;

(1.1.1) Debt instruments

Debt instruments are financial liability that has contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the entity.

The company classify debt instrument as subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset base on fact and circumstances on the first-time adoption or acquiring date. If the contractual terms of the financial asset do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the financial asset will be measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The company classify and measure debt instruments as follow;

(1) financial asset measured at fair value through profit and loss. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in profit and loss.

- (2) financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The financial assets meet both conditions. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in other comprehensive income and transfer to profit and loss once sold except gain loss on exchange rate which immediately recognise to profit and loss.
- (3) financial asset measured at amortised cost. The financial assets meet both conditions. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets recognise at cost less cost of transaction. The premium/discount on debt securities is amortised/accreted by the effective interest rate method with the amortised/accreted amount presented as an adjustment to the interest income.

(1.1.2) Equity instrument

Equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities

The company consider puttable financial instrument and instrument that impose on the entity an obligation to deliver to another party a pro rata share of the net assets of the entity only on liquidation as equity instrument. If the financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the entity's net assets in the event of the entity's liquidation and has no priority and other obligation.

The company classify and measure equity instruments as follow;

(1) Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss for trading equity instrument. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in profit and loss. (2) Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income that are not for trading. The financial assets recognise fair value at initial recognition and recognise change in fair value in other comprehensive income and transfer to retain earning once sold

The Group and the Company record purchases and sales of investments on transaction dates for equity instruments and unit trusts that classified as debt instruments, and on settlement date for debt instruments except for unit trust.

(1.2) Modification and derecognition of financial assets

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, the company recognise a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The modification of contractual cash flows base on issuer of the financial assets.

Interest income calculate by the effective interest rate method to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset for financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortised cost.

(1.3) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, mortgage loan. The amount of expect credit losses is updated at each reporting period date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

(2) Other financial liabilities

The company classify deposit from maturity insurance contract as other finance liabilities and measure at amortised cost.

The company remove a financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms shall be accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference of accounting value recognises in profit and loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures; and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgments and estimates from adoption Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts" are as follows:

4.1 Fair Value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the Group and the Company determine by using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

4.2 Business model assessment.

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test (see sections of Note 3.1.8). The Group and the Company determine the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgment reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group and the Company monitor financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of The Group's and the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets. No such changes were required during the periods presented.

4.3 Determination of investment components

The company identifies the investment component of a contract by determining the amount that it would be required to repay to the policyholder in all scenarios with commercial substance. These include circumstances in which an insured event occurs, or the contract matures or is terminated without an insured event occurring. Investment components are excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses, as disclosed in Note 3.1.2.

Most of the company's products have explicit surrender values. The investment component excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses is determined as the surrender value specified in the contractual. While, for unit-linked product, account value is the determination of investment component.

In some cases, the Group and the Company issues insurance contracts that include components beyond providing coverage. The Company uses judgment to determine whether these components should be separated and accounted for under other standards or remain within the financial reporting framework. This judgment considers legal, economic, and contractual substance, as disclosed in Note 3.1.2(3).

4.4 Contract Boundary

Determining which cash flows fall within the contract boundary is a key judgment. The Group and the Company considers rights and obligations arising from contract terms, laws, regulations, and business practices. If the Group and the Company can reprice a contract to reflect significant changes in risk, future cash flows may fall outside the original contract boundary, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

4.5 Combination of insurance contracts

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in grouping insurance contracts, particularly in determining which contracts have no significant possibility of becoming onerous in the future. This judgment is crucial in structuring groups of contracts under IFRS 17, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

4.6 Determination of fulfilment cash flows

In estimating future cash flows, the Group and the Company incorporate, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date. This information includes both internal and external historical data about claims and other experience, updated to reflect current expectations of future events.

The estimates of future cash flows reflect BLA's view of current conditions at the reporting date, as long as the estimates of any relevant market variables are consistent with observable market prices.

When estimating future cash flows, the company applies consumer price index (CPI) in order to derive inflation assumption.

Cash flows within the boundary of a contract relate directly to the fulfilment of the contract, including those for which the company has discretion over the amount or timing. These include payments to (or on behalf of) policyholders, insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts.

Insurance acquisition cash flows and other costs that are incurred in fulfilling contracts comprise both direct costs and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads. An allocation requires judgment of the management.

4.7 Discount rate

The Group and the Company use bottom-up approach to determine discount rate for insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts using zero-coupon government bond as risk-free rate yield curve adjust with illiquidity Premium. Zero-coupon government bond duration is maximum 50 years. To determine discount rate, observable rates is used to Last Liquid Point (LLP) and using extrapolation technique between Last Liquid Point and Ultimate Forward Rate (UFR). Illiquidity Premium determine from reference portfolio after adjust risk.

4.8 Determination of risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in concluding that diversification benefits occur at the product type level. Therefore, the risk adjustment for non-financial risk is determined at that level and appropriately allocated to each group of insurance contracts to fully reflect the uncertainty of future cash flows from obligations under the contracts, as disclosed in Note 3.1.5.

The Group and the Company use Confidence level technique and use 75th percentile confidence interval. Risk adjustment for non-financial risk is calculated at contract level and group to cohort level. The company recalculate risk adjustment balance at each reporting period using the latest assumption.

4.9 Determination of coverage unit

The Group and the Company exercise judgment in selecting methods appropriate to the nature of the product and portfolio. The contractual service margin of a group of contracts is recognised in profit or loss to reflect services provided in each year based on the number of coverage units provided in the year, which is determined by considering for each contract the quantity of the benefits provided and its expected coverage period.

5. CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company have classified financial assets and financial liabilities as following:

	Consolidated financial statements				
		As	at March 31, 2025		-
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Financial assets			meome		
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	6,785,244	6,785,244
Accrued investment income	_	-	-	2,367,438	2,367,438
Debt instrument	16,009,358	260,002,852	-	-	276,012,210
Equity instrument	4,756	-	21,979,605	-	21,984,361
Derivative assets	1,081,104	-	-	•	1,081,104
Loans and accrued interest receivables	•	•	9=0	969,571	969,571
Total financial assets	17,095,218	260,002,852	21,979,605	10,122,253	309,199,928
Financial liabilities					
Derivative liabilities	62,088	_	-	-	62,088
Other financial liabilities	251,122	7-8	-	-	251,122
Total financial liabilities	313,210	-	-	-	313,210

<u>Financial assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Accrued investment income

Derivative assets
Loans and accrued interest

Debt instrument Equity instrument

receivables Total financial assets

<u>Financial liabilities</u> Derivative liabilities Other financial liabilities

Total financial liabilities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	As	at March 31, 2025		
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
_	_	_	6,764,225	6,764,225
-	-	-	2,367,438	2,367,438
16,009,358	260,002,852	-		276,012,210
4,756	-	21,979,605		21,984,361
1,081,104			-	1,081,104
-	<u></u>	-	969,571	969,571
17,095,218	260,002,852	21,979,605	10,101,234	309,178,909
62,088		-	22	62,088
251,122	_	-	•	251,122
313,210		-		313,210

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

*	Consolidated financial statements					
		As	at December 31, 20	24		
			(Restated)			
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total	
Financial assets				10,522,578	10,522,578	
Cash and cash equivalents			-	1,150,703	1,150,703	
Accrued investment income	16 000 106	054.072.006	•	1,130,703	271,096,992	
Debt instrument	16,223,106	254,873,886	25 842 020		25,847,679	
Equity instrument	5,650		25,842,029	-	1,048,118	
Derivative assets	1,048,118	-	•	-	1,040,110	
Loans and accrued interest receivables		-	2	1,113,107	1,113,107	
Total financial assets	17,276,874	254,873,886	25,842,029	12,786,388	310,779,177	
Financial liabilities						
Derivative liabilities	48,153	•	-	-	48,153	
Other financial liabilities	255,346	-	-	-	255,346	
Total financial liabilities	303,499	-	-	-	303,499	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements As at December 31, 2024 (Restated)					
	Financial instruments at fair value through profit or	Investment in debt instrument at fair value through other	Investment in equity instrument designated at fair value	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total	
	loss	comprehensive income	through other comprehensive income			
Financial assets			12	10 501 151	10 501 451	
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-	10,501,471	10,501,471	
Accrued investment income	-	1.50	-	1,150,703	1,150,703	
Debt instrument	16,223,106	254,873,886	•	-	271,096,992	
Equity instrument	5,650	-	25,842,029	-	25,847,679	
Derivative assets	1,048,118	-	-	-	1,048,118	
Loans and accrued interest receivables		_	2	1,113,107	1,113,107	
Total financial assets	17,276,874	254,873,886	25,842,029	12,765,281	310,758,070	
Financial liabilities						
Derivative liabilities	48,153	_	<u>~</u>	200	48,153	
Other financial liabilities	255,346	-	<u>-</u>		255,346	
Total financial liabilities	303,499	-		-	303,499	

COMPONENTS OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 6.

As at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the amounts presented in the statement of financial position for insurance contracts consist of the following;

> (Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements

	Consolidated and separate maneral state and					
	As at March 31, 2025					
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)	Total		
Insurance contract assets						
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the insurance contract group	31,115		_	31,115		
Insurance contract liabilities						
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the						
insurance contract group	263,667,104	1,038,713	311,058	265,016,875		
Reinsurance assets	396,777	183,368	-	580,145		
Reinsurance liabilities	20,476	E 3	-	20,476		

	Conso	lidated and separ	ate financial staten	nents
		As at Decem	ber 31, 2024	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)	Total
Insurance contract assets				
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the insurance contract group	26,355	62,749	,	89,104
Insurance contract liabilities				
Insurance contract assets excluding items that arise before the recognition of the	0.51.057.100	701.057	240.500	265 009 004
insurance contract group	264,957,439	701,957	249,598	265,908,994
Reinsurance assets	402,884	205,951	-	608,835
Reinsurance liabilities	27,412	-	-	27,412

7. INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

7.1 Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model

7.1.1 Insurance contracts issued.

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued as following:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)					
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	As at March 31, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for cover	_	Liabilities for incurred	Total		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	claims			
Opening liabilities	262,687,117	201,443	2,068,879	264,957,439		
Opening assets	(37,249)	10,468	426	(26,355)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	262,649,868	211,911	2,069,305	264,931,084		
Insurance revenue	(2,579,787)		•	(2,579,787)		
Insurance service expenses						
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in	-	(534)	1,213,855	1,213,321		
cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims Losses and reversal of losses on onerous		-	186,646	186,646		
contracts	.=0	47,139	-	47,139		
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	260,379	=	-	260,379		
Insurance service expenses	260,379	46,605	1,400,501	1,707,485		
Insurance service result	(2,319,408)	46,605	1,400,501	(872,302)		
Insurance finance expense from insurance contracts	6,920,057	2,147	30,603	6,952,807		
Total amount in comprehensive income	4,600,649	48,752	1,431,104	6,080,505		
Investment components	(12,762,492)	-	12,762,492	() - (
Cash flows						
Premiums received	7,800,033	Ē	-	7,800,033		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(14,283,444)	(14,283,444)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(892,189)			(892,189)		
Total cash flows	6,907,844	=	(14,283,444)	(7,375,600)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	261,395,869	260,663	1,979,457	263,635,989		
Closing liabilities	261,433,723	253,746	1,979,635	263,667,104		
Closing assets	(37,854)	6,917	(178)	(31,115)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	261,395,869	260,663	1,979,457	263,635,989		

(Unit:	Thousand	Baht)
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	(0 1					
	Consolid	dated and separ	ate financial sta	tements		
	As at December 31, 2024					
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for	_	Liabilities for incurred	Total		
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	claims			
Opening liabilities	268,918,287	113,600	2,668,603	271,700,490		
Opening assets	(41,025)	133	1,479	(39,413)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	268,877,262	113,733	2,670,082	271,661,077		
Insurance revenue	(11,201,325)	-	-	(11,201,325)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in	-	(1,097)	6,325,715	6,324,618		
cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims Losses and reversal of losses on onerous	9 = 3	-	331,857	331,857		
contracts	-	95,385	-	95,385		
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	936,382		-	936,382		
Insurance service expenses	936,382	94,288	6,657,572	7,688,242		
Insurance service result	(10,264,943)	94,288	6,657,572	(3,513,083)		
Insurance finance expense from insurance contracts	18,415,971	3,890	84,656	18,504,517		
Total amount in comprehensive income	8,151,028	98,178	6,742,228	14,991,434		
Investment components	(44,124,880)	-	44,124,880	-		
Cash flows			ä			
Premiums received	32,830,020	3	-	32,830,020		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-	-	(51,467,885)	(51,467,885)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(3,083,562)	-		(3,083,562)		
Total Cash flows	29,746,458	-	(51,467,885)	(21,721,427)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	262,649,868	211,911	2,069,305	264,931,084		
Closing liabilities	262,687,117	201,443	2,068,879	264,957,439		
Closing assets	(37,249)	10,468	426	(26,355)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	262,649,868	211,911	2,069,305	264,931,084		

The reconciliation of the measurement of components of the insurance contract liability as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued, excluding contracts measured under the premium allocation approach, is as follows:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)		
	Consoli	dated and separa	te financial stat	tements		
	As at March 31, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening liabilities	219,888,328	4,197,326	40,871,785	264,957,439		
Opening assets	(69,198)	1,786	41,057	(26,355)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	219,819,130	4,199,112	40,912,842	264,931,084		
Changes that relate to current service	3					
CSM recognised for service provided	-	-	(905,688)	(905,688)		
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired	-	17,423		17,423		
Experience adjustments	(229,304)	-	<u>-</u>	(229,304)		
	(229,304)	17,423	(905,688)	(1,117,569)		
Changes that relate to future service						
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	1,032,635	79,973	(1,112,608)	-		
Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts	41,223	(7,087)	-	34,136		
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(1,507,503)	311,431	1,220,557	24,485		
Experience adjustments	(233,156)		233,156			
	(666,801)	384,317	341,105	58,621		
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the	106 646			186,646		
liability for incurred claims	186,646 186,646			186,646		
Incurance convice result	(709,459)	401,740	(564,583)	(872,302)		
Insurance service result Insurance finance (income) expense from		401,740		6,952,807		
insurance contracts	<u>6,588,647</u> 5,879,188	401,740	364,160 (200,423)	6,080,505		
Total amount in comprehensive income	3,679,166	401,740	(200,423)	0,000,505		
Cash flows Premiums received	7,800,033	_	_	7,800,033		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(14,283,444)	_	<u>-</u>	(14,283,444)		
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(892,189)	_	_	(892,189)		
Total Cash flows	(7,375,600)	2		(7,375,600)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	218,322,718	4,600,852	40,712,419	263,635,989		
The state of the s	218,400,737	4,598,538	40,667,829	263,667,104		
Closing liabilities Closing assets	(78,019)	2,314	44,590	(31,115)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	218,322,718	4,600,852	40,712,419	263,635,989		

	Consolie	dated and separ	•	housand Baht)
	Consolid			atements
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total
Opening liabilities	228,903,972	3,811,658	38,984,859	271,700,489
Opening assets	(70,694)	3,997	27,283	(39,414)
Net opening balance as at January 1,	228,833,278	3,815,655	39,012,142	271,661,075
Changes that relate to current service		0,010,000	,,-	
CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk	=		(3,858,913)	(3,858,913)
for risk expired	<u>.</u>	77,611	-	77,611
Experience adjustments	(187,405)	-	-	(187,405)
	(187,405)	77,611	(3,858,913)	(3,968,707)
Changes that relate to future service				
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	374,825	(296,781)	(78,044)	1 5 1
Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts	54,905	(12,674)	-	42,231
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(4,810,741)	615,301	4,276,978	81,538
Experience adjustments	(278,473)	-	278,473	-
	(4,659,484)	305,846	4,477,407	123,769
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the				
liability for incurred claims	331,857	-	-	331,857
•	331,857		-	331,857
Insurance service result	(4,515,032)	383,457	618,494	(3,513,081)
Insurance finance income or expense from insurance contracts	17,222,311	-	1,282,206	18,504,517
Total amount in comprehensive income	12,707,279	383,457	1,900,700	14,991,436
Cash flows				
Premiums received	32,830,020	-	-	32,830,020
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(51,467,885)	=	-	(51,467,885)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(3,083,562)	-	<u> </u>	(3,083,562)
Total Cash flows	(21,721,427)	-	-	(21,721,427)
Net closing balance as at December 31,	219,819,130	4,199,112	40,912,842	264,931,084
Closing liabilities	219,888,328	4,197,326	40,871,785	264,957,439
Closing assets	(69,198)	1,786	41,057	(26,355)
Net closing balance as at December 31,	219,819,130	4,199,112	40,912,842	264,931,084

The impact of contracts recognised during the three-month period ended

March 31, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows: (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statem					
	As at March 31, 2025					
Insurance contracts issued	Contracts	Total				
	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts				
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows						
Insurance acquisition cash flows	896,900	48,876	945,776			
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash flows	8,564,985	209,820	8,774,805			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	9,461,885	258,696	9,720,581			
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(10,983,163)	(244,921)	(11,228,084)			
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	300,721	10,710	311,431			
Contractual Service Margin	1,220,557	-	1,220,557			
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new						
contracts added during the period	-	24,485	24,485			

-	Consolidated a		
Insurance contracts issued	Contracts	Total	
Insurance contracts issued	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts	
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows			
Insurance acquisition cash flows	3,046,366	125,521	3,171,887
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash flows	23,531,444	662,912	24,194,356
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	26,577,810	788,433	27,366,243
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(31,452,174)	(724,810)	(32,176,984)
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	597,386	17,915	615,301
Contractual Service Margin	4,276,978	-	4,276,978
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new			
contracts added during the period		81,538	81,538

7.1.2 Reinsurance contracts held

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from reinsurance contracts held is as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements As at March 31, 2025					
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining covera		Incurred	Total		
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	claims component			
Opening assets	(182,491)	560	584,815	402,884		
Opening liabilities	(62,155)		34,743	(27,412)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(244,646)	560	619,558	375,472		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(100,907)	_	-	(100,907)		
Insurance service expenses	-	-	7 (<u>*</u>	-		
Recoveries on incurred claims	1-	(38)	98,332	98,294		
Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract for reinsurance recoverable on		. ,				
incurred claims	-	9**	(10,442)	(10,442)		
Other changes	-	42	-	42		
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	(133)		_	(133)		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Finance income or expenses from	(101,040)	4	87,890	(13,146)		
reinsurance contracts held	(57,850)	7	-	(57,843)		
Total amount in comprehensive	(1.50.000)		07.000	(70,080)		
income	(158,890)	11	87,890	(70,989)		
Investment component	(32,191)	-	32,191			
Cash flows				111-1-1-1		
Premiums paid	150,346	-	-	150,346		
Amounts received from reinsurers	=	-	(78,528)	(78,528)		
Total Cash flows	150,346		(78,528)	71,818		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(285,381)	571	661,111	376,301		
Closing reinsurance assets	(224,751)	571	620,957	396,777		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(60,630)	-	40,154	(20,476)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(285,381)	571	661,111	376,301		

	Consol	idated and sepa	rate financial statem	ents		
	As at December 31, 2024					
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining covers	ige component	Incurred claims	Total		
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss recovery component	component			
Opening assets	(42,905)	-	523,464	480,559		
Opening liabilities	(65,578)	-	24,052	(41,526)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(108,483)	-	547,516	439,033		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held						
Expenses from reinsurance contracts held	(402,449)	-	-	(402,449)		
Insurance service expenses	-	o € 0	-	-		
Recoveries on incurred claims	-	(148)	319,672	319,524		
Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract for reinsurance recoverable on				45.54		
incurred claims	-	-	(9,822)	(9,822)		
Other changes	-	708	-	708		
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	7,709	-	-	7,709		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held Finance income or expenses from	(394,740)	560	309,850	(84,330)		
einsurance contracts held	(63,348)	-	-	(63,348)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(458,088)	560	309,850	(147,678)		
nvestment component	(200,267)	-	200,267			
Cash flows						
Premiums paid	522,192	-	-	522,192		
Amounts received from reinsurers	-	-	(438,075)	(438,075)		
Total Cash flows	522,192		(438,075)	84,117		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(244,646)	560	619,558	375,472		
Closing reinsurance assets	(182,491)	560	584,815	402,884		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(62,155)		34,743	(27,412)		
			C40 ##0	255 450		

(244,646)

Net closing balance as at December 31,

619,558

560

375,472

The reconciliation of the measurement of components of the reinsurance contract balance as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows:

Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	As at March 31, 2025					
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cashflows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening reinsurance assets	(847,468)	817,018	433,334	402,884		
Opening reinsurance liabilities	(38,785)	1,406	9,967	(27,412)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472		
Changes that relate to current service						
CSM recognised for service provided	-	40	(6,106)	(6,106)		
Change in risk adjustment for non-						
financial risk for risk expired	-	(4,952)	:-	(4,952)		
Experience adjustments	8,446	-	•	8,446		
	8,446	(4,952)	(6,106)	(2,612)		
Changes that relate to future service						
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	(326,173)	11,468	314,705			
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(151,014)	89,791	61,265	42		
Experience adjustments	2,161	-	(2,161)	-		
	(475,026)	101,259	373,809	42		
Changes that relate to past service						
Changes that relate to past services -						
Changes in cash flows to complete the						
contract related to the liability for						
incurred claims	(10,442)	=	12:	(10,442)		
Effect of changes in non-performance risk						
of reinsurers	(134)	-		(134)		
	(10,576)	-	(-	(10,576)		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contract held	(477,157)	96,307	367,703	(13,147)		
Finance income (expense) from						
reinsurance contracts held	(64,227)	-	6,385	(57,843)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(541,384)	96,307	374,088	(70,989)		
Cash flows						
Premiums paid	150,346	-	-	150,346		
Amounts received from reinsurers relating						
to incurred claims	(78,528)	-		(78,528)		
Total Cash flows	71,818	-	-	71,818		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	As at March 31, 2025					
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cashflows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(1,355,819)	914,731	817,389	376,301		
Closing reinsurance assets	(1,321,820)	913,516	805,081	396,777		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(33,999)	1,215	12,308	(20,476)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(1,355,819)	914,731	817,389	376,301		

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
		As at December	31, 2024			
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Opening reinsurance assets	(765,215)	708,011	537,763	480,559		
Opening reinsurance liabilities	(42,310)	1,321	(537)	(41,526)		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(807,525)	709,332	537,226	439,033		
Changes that relate to current service						
CSM recognised for service provided	-	:=:	(12,779)	(12,779)		
Change in risk adjustment for non-						
financial risk for risk expired	-	(13,298)	-	(13,298)		
Experience adjustments	(56,145)	14	-	(56,145)		
	(56,145)	(13,298)	(12,779)	(82,222)		
Changes that relate to future service						
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	111,900	(6,332)	(105,568)	=		
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(200,143)	128,722	71,426	5		
Experience adjustments	64,123		(64,123)	-		
	(24,120)	122,390	(98,265)	5		
Changes that relate to past service	*					
Changes that relate to past services -						
Changes in cash flows to complete the						
contract related to the liability for						
incurred claims	(9,822)	1-	-	(9,822)		
Effect of changes in non-performance risk	¥					
of reinsurers	7,709	-		7,709		
	(2,113)	-		(2,113)		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contract held	(82,378)	109,092	(111,044)	(84,330)		

Consolidated a	nd separate	financial sta	atements
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	As at December 31, 2024					
Reinsurance contracts held	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total		
Finance income (expense) from reinsurance						
contracts held	(80,467)		17,119	(63,348)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(162,845)	109,092	(93,925)	(147,678)		
Cash flows						
Premiums paid	522,192	-	-	522,192		
Amounts received from reinsurers relating						
to incurred claims	(438,075)		-	(438,075)		
Total Cash flows	84,117	-	-	84,117		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472		
Closing reinsurance assets	(847,468)	817,018	433,334	402,884		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	(38,785)	1,406	9,967	(27,412)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(886,253)	818,424	443,301	375,472		

The impact of contracts recognised during the three-month period ended March 31, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and	statem ents			
	As at March 31, 2025				
Reinsurance contracts held	Onerous contracts	Profitable contracts	Total		
	Contracts purchased	Contracts purchased			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	(1,209,198)	(21,813)	(1,231,011)		
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	1,368,819	13,206	1,382,025		
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(87,203)	(2,588)	(89,791)		
Contractual Service Margin	(72,418)	11,195	(61,223)		

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	As at December 31, 2024				
Reinsurance contracts held	Onerous contracts	Profitable contracts	Total		
	Contracts purchased	Contracts purchased			
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	(1,796,636)	(54,456)	(1,851,092)		
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	2,012,334	38,901	2,051,235		
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	(123,386)	(5,336)	(128,722)		
Contractual Service Margin	(92,313)	20,892	(71,421)		

7.2 Insurance contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach

7.2.1 Insurance contracts issued

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued is as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
		Consolidated final	ncial statements	
		As at March	31, 2025	
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining coverage	Liabilities for Inc insurance conti under the prem appr	Total	
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	
Opening liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957
Opening assets	(82,520)	-	19,771	(62,749)
Net opening balance as at January 1,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208
Insurance revenue	(588,968)	-	-	(588,968)
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the	-	474,180	4,124	478,304
liability for incurred claims	-	42,131		42,131
Insurance service expenses	-	516,311	4,124	520,435
Insurance service result Total amount in comprehensive income Cash flows	(588,968) (588,968)	516,311	4,124 4,124	(68,533) (68,533)
Premiums received	917,617		-	917,617
Claims and insurance service expenses paid _	-	(449,579)	-	(449,579)
Total cash flows	917,617	(449,579)	<u> </u>	468,038
Net closing balance as at March 31,	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713
Closing liabilities	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713
Closing assets	-	-	<u> </u>	17 <u>4</u> 19
Net closing balance as at March 31,	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713

		Separate financ	ial statements	
		As at Marcl	h 31, 2025	
Insurance contracts issued -	Liabilities for remaining coverage	Liabilities for Incurred claims for insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach		Total
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	
Opening liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957
Opening assets	(82,520)	-	19,771	(62,749)
Net opening balance as at January 1,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208
Insurance revenue	(589,022)	-	-	(589,022)
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the	-	474,180	4,124	478,304
liability for incurred claims		42,131		42,131
Insurance service expenses		516,311	4,124	520,435
Insurance service result	(589,022)	516,311	4,124	(68,587)
Total amount in comprehensive income Cash flows	(589,022)	516,311	4,124	(68,587)
Premiums received	917,671	-	-	917,671
Claims and insurance service expenses paid _		(449,579)		(449,579)
Total cash flows	917,671	(449,579)	-	468,092
Net closing balance as at March 31,	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713
Closing liabilities	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713
Closing assets	-	-	1-	-
Net closing balance as at March 31,	628,980	397,383	12,350	1,038,713

		Consolidated final	ncial statements			
	As at December 31, 2024					
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining coverage	bilities for Liabilities for Incurred claims for maining insurance contracts measured		Total		
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk			
Opening liabilities	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470		
Opening assets	-	-		-		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470		
Insurance revenue	(1,714,200)	•	•	(1,714,200)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims		1,555,928 90,073	(3,238)	1,552,690 90,073		
Insurance service expenses	_	1,646,001	(3,238)	1,642,763		
Insurance service result Total amount in	(1,714,200)	1,646,001	(3,238)	(71,437)		
comprehensive income Cash flows	(1,714,200)	1,646,001	(3,238)	(71,437)		
Premiums received	1,795,957	-		1,795,957		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-	(1,642,782)		(1,642,782)		
Total cash flows	1,795,957	(1,642,782)	•	153,175		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208		
Closing liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957		
Closing assets	(82,520)	-1	19,771	(62,749)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208		

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)			
		Separate financ	ial statements				
	As at December 31, 2024						
Insurance contracts issued	Liabilities for remaining coverage	Liabilities for Inc insurance conti under the prem appr	Total				
	Excluding loss component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk				
Opening liabilities	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470			
Opening assets	<u>=</u>	-		-			
Net opening balance as at January 1,	218,574	327,432	11,464	557,470			
Insurance revenue	(1,714,392)	-		(1,714,392)			
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims	-	1,555,928 90,073	(3,238)	1,552,690 90,073			
Insurance service expenses	-	1,646,001	(3,238)	1,642,763			
Insurance service result Total amount in comprehensive income Cash flows	(1,714,392) (1,714,392)	1,646,001 1,646,001	(3,238)	(71,629) (71,629)			
Premiums received	1,796,149	-	-	1,796,149			
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	-	(1,642,782)	-	(1,642,782)			
Total cash flows	1,796,149	(1,642,782)	-	153,367			
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208			
Closing liabilities	382,851	330,651	(11,545)	701,957			
Closing assets	(82,520)	-	19,771	(62,749)			
Net closing balance as at December 31,	300,331	330,651	8,226	639,208			

7.2.2 Reinsurance Contracts Held

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from reinsurance contracts held is as follows:

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	As at March 31, 2025					
Reinsurance contracts held	Remaining Incurred claims component for coverage insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach			Total		
-	Excluding loss recovery component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk	2		
Opening assets	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951		
Opening liabilities	=	-	1			
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held						
Income (expenses) from				(50,000)		
reinsurance contracts held	(60,739)	S=	531	(60,208)		
Insurance service expense		-	-	(=):		
Recoveries on incurred claims	-	37,869	-	37,869		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(60,739)	37,869	531	(22,339)		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(60,739)	37,869	531	(22,339)		
Cash flows						
Premiums paid	1,101	-		1,101		
Amounts received from reinsurers		(1,345)		(1,345)		
Total Cash flows	1,101	(1,345)	-	(244)		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(126,918)	308,753	1,533	183,368		
Closing reinsurance assets	(126,918)	308,753	1,533	183,368		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	-	-	-			
Net closing balance as at March 31,	(126,918)	308,753	1,533	183,368		

	Consolidated and separate financial statements As at December 31, 2024					
	Remaining coverage Incurred claims componed insurance contracts measure the premium allocation app		s component for cts measured under	Total		
Reinsurance contracts held	Excluding loss recovery component	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk			
Opening assets	(296,542)	597,069	1,440	301,967		
Opening liabilities			-	-		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(296,542)	597,069	1,440	301,967		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held						
Income (expenses) from						
reinsurance contracts held	(137,519)	9.4	(438)	(137,957)		
Recoveries on incurred claims		170,490		170,490		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held	(137,519)	170,490	(438)	32,533		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(137,519)	170,490	(438)	32,533		
Cash flows						
Premiums paid	366,781	-	-	366,781		
Amounts received from reinsurers	•	(495,330)	(4))	(495,330)		
Total Cash flows	366,781	(495,330)		(128,549)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951		
Closing reinsurance assets	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951		
Closing reinsurance liabilities	-	- 1-		(40)		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(67,280)	272,229	1,002	205,951		

7.3 Insurance contracts measured under the Variable Fee Approach

7.3.1 Insurance contracts issued

The reconciliation of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued is as follows:

	Cons	solidated and senar	ate financial statemen	ts		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
Insurance contracts issued	As at March 31, 2025 Liabilities for remaining coverage Liabilities for			Total		
msurance contracts issued	Excluding loss component	Loss component	claims for insurance contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach			
Opening liabilities	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Opening assets	-	-				
Net opening balance as at January 1,	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Insurance revenue	(10,069)	(-)	•	(10,069)		
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Losses and reversal of losses	-	(1)	6,976	6,975		
on onerous contracts Amortisation of insurance	-	(90)	i.e.	(90)		
acquisition cash flows	277	-		277		
Insurance service expenses	277	(91)	6,976	7,162		
nsurance service result	(9,792)	(91)	6,976	(2,907)		
nsurance finance expense from insurance contract	2,610	2	-	2,612		
Fotal amount in comprehensive income investment components	(7,182) 26	(89)	6,976 (26)	(295)		
Cash flows	20		(20)			
Premiums received Claims and insurance service	83,691	•		83,691		
expenses paid	-	-	(6,192)	(6,192)		
nsurance acquisition cash lows	(15,744)	-	-	(15,744)		
Cotal cash flows	67,947	-	(6,192)	61,755		
Net closing balance as at March 31,	309,321	271	1,466	311,058		
Closing liabilities	309,321	271	1,466	311,058		
Closing assets Net closing balance as at						
March 31,	309,321	271	1,466	311,058		

	W. Carlotte and Car		(Unit:	Thousand Bah		
	Cons	solidated and separa	ate financial statemen	ts		
	As at December 31, 2024					
	Liabilities for ren	naining coverage	Liabilities for	Total		
Insurance contracts issued	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Incurred claims for insurance contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach			
Opening liabilities	110,182	143	167	110,492		
Opening assets		-		-		
Net opening balance as at January 1,	110,182	143	167	110,492		
January 1, Insurance revenue		143	-	(39,035)		
Insurance service expenses	(39,035)		<u>-</u>	(37,033)		
Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	-	(1)	26,463	26,462		
contract related to the liability for incurred claims Losses and reversal of losses	-	-	131	131		
on onerous contracts Amortisation of insurance	-	210	-	210		
acquisition cash flows	844	-	-	844		
Insurance service expenses	844	209	26,594	27,647		
Insurance service result	(38,191)	209	26,594	(11,388)		
Insurance finance expense from insurance contract	17,456	8		17,464		
Total amount in comprehensive income	(20,735)	217	26,594	6,076		
Investment components	(9,677)	-	9,677	-		
Cash flows	, , ,	W1				
Premiums received	224,770	·	-	224,770		
Claims and insurance service expenses paid (nsurance acquisition cash	-	-	(35,730)	(35,730)		
flows	(56,010)	-	-	(56,010)		
Fotal cash flows	168,760	•	(35,730)	133,030		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Closing liabilities	248,530	360	708	249,598		
Closing assets	-		-	-		
Net closing balance as at December 31,	248,530	360	708	249,598		

The reconciliation from the opening to the closing balance of insurance contract balances as at March 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, from insurance contracts issued, excluding those measured under the Premium Allocation Approach, is as follows:

Changes that relate to current service CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired Cy75				(Unit: Thous	sand Baht)
Part		Consolid	ated and separate	financial state	ments
Insurance contracts issued	, -				
Opening assets	Insurance contracts issued	of present value of future cash	adjustment for non- financial	Service Margin	Total
Net opening balance as at January 1, (209,142) 72,710 386,030 249,598	Opening liabilities	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
Changes that relate to current service - - (633) (633) CSM recognised for service provided - - (633) (633) Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk expired - (275) - (275) Experience adjustments (1,919) - - (1,919) Changes that relate to future service (1,919) (275) (633) (2,827) Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM (17,315) 2,687 14,628 - Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts (128) 15 - (113) Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33 Experience adjustments (7,558) - 7,558 - Experience adjustments (51,971) 7,796 44,095 (80) Insurance service result (53,890) 7,521 43,462 (2,907) Insurance finance income or (expense) from insurance contracts (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295)	Opening assets				-
CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk for risk expired Experience adjustments (1,919) (1,919) (1,919) (275) (633) (2,827) Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33 Experience adjustments (128) 15 - (113) Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33 Experience adjustments (7,558) - 7,558 - 7,558 - (51,971) 7,796 44,095 (80) Insurance service result (53,890) 7,521 43,462 (2,907) Insurance finance income or (expense) from insurance contracts 2,612 2,612 Total amount in comprehensive income (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295) Cash flows Premiums received Claims and insurance service expenses paid (6,192) (6,192) Claims and insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) (15,744) Total Cash flows Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities Closing assets	Net opening balance as at January 1,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
risk for risk expired Experience adjustments (1,919) - (275) (1,919) (1,919) (275) (633) (2,827) Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33 Experience adjustments (7,558) - 7,558 - (51,971) 7,796 44,095 (80) Insurance service result (53,890) 7,521 43,462 (2,907) Insurance finance income or (expense) from insurance contracts (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295) Cash flows Premiums received (83,961 - 2,612 - 2,612 Total amount in comprehensive income (6,192) - 6(6,192) Insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) - (15,744) Total Cash flows (15,744) - (15,744) Total Cash flows (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058	Changes that relate to current service CSM recognised for service provided Change in risk adjustment for non-financial	•	-	(633)	(633)
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts Contracts initially recognised in the year Cao, 970 Contracts Co		-	(275)	-	(275)
Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts Contracts initially recognised in the year Capy C		(1.919)	-	-	
Changes that relate to future service (17,315) 2,687 14,628 - Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM (17,315) 2,687 14,628 - Changes in estimates that result in losses and reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts (128) 15 - (113) Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33 Experience adjustments (7,558) - 7,558 - Experience adjustments (51,971) 7,796 44,095 (80) Insurance service result (53,890) 7,521 43,462 (2,907) Insurance contracts 2,612 - - 2,612 Total amount in comprehensive income (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295) Cash flows 83,961 - - 83,961 Claims and insurance service expenses paid (6,192) - - (6,192) Insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) - - (15,744) Total Cash flows 61,755 -	Emperionee augustineins		(275)	(633)	
113	Changes that relate to future service Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM Changes in estimates that result in losses and	,	2,687	14,628	•
Contracts initially recognised in the year (26,970) 5,094 21,909 33		(128)		-	
Experience adjustments		(26,970)	5,094		33
Insurance service result (53,890) 7,521 43,462 (2,907)	Experience adjustments	(7,558)	-		-
Insurance finance income or (expense) from	-	(51,971)	7,796	44,095	
Total amount in comprehensive income (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295) Cash flows 83,961 - - 83,961 Claims and insurance service expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows (6,192) - - (6,192) Insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) - - (15,744) Total Cash flows 61,755 - - 61,755 Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - -	Insurance service result Insurance finance income or (expense) from	(53,890)	7,521	43,462	(2,907)
Total amount in comprehensive income (51,278) 7,521 43,462 (295) Cash flows 83,961 - - 83,961 Claims and insurance service expenses paid Insurance acquisition cash flows (6,192) - - (6,192) Total Cash flows 61,755 - - 61,755 Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - -	insurance contracts	2,612	-	-	2,612
Cash flows Premiums received 83,961 - - 83,961 Claims and insurance service expenses paid (6,192) - - (6,192) Insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) - - (15,744) Total Cash flows 61,755 - - 61,755 Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - - -			7,521	43,462	(295)
Claims and insurance service expenses paid (6,192) - - (6,192) Insurance acquisition cash flows (15,744) - - (15,744) Total Cash flows 61,755 - - 61,755 Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - -	Cash flows		_		83 961
Insurance acquisition cash flows		•	_	_	
Total Cash flows 61,755 - - 61,755 Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - -			-	-	
Net closing balance as at March 31, (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets - - - -			-	-	
Closing liabilities (198,665) 80,230 429,492 311,058 Closing assets			80,230	429,492	
Closing assets					
		-		-	
	-	(198,665)	80,230	429,492	311,058

			(Unit: Thou	sand Baht)
	Consolid	ated and separate	financial state	ments
		As at Decembe		
Insurance contracts issued	Estimates of present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment for non- financial risk	Contractual Service Margin	Total
Opening liabilities	(223,829)	52,034	282,287	110,492
Opening assets		•	-	-
Net opening balance as at January 1,	(223,829)	52,034	282,287	110,492
Changes that relate to current service	7.1			
CSM recognised for service provided	-	-	(1,984)	(1,984)
Change in risk adjustment for non-financial		(1,002)		(1,093)
risk for risk expired	(0.670)	(1,093)	-	(8,670)
Experience adjustments	(8,670)			(0,070)
	(8,670)	(1,093)	(1,984)	(11,747)
Changes that relate to future service				
Changes in estimates that adjust the CSM	(39,472)	5,712	33,760	-
Changes in estimates that result in losses and	(50)	(41)		(114)
reversals of losses on underlying onerous contracts	(73)	(41)	72,530	342
Contracts initially recognised in the year	(88,286)	16,098	(563)	J42 -
Experience adjustments	<u>563</u> (127,268)	21,769	105,727	228
Changes that valate to past service	(127,200)	21,707	105,727	
Changes that relate to past service Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for incurred claims	131	-	19 41	131
•	131		-	131
Insurance service result Insurance finance expense or (income) from	(135,807)	20,676	103,743	(11,388)
insurance contracts	17,464	_	7 -	17,464
Total amount in comprehensive income	(118,343)	20,676	103,743	6,076
Cash flows	(2)/			
Premiums received	224,770	=	-	224,770
Claims and insurance service expenses paid	(35,730)	-	-	(35,730)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(56,010)	-	-	(56,010)
Total Cash flows	133,030	-	-	133,030
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
Closing liabilities	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598
Closing assets			-	
Net closing balance as at December 31,	(209,142)	72,710	386,030	249,598

The impact of contracts recognised during the three-month period ended March 31, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, excluding contracts measured under the Premium Allocation Approach, is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

-	As at March 31, 2025				
	Contracts				
Insurance contracts issued —	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts	Total		
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows					
Insurance acquisition cash flows	17,560	285	17,845		
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash flows	188,525	2,899	191,424		
stimates of present value of future cash outflows	206,085	3,184	209,269		
stimates of present value of future cash inflows	(233,042)	(3,197)	(236,239)		
isk adjustment for non-financial risk	5,048	46	5,094		
Contractual Service Margin	21,909	_	21,909		
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new					
contracts added during the period	-	33	33		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements
As at December 31, 2024

	Contracts		
Insurance contracts issued —	Profitable contracts	Onerous contracts	Total
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows			
Insurance acquisition cash flows	54,600	1,961	56,561
Cash flows excluding insurance acquisition cash flows	546,633	21,774	568,407
Estimates of present value of future cash outflows	601,233	23,735	624,968
Estimates of present value of future cash inflows	(689,585)	(23,669)	(713,254)
Risk adjustment for non-financial risk	15,822	276	16,098
Contractual Service Margin	72,530	-	72,530
Increase in insurance contract liabilities from new			
contracts added during the period	-	342	342

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	Consol financial s	lidated tatements	(Unit : Thousand Baht) Separate financial statements		
	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
Cash on hand	1,937	1,931	1,935	1,930	
Deposits at banks with no fixed maturity date	1,996,698	2,345,520	1,975,681	2,324,414	
Short-term investments in promissory notes	4,786,609	8,175,127	4,786,609	8,175,127	
Total cash and cash equivalents	6,785,244	10,522,578	6,764,225	10,501,471	

As at March 31, 2025, interest rates on saving accounts and promissory notes were in the range of 0.40% - 1.65% per annum (as at December 31, 2024: 0.60% - 1.80% per annum).

9. DEBT SECURITIES

9.1 Investment classification

		(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	
	Fair value	Fair value	
Debt securities at fair value through profit or loss			
Government and state enterprise securities	· ·	-	
Private enterprises debt securities	7,504,848	7,505,024	
Foreign debt securities	8,504,510	8,718,082	
Total debt securities at fair value through profit or loss	16,009,358	16,223,106	
•	10,000,550	10,220,100	
Debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Government and state enterprise securities	182,677,563	177,541,533	
Private enterprises debt securities	69,790,829	70,407,312	
Foreign debt securities	7,534,460	6,925,041	
Total debt securities at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	260,002,852	254,873,886	
Total debt securities	276,012,210	271,096,992	

9.2 Investments in structured notes

Investments in structured notes, which are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss, consisted of the following:

(1) As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had investments in promissory notes and bills of exchange of Baht 403 million and Baht 402 million, respectively, which were issued by branches of foreign commercial banks, having remaining lives of 1 years and 2 years, respectively, and the conditions whereby the redemption of the respective notes and bills were based on the credit event of the reference assets.

(2) As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had investments in bills of exchange of Baht 1,687 million and Baht 1,677 million, respectively, which were issued in foreign currency by branches of foreign commercial banks, having remaining maturity lives of 3 months and 1 - 2 years, respectively, and the conditions whereby the redemption of the bills were based on the credit event of the reference assets.

9.3 Allowance for expected credit loss

	(Unit: Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	March	31, 2025	December 31, 2024 (Restated)			
	Fair value	Allowance for expected credit loss through other comprehensive income	Fair value	Allowance for expected credit loss through other comprehensive income		
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Debt securities with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1)	258,257,343	57,199	253,228,810	59,082		
Debt securities with significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	1,745,509	117,975	1,645,076	132,629		
Total	260,002,852	175,174	254,873,886	191,711		

9.4 Investments subject to restriction

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had placed government and state enterprise bonds with fair value of Baht 76,470 million and Baht 74,522 million, respectively, with the Registrar as securities and reserves as described in Notes 27 and 28.

9.5 Gains on investments

Gains on investments for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

· ·	(Unit : 7 Consolidated : financial st		
	For the three-month period ended March 31,		
	2025	2024	
Gains on sales of investment at fair value through profit or loss	270,810	23,177	
Gains on sales of investment at fair value through other comprehensive income Total gains on investments	68,642 339,452	83,294 106,471	

10. EQUITY SECURITIES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, investment in securities consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements As at March 31, 2025 As at December 31, 2024 Fair value Fair value Equity securities at fair value through profit or loss 5,650 4,756 Equity securities 5,650 4,756 Total equity securities at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income 1,008,087 751,024 Government and state enterprise securities 20,488,067 24,418,706 Equity securities 740,514 415,236 Foreign equity securities Total equity securities at fair value through other 25,842,029 21,979,605 comprehensive income 25,847,679 21,984,361 Total equity securities

11. DERIVATIVE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, derivatives classified by objective were as follows:

Derivatives for which hedge accounting was not applied:

Contract type and objectives	Number of contracts	Notional amount (Thousand Units)	As at Marc Fair v	nd separate fin	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 Fair value gains on derivatives
Forward exchange contracts for hedge of net investment in foreign currencies Bond forward contracts for hedge of cash flow in bond forward	106	762,426	5,246	44,923	3,281
	61	7,430,000	547,291	5,340	111,012

			Consolidated a	•	t: Thousand Baht) nancial statements	
	Notional		As at Decem	ber 31, 2024	For the year ended December 31, 2024 (Restated)	
	Number	amount	Fair	value	Fair value gains	
	of	(Thousand			on	
Contract type and objectives	contracts	Units)	Assets	Liabilities	derivatives	
Forward exchange contracts for hedge of net investment					(770)	
in foreign currencies Bond forward contracts for	134	858,820	106,809	36,731	(779)	
hedge of cash flow in bond forward	50	5,790,000	432,806	1,868	395,307	
Derivatives for which hedge according	ounting was	applied:				
			Consolida	Unit) ated and separ: statements	: Thousand Baht) ate financial	
		Notional			For the three- month period ended	
	Number	amount	As at Marc	ch 31, 2025	March 31, 2025	
	of	(Thousand	Fair		Fair value loss	
Contract type and objective	contracts	Units)	Assets	Liabilities	on derivatives	
Cross currency swap contracts for cash flow hedge in foreign currencies	41	1,511,050	528,567	11,825	43,352	
Toreign currencies	71	1,511,050	220,20.	,	,	
				•	: Thousand Baht)	
			Consolid	ated and separ	ate financial	
			X	statements		
					For the year	
					ended December	
		Notional		ber 31, 2024	31, 2024	
	Number	amount	(Rest		(Restated)	
	of	(Thousand	Fair		Fair value gains	
Contract type and objective	contracts	Units)	Assets	Liabilities	on derivatives	
Cross currency swap contracts for cash flow hedge in						
foreign currencies	38	1,496,050	508,503	9,554	212,388	

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, derivative assets and liabilities consisted of the following:

	Consolidated	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	March 31, 2025							
	71	Fair value amount						
	Notional amount (Thousand Units)	Assets (Thousand Baht)	Liabilities (Thousand Baht)					
Forward exchange contracts								
Yen	596,375	576	2,688					
US dollar	88,110	4,032	13,991					
Singapore dollar	60,496	361	15,554					
Euro	17,446	277	12,689					
Bond forward contracts								
Baht	7,430,000	547,291	5,340					
Cross currency swap contracts								
US dollar	198,050	445,065	11,826					
Euro	13,000	52,694	-					
Yen	1,300,000	30,808						
Total derivatives	9,703,477	1,081,104	62,088					

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	December 31, 2024						
	Fair value amount						
	Notional amount (Thousand Units)	Assets (Thousand Baht)	Liabilities (Thousand Baht)				
Forward exchange contracts							
Yen	656,375	15,886					
US dollar	109,793	12,826	36,717				
Singapore dollar	71,334	56,743	•				
Euro	21,318	21,354	14				
Bond forward contracts							
Baht	5,790,000	432,806	1,868				
Cross currency swap contracts							
Yen	1,300,000	28,199	12				
US dollar	186,050	421,840	9,554				
Euro	10,000	58,464					
Total derivatives	8,144,870	1,048,118	48,153				

The Company made cross currency swap contracts and forward exchange contracts to manage the exchange rate risk arising from investment.

LOANS AND ACCRUED INTEREST RECEIVABLES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balances of loans and accrued interest receivables, classified by overdue periods, were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements

		March 31, 2025 (Restated)	
	Loans and a	accrued interest	receivables
Overdue periods	Mortgage loans	Other loans	Total
Loans with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1)	923,398	_	923,398
Loans with significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	8,268		8,268
Loans with credit impaired (Stage 3)	130,944	55	130,999
Total	1,062,610	55	1,062,665
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(93,094)		(93,094)
Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	969,516	55	969,571

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial

	statements					
	December 31, 2024 (Restated)					
	Loans and a	ccrued interest	receivables			
Overdue periods	Mortgage loans	Other loans	Total			
Loans with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1)	1,068,542	-	1,068,542			
Loans with significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	8,326	-	8,326			
Loans with credit impaired (Stage 3)	130,937	55	130,992			
Total	1,207,805	55	1,207,860			
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(94,753)	-	(94,753)			
Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	1,113,052	55	1,113,107			

Policy loans represent loans granted to the policyholders in an amount not exceeding the cash value of the policy. The loans carry interest rate at 4% - 8% per annum, as approved by the Office of Insurance Commission.

Loans to employees under the employee welfare scheme are set for credit limit of Baht 0.10 million for personal guarantee loans. The interest rate is charged at the rates of 6% per annum. As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, loans to employees amounted to Baht 0.01 million and Baht 0.01 million, respectively.

Loans to employees under the mortgage loans are not to exceed 50 times the employee's monthly salary to each employee for secured loans. The loans carry interest of 5% - 6% per annum. As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, loans to employees under the mortgage loans amounted to Baht 3.33 million and Baht 3.79 million, respectively

13. INVESTMENTS IN A SUBSIDIARY

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, details of investments in a subsidiary, as presented in the separate interim financial statements, were as follows:

Company's name	Type of business	Country of incorporation		ed and o capital	Shareholdin	g percentage	(Cost
			March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
			(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
BLA Insurance Broker Company Limited	Insurance broke	r Thailand	24,000	24,000	99	99	23,760	23,760
Total investment in the subsidiary							23,760	23,760

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, carrying amounts of investment properties were as follows:

	(Unit Consolidated : financial st	-
	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended December 31, 2024
Net carrying value - beginning of the period/year Depreciation for period/year Net carrying value - end of the period/year	121,662 (915) 120,747	142,333 (20,671) 121,662

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 and for the year ended December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had revenue from rental of investment properties amounted to Baht 0.64 million and Baht 0.53 million respectively.

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of property, plant and equipment for three-month period ended March 31, 2025 are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

8	Consolidated financial statements						
		Buildings and buildings	Office furniture, fixture and	Motor	Construction		
	Land	improvements	equipment_	vehicles	in progress	Total	
Net carrying value as at January 1, 2025	780,626	886,233	250,417	2,563	3,923	1,923,762	
Additions - at cost	_	49	10,601	13,034	1,322	25,006	
Transfer in (out)	-	-	478	-	(478)	-	
Depreciation for the period	•	(8,994)	(17,575)	(654)		(27,223)	
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2025	780,626	877,288	243,921	14,943	4,767	1,921,545	

		Separate finance	ial statements		
		Office			
	Buildings	furniture,		19	
	and buildings	fixture and	Motor	Construction	
Land	improvements	equipment	vehicles	in progress	Total
780,626	886,235	250,416	2,562	3,923	1,923,762
-	49	10,601	13,034	1,322	25,006
-	-	478	-	(478)	
2	(8,994)	(17,575)	(654)		(27,223)
780,626	877,290	243,920	14,942	4,767	1,921,545
	780,626 - - -	Land and buildings improvements 780,626 886,235 - 49 - - - (8,994)	Description Continue Contin	Description Description Description	Land Buildings and buildings improvements fixture and equipment Motor vehicles Construction in progress 780,626 886,235 250,416 2,562 3,923 - 49 10,601 13,034 1,322 - - 478 - (478) - (8,994) (17,575) (654) -

16. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / LIABILITIES

16.1 Deferred tax assets and liabilities consisted of tax effects were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

						Consolida	ted and separ	ate financial	statements
	As at March 31,	As at December 31,	As at January 1,	Impact from TFRS 9 and TFRS 17 adoption	As at January 1	assets/li recognised in for the the periods	deferred tax abilities profit or loss ree-month s ended	assets/l recognise comprehen for the th period	deferred tay inbilities and in other asive income ree-month s ended farch 31,
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2024 (Previously reported)		2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) Items related to insurance contract	4,908,407	3,950,233	1,374,742	863,949	2,238,691	-	(111,895)	958,174	660,381
Provisions for long- term employee benefits	48,554	46,470	43,288	-	43,288	2,084	4,411		(3,624
Allowance for expected credit loss and allowance for impairment loss	344,037	347,676	304,964	, -	304,964	(3,639)	(955)		-
Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	(3,846,841)	(2,960,455)	(135,875)	(762,338)	(898,213)	2,326	(12,951)	(888,712)	(785,334)
Cash flow hedge Others	(68,666) (217,901)	(59,995) (277,005)	(29,178) 642	11,650 (11,650)	(17,528) (11,008)	59,104	16,653	(8,670)	(21,532
Deferred tax assets/liabilities - net	1,167,590	1,046,924	1,558,583	101,611	1,660,194	59,874	(104,737)	60,792	(150,109

16.2 Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial For the th	ousand Baht) and separate statements aree-month ed March 31,
	2025	2024 (Restated)
Current income tax: Corporate income tax	-	131,309
Deferred tax: Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss	(59,874) (59,874)	104,737 236,046

Reconciliation between accounting profits and income tax expense for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:	Consol financial s For the th	tatements
	2025	2024 (Restated)
Accounting profit before income tax expenses	1,129,217	1,357,901
Applicable corporate income tax rates	20%	20%
Income tax expenses at the applicable tax rates	225,843	271,580
Net tax effect on income or expenses that are not taxable		(a. z. z. s.)
or not deductible in determining taxable profits	(285,717)	(35,534)
Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss	(59,874)	236,046
	(Unit : The Sepa financial s	
	For the th	
	periods ende	
	2025	2024 (Restated)
		(Restated)
Accounting profit before income tax expenses	1,128,614	1,356,681
Applicable corporate income tax rates	20%	20%
Income tax expenses at the applicable tax rates	225,723	271,336
Net tax effect on income or expenses that are not taxable		
or not deductible in determining taxable profits	(285,597)	(35,290)

17. OTHER ASSETS

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, other assets consisted of the following:

*		olidated statements	` Sep	Thousand Baht) arate statements
	March 31,	December 31, 2024 (Restated)	March 31,	December 31, 2024 (Restated)
Prepaid income tax	2025 174,823	174,823	174,823	174,823
Deposits Receivable from sales of investments	10,529 218,934 117,413	8,526 39,352 37,557	10,529 218,934 117,412	8,526 39,352 37,557
Prepaid expenses Investment assets of the insured Others	362,991 138,701	295,681 148,499	362,991 126,736	295,681 138,049
Total other assets	1,023,391	704,438	1,011,425	693,988

18. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, employee benefit obligations consisted of the following:

		olidated statements	Sep	Thousand Baht) parate statements
	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Post-employment benefit obligations for severance pay Other employment benefit obligations	195,456	187,476	194,257	186,278
for long service awards Total employee benefit obligations	48,728	46,288	48,514	46,073
	244,184	233,764	242,771	232,351

19. OTHER LIABILITIES

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, other liabilities consisted of the following:

			(Unit : 1	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
			financial statements		
	December 31,			December 31,	
	March 31,	2024	March 31,	2024	
	2025	_(Restated)_	2025	_(Restated)_	
Accrued expenses	149,984	308,798	150,036	311,018	
Premium received for policies not yet					
approved	137,102	82,858	137,102	82,858	
Amounts received awaiting handling	126,699	48,196	126,699	48,196	
Specific business tax payable	112,341	143,459	112,341	143,459	
Payable from purchases of investments	104,019	9,560	104,019	9,560	
Withholding tax payable	39,246	32,662	39,203	32,626	
Short-term employee benefit payables	41,180	113,879	41,180	113,309	
Others	28,158	42,578	22,390	36,030	
Total other liabilities	738,729	781,990	732,970	777,056	

20. OPERATING SEGMENT

The Group presented operating segment information in the same manner as that reported to the Office of Insurance Commission ("OIC") on the report of underwriting information reported by insurance categories since the management considered that the Group and the Company are operating its core business in a single segment (i.e. life insurance business) and in a single geographic area (i.e. Thailand). Hence, all items as presented in this segment information are consistent to the Group's and the Company's internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decision about allocation of resources to the segment and evaluate its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

Information of operating segment as per mentioned above for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements				
	For		th period ende		25
	10.	Insurance	period once	Investment	Total
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue	2,579,787	588,968	10,069	-	3,178,824
Insurance service expenses	(1,707,485)	(520,435)	(7,162)	-	(2,235,082)
Net expense from reinsurance contract held	(13,146)	(22,339)			(35,485)
Insurance service result	859,156	46,194	2,907		908,257
Investment income	-	-	2,612	2,461,935	2,464,547
Gain on financial instrument, net	H	•	-	339,452	339,452
Loss on financial instrument revaluation	-	-	-	(340,717)	(340,717)
Reversal on expected credit loss			-	18,195	18,195
Net investment income	-		2,612	2,478,865	2,481,477
Insurance finance expenses from insurance contracts issued Finance expenses from	(2,215,287)	•	(2,612)	<u>a</u>	(2,217,899)
reinsurance contracts held	(4,491)		-	-	(4,491)
Net insurance finance expenses	(2,219,778)	-	(2,612)		(2,222,390)
Net insurance and investment result	(2,219,778)	-	-	2,478,865	259,087
Other finance cost					
Other operating expense					(99,838)
Other income				85	61,711
Profits (loss) before income tax expense					1,129,217
Income tax expense					(59,874)
Net profit for the year				7	1,189,091

Conco	hatehil	financial	statements
Conso	nuateu	IIIIAIICIAI	Statements

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2024

(Restated)

	(Restated)				
		Insurance		Investment	Total
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach		
Insurance revenue	3,361,272	475,136	8,004	-	3,844,412
Insurance service expenses	(2,488,358)	(485,664)	(8,342)	-	(2,982,364)
Net (expense) income from					
reinsurance contract held	(2,920)	20,797			17,877
Insurance service result	869,994	10,269	(338)		879,925
Investment income	-	-	12,847	2,640,519	2,653,366
Gain on financial instrument, net	-	-	-	106,471	106,471
Loss on financial instrument revaluation		•	-	95,141	95,141
Reversal on expected credit loss				4,730	4,730
Net investment income			12,847	2,846,861	2,859,708
Insurance finance expenses from					
insurance contracts issued	(2,285,029)	-	(12,847)	•	(2,297,876)
Finance expenses from					
reinsurance contracts held	(1,186)		-		(1,186)
Net insurance finance expenses	(2,286,215)		(12,847)		(2,299,062)
Net insurance and investment result	(2,286,215)		-	2,846,861	560,646
Other finance cost			i i		(9,134)
Other operating expense					(124,325)
Other income					50,789
Profits (loss) before income tax expense					1,357,901
Income tax expense					236,046
Net profit for the year					1,121,855
				7	

21. INSURANCE REVENUE AND INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

21.1 Insurance revenue and insurance service expense

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognised insurance revenue, insurance service expenses, and net expenses from reinsurance contracts held, disaggregated by product groups. Additional information is also provided regarding the amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the reconciliations of insurance contracts, as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements				
	For the th	ree-month perio	d ended March 3	31, 2025	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)		
Insurance revenue Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	1,431,677 (17,957)	-	8,884 275	1,440,561 (17,682)	
Contractual service margin recognised					
for services provided	905,688	·-	633	906,321	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	260,379	-	277	260,656	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not					
measured under the PAA	2,579,787	125	10,069	2,589,856	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured					
under the PAA		588,968	-	588,968	
Total insurance revenue	2,579,787	588,968	10,069	3,178,824	
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	1,213,321	520,435	6,975	1,740,731	
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	186,646	_	-	186,646	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	47,139	•	(90)	47,049	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition					
cash flows	260,379	% ■	277	260,656	
Total insurance service expenses	1,707,485	520,435	7,162	2,235,082	

	Consolidated financial statements				
	For the th	ree-month perio	d ended March 3	1, 2025	
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)		
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance					
contracts held					
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -					
Contracts not measured under the					
premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(89,883)			(89,883)	
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(4,952)	-	-	(4,952)	
Contractual service margin					
recognised for services provided	(6,068)	#		(6,068)	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
not measured under the premium					
allocation approach	(100,903)	=	-	(100,903)	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
measured under the premium					
allocation approach	-	(60,208)	-	(60,208)	
The impact of changes in the risks of the					
reinsurer's inability to meet its					
obligations	(133)	-	-	(133)	
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	98,332	37,869	-	136,201	
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	(10,442)	-	-	(10,442)	
Net expenses from reinsurance					
contracts held	(13,146)	(22,339)		(35,485)	
Insurance service result	859,156	46,194	2,907	908,257	

	Separate financial statements			
	For the th		od ended March 3	1, 2025
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model (see Note 7.1)	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach (see Note 7.2)	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach (see Note 7.3)	Total
Insurance revenue				
Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses Change in risk adjustment for	1,431,677	8 =	8,884	1,440,561
nonfinancial risk for risk expired Contractual service margin recognised	(17,957)	9	275	(17,682)
for services provided	905,688	2	633	906,321
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	260,379	2	277	260,656
Insurance revenue of Contracts not	200,377			,
measured under the PAA	2,579,787	_	10,069	2,589,856
	2,379,767		10,000	2,200,000
Insurance revenue of contracts measured		589,022		589,022
under the PAA			10,069	3,178,878
Total insurance revenue	2,579,787	589,022	10,009	3,170,070
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services -	1,213,321	520,435	6,975	1,740,731
Changes in cash flows to complete the				
contract related to the liability for				
incurred claims	186,646	-	-	186,646
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	47,139	>	(90)	47,049
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	260,379	•	277	260,656
Total insurance service expenses	1,707,485	520,435	7,162	2,235,082

Separate financial statements

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025			
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total
	(see Note 7.1)	(see Note 7.2)	(see Note 7.3)	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance				
contracts held				
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -				
Contracts not measured under the				
premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(89,883)			(89,883)
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(4,952)	÷.	-	(4,952)
Contractual service margin				
recognised for services provided	(6,068)	<u> </u>	-	(6,068)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
not measured under the premium				
allocation approach	(100,903)	2		(100,903)
leinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
measured under the premium				
allocation approach	-	(60,208)	(**)	(60,208)
he impact of changes in the risks of the				
reinsurer's inability to meet its				
obligations	(133)	-	•	(133)
cinsurance recoveries on incurred claims Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	98,332	37,869	•	136,201
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	(10,442)			(10,442)
let expenses from reinsurance	(20,112)			
ontracts held	(13,146)	(22,339)		(35,485)
nsurance service result	859,156	46,248	2,907	908,311

	Consolidated financial statements				
	For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 (Restated)				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
Insurance revenue					
Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	2,188,179 (31,108)	-	7,138 227	2,195,317 (30,881)	
Contractual service margin recognised	(51,100)			, , ,	
for services provided	991,311	-	451	991,762	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	212,890		188	213,078	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not	212,050			8	
measured under the PAA	3,361,272		8,004	3,369,276	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured	- ,- ,				
under the PAA	-	475,136	-	475,136	
Total insurance revenue	3,361,272	475,136	8,004	3,844,412	
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services -	2,208,139	485,664	7,975	2,701,778	
Changes in cash flows to complete the contract related to the liability for			100	45 500	
incurred claims	45,378	=	160	45,538	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	21,951	-	19	21,970	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash	010 000		100	212 070	
flows	212,890	405.664	188	213,078	
Total insurance service expenses	2,488,358	485,664	8,342	2,982,364	

	Consolidated financial statements For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024				
	(Restated)				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance					
contracts held					
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -					
Contracts not measured under the					
premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(79,338)	-	=	(79,338)	
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(4,739)	-	말	(4,739)	
Contractual service margin					
recognised for services provided	(3,254)	-8	-	(3,254)	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
not measured under the premium					
allocation approach	(87,331)	-8	-	(87,331)	
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts					
measured under the premium					
allocation approach		(24,299)	-	(24,299)	
The impact of changes in the risks of the					
reinsurer's inability to meet its					
obligations	(247)	-	•	(247)	
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims	84,658	45,096	•	129,754	
Net expenses from reinsurance					
contracts held	(2,920)	20,797	-	17,877	
Insurance service result	869,993	10,269	(338)	879,925	

	Separate financial statements				
	For the thr	ee-month period	ls ended March	31, 2024	
	(Restated)				
	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total	
Insurance revenue					
Contracts not measured under the premium allocation approach					
Amounts related to changes in liability for					
remaining coverage					
Expected incurred claims and other insurance service expenses	2,188,179	à	7,138	2,195,317	
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(31,108)	÷	227	(30,881)	
Contractual service margin recognised				-	
for services provided	991,311	-	451	991,762	
Recovery of insurance acquisition cash flows	212,890	-	188	213,078	
Insurance revenue of Contracts not					
measured under the PAA	3,361,272	-	8,004	3,369,276	
Insurance revenue of contracts measured					
under the PAA		475,184	-	475,184	
Total insurance revenue	3,361,272	475,184	8,004	3,844,460	
Insurance service expenses Incurred claims and insurance service expenses Changes that relate to past services - Changes in cash flows to complete the	2,208,139	485,664	7,975	2,701,778	
contract related to the liability for incurred claims	45,378		160	45,538	
Losses and reversal of losses on onerous contracts	21,951	-	19	21,970	
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	212,890		188	213,078	
Total insurance service expenses	2,488,358	485,664	8,342	2,982,364	

	Separate financial statements			
		ee-month period		31, 2024
	(Restated)			
e!	Insurance contracts measured under the general measurement model	Insurance contracts measured under the premium allocation approach	Insurance contracts measured under the variable fee approach	Total
Net income (expenses) from reinsurance				
contracts held				
Expenses from reinsurance contracts -				
Contracts not measured under the				
premium allocation approach				
Amounts related to changes in liability for				
remaining coverage Incurred claims and other incurred insurance service expenses	(79,338)	-		(79,338)
Change in risk adjustment for nonfinancial risk for risk expired	(4,739)			(4,739)
Contractual service margin				(2.054)
recognised for services provided	(3,254)		## -0.915	(3,254)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
not measured under the premium	*		1.67	(07.001)
allocation approach	(87,331)	-	-	(87,331)
Reinsurance service expenses - Contracts				
measured under the premium				
allocation approach	-	(24,299)	-	(24,299)
The impact of changes in the risks of the				
reinsurer's inability to meet its	•			
obligations	(247)	-	-	(247)
Reinsurance recoveries on incurred claims	84,658	45,096	•	129,754
Net expenses from reinsurance	(0.000)	20.707		10 077
contracts held	(2,920)	20,797	(220)	18,877
Insurance service result	869,994	10,317	(338)	879,973

22. GAIN (LOSS) ON REVALUATION

Gain (loss) on revaluation for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, consisted of the following:

	(Unit: Thousand Ba Consolidated and separate financial statements For the three-month periods ended	
	March	
	2025	2024 (Restated)
Unrealised gain (loss) on remeasuring	-	
investment at fair value through profit or loss	(453,366)	(20,111)
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange forward contracts	(59,082)	(304,952)
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange rate	82,998	826,049
Gain (loss) on cross currency swap contracts	(25,560)	(468,631)
Gain (loss) on revaluation of fair value of forward contracts	3,281	9,505
Gain on revaluation of fair value of bond forward contracts	111,012	53,281
Total gain (loss) on revaluation	(340,717)	95,141

23. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group and the Company use the market approach to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards, except when there is no active market or when a quoted market price is not available. The Group and the Company use the appropriate measurement techniques which are cost approach or income approach.

Fair value hierarchy

In applying the above-mentioned valuation techniques, the Company endeavor to use relevant observable inputs as much as possible.

TFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" establishes a fair value hierarchy categorising such inputs into three levels as follows:

Level 1 - Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets

Level 2 - Use of other observable inputs for such assets and liabilities whether directly or indirectly

Level 3 - Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had the following assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different fair value hierarchy as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

	Consolidated and separate imancial statements				
		March 31, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Derivative assets					
Forward exchange contracts	-	5,246	-	5,246	
Bond forward contracts	32	547,291	-	547,291	
Cross currency swap contracts	-	528,567	-	528,567	
Investment at fair value through profit or					
loss					
Equity securities	4,756	-		4,756	
Debt securities	8,549,141	5,369,569	2,090,648	16,009,358	
Investment at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	00 500 165		1 201 420	21,979,605	
Equity securities	20,598,167	-	1,381,438		
Debt securities	-	256,644,379	3,358,473	260,002,852	
Assets for which fair value were disclosed					
Investment properties	-	<u>≅</u>	165,784	165,784	
Loans and accrued interest receivables					
Mortgage loans	-	-	969,516	969,516	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value					
Derivative liabilities					
Forward exchange contracts	-	44,923	-	44,923	
Bond forward contracts	-	5,340	-	5,340	
Cross currency swap contracts	-	11,825	-	11,825	
Cross emitered strate community		•			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	December 31, 2024					
	(Restated)					
-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at fair value						
Derivative assets						
Forward exchange contracts	-	106,809	-	106,809		
Bond forward contracts	-	432,806	-	432,806		
Cross currency swap contracts	-	508,503	-	508,503		
Investment at fair value through profit or						
loss						
Equity securities	5,650	-	<u>~</u>	5,650		
Debt securities	8,018,398	6,124,956	2,079,752	16,223,106		
Investment at fair value through other						
comprehensive income						
Equity securities	24,460,592	U=	1,381,437	25,842,029		
Debt securities	-	251,564,354	3,309,532	254,873,886		
Assets for which fair value were disclosed						
Investment properties	-	° ≔	166,232	166,232		
Loans and accrued interest receivables						
Mortgage loans	=	-	1,113,052	1,113,052		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value						
Derivative liabilities						
Forward exchange contracts	-	36,731	-	36,731		
Bond forward contracts	-	1,868	-	1,868		
Cross currency swap contracts	(C.	9,554	-	9,554		

Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 2 valuations

- a) The fair value of investments in debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income, excluding unit trusts, have been determined by using the yield curve as announced by the Thai Bond Market Association or by other relevant bodies.
- b) The fair value of investments in unit trusts at fair value through other comprehensive income and investment assets of the insured have been determined by using the net asset value per unit as announced by the fund managers.
- c) For derivatives, their fair values have been determined by using fair values obtained from their counterparties, who are banks.

Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 3 valuations

- a) The fair value of investments in equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income has been determined by using price to book value ratio by comparing with other investment in the same industry, dividend discount model, and discount cashflow model.
- b) The fair value of investments in debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income are determined by using discounted cash flow method based on the reference interest rate as a discount rate.
- c) The fair value of investment property has been determined based on valuation performed by an independent appraiser. The fair value of the office building held for rent has been determined using the cost approach. The approach was estimated current replacement cost less accumulated depreciation and add with fair value of land.
- d) The fair value of policy loans is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the interest rate of interest-free bonds.
- e) The fair value of mortgage loans is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the current market interest rate of loans with similar terms and conditions. Thus, carrying value presented in the financial statements is close to fair value.

Reconciliation of financial assets which consisted of equity and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income and categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is presented as follows

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 **Debt securities Equity securities** 1,479,437 3,309,532 Balances - beginning of the period (44,608)(98,000)93,549 Loss recognised in other comprehensive income 1,381,437 Balances - end of the period 3,358,473 (Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2024 (Restated) **Equity securities Debt securities** 1,262,652 2,944,625 Balances - beginning of the year 98,000 103,532 Purchase

1,075

260,300

3,309,532

118,785

1,479,437

During the current period, there was no transfer between the fair value hierarchy.

Fair value of the following assets and liabilities resemble carrying value:

• Cash and cash equivalents

Matured

Balances - end of the year

• Accrued investment income

Gain recognised in other comprehensive income

• Deposit at banks with maturity date over 3 months

24. LOSS FROM EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, loss from expected credit loss consisted of the following:

	(Unit: Thousand Bal Consolidated and separate financial statements For the three-month periods ended March 31,	
	2025	2024 (Restated)
Reversal (recognition) on expected credit loss Debt securities at fair value through		
other comprehensive income	16,536	3,499
Loans and accrued interest receivables	1,659	1,286
Others	<u>-</u>	(55)
Total	18,195	4,730

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
		For the three-month periods ended March 31,		month periods arch 31,		
	2025	2024 (Restated)	2025	2024 (Restated)		
Net profits (Thousand Baht) Number of share capital	1,189,085	1,121,844	1,188,488	1,120,635		
(Thousand shares)	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566	1,707,566		
Basic earnings per share * (Baht per share)	0.70	0.66	0.70	0.66		

^{*} Earnings per share for equity holders of the Company.

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. The relationship is summarised below.

- 1. The subsidiary which is BLA Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.
- 2. Related companies include companies with relationship as follows:
 - 2.1 Related by way of common shareholders
 - 2.2 Related by way of common directors
 - 2.3 Major shareholders are close relatives with the Company's directors.
- 3. Directors and Executives refer to the Company's director, the Company's executives in managing director level and in division head level.
- 4. Related persons refer to the directors, executives and close relative persons.

During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group and the Company had significant business transactions with its related parties. Such transactions which have been concluded on commercial terms and as agreed upon in the ordinary course of business between the Group and the Company and those parties were as follows:

Consolidated

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	financial statements		
[80]	For the three-month		
	period	s ended	
	Marc	ch 31,	
	2025	2024	Pricing policy
Related parties			
Written premium	12,204	11,383	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Interest income	47,590	17,272	Same rates as those offered by
- deposits at banks,			financial institutions and related
promissory notes and debentures			companies to general customers
Interest income - mortgage loans	1,832	-	Same rates as the Group and the
			Company charged to general
			borrowers who mortgage assets as collateral
Dividend income	41,087	38,078	The declared amount
Other income from investment	790	420	Normal commercial terms on
			contracts
Fee and service income	3,949	4,947	Rate on agreements
Brokerage income from securities trading	14,916	15,582	Normal commercial terms for
			securities brokerage
Gain (loss) on forward and cross currency	(50,169)	(282,462)	Normal commercial terms on
swap contracts			contracts
29			

written premium

Claim payment and diagnosis charge	financial For the tl	statements hree-month ds ended ch 31, 2024 17,332	Pricing policy Normal commercial terms for
Bank charges	53,863	44,133	underwriting Same rates as those charged by financial institutions and related companies to general customers
Insurance premium	1,168	820	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Building space, rental and services Other services	821 713	881 725	Rate on agreements Normal commercial terms on contracts
			(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	financial s For the th period	arate statements ree-month s ended ch 31, 2024	Pricing policy
Subsidiary			
Written premium	213	189	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Rental and service income	102	105	Rate on agreements as those charged by rental and service fees per square meter per month
Related parties Written premium	12,204	11,383	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
Interest income - deposits at banks,	47,590	17,272	Same rates as those offered by financial institutions and related
promissory notes and debentures Interest income - mortgage loans	1,832	-	companies to general customers Same rates as the Group and the Company charged to general borrowers who mortgage assets as collateral
Dividend income Other income from investment	41,087 790	38,078 420	The declared amount Normal commercial terms on contracts
Brokerage income from securities trading	14,916	15,582	Normal commercial terms for securities brokerage
Gain (loss) on forward and cross currency swap contracts	(50,169)	(282,462)	Normal commercial terms on contracts
Commission and brokerage	313,115	323,020	At a mutually agreed percentage of written premium
Claim payment and diagnosis charge	13,152	17,332	Normal commercial terms for underwriting
	(60)		

IVIAIC	ш эт,	
2025	2024	Pricing policy
53,837	44,107	Same rates as those charged by
		financial institutions and related
		companies to general customers
1,168	820	Normal commercial terms for
		underwriting
821	881	Rate on agreements
713	725	Normal commercial terms on
		contracts
	2025 53,837 1,168 821	53,837 44,107 1,168 820 821 881

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025, the premium generated from the Bancassurance distribution channel represented approximately 50.94% and 53.65% of total net written premium, respectively

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balance of the accounts between the Company and those related parties were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		(Unit : Thousand Baht) Separate financial statements	
	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Subsidiary				
Other liabilities				
Deposits	-	-	66	66
Accrued expenses	-		94	2,250
Total other liabilities	-	-	160	2,316
Related parties				
Deposit at financial institutions				
(included in cash and cash equivalents)	1,113,170	1,196,671	1,092,152	1,175,565
Investment assets				
Investment in securities	10,903,450	10,985,617	10,903,450	10,985,617
Forward and cross currency swap				
contract receivables	4,391,150	5,084,710	4,391,150	5,084,710
Bond interest receivables	6,913	29,400	6,913	29,400
Other assets	12,723	7,796	5,802	1,008
Outstanding claims	3,326	5,445	3,326	5,445
Forward and cross currency swap				
contract payables	4,428,239	5,028,991	4,428,239	5,028,991
Other liabilities	126,067	240,667	122,134	235,029

Directors and key management's benefits

During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, employee benefit expenses to directors and key management were as follows:

	(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements For the three-month periods ended March 31,	
	2025	2024
Short-term employee benefits	30.55	27.43
Long-term employee benefits	0.85	0.70
Total directors and key management's benefits	31.40	28.13

27. ASSETS PLACED WITH THE REGISTRAR

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the following assets have been placed as securities with the Registrar in accordance with the Life Insurance Act.

	Consolidated and separ	(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024		
	Fair value	Fair value		
Government bonds	26,595	26,016		
Total	26,595	26,016		

28. ASSETS RESERVED WITH THE REGISTRAR

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the following securities have been placed as reserves with the Registrar in accordance with the Life Insurance Act.

	(Unit : Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
	Fair value	Fair value	
Government bonds	76,443,251	74,496,421	
Total	76,443,251	74,496,421	

29. COMMITMENTS

- 29.1 As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had commitments to pay contingent liabilities from the construction building agreement with local companies amounting to Baht 0.32 million and Baht 0.32 million, respectively.
- 29.2 The Group and the Company entered into several operating lease agreements in respect of the lease of office building space, motor vehicles and equipment. The terms of the agreements were generally between 1 and 5 years for leases of building space and were generally between 1 and 5 years for leases of motor vehicles and equipment. Such agreements were non-cancellable.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments required under these non-cancellable operating lease contracts were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial

8.79

2.38

19.29

	Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	As at March 31, 2025 Pay within		
	1 year	2 - 5 years	Total
Operating lease agreements	7.84	7.71	15.55
Service agreements	16.26	-	16.26
Total	24.10	7.71	31.81
	(Unit : Million Baht)		
	Consolidated and separate financial		
	statements		
	As at December 31, 2024		
	Pay within		
	1 year	2 - 5 years	Total
Operating lease agreements	8.12	8.79	16.91

Operating lease agreements Service agreements Total

The Group and the Company recognised rental expense derived from the operating leases for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 amounting to Baht 2.54 million and Baht 2.97 million, respectively

2.38

10.50

29.3 As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had bank guarantee issued by banks amounting to Baht 2.9 million and Baht 2.9 million, respectively.

29.4 The Company entered into Accreting Investment Bill of Exchange agreement with as domestic commercial bank, which required the Company to annually invest in the bill of exchange during 2023 to 2027.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Company's commitments to pay the investment required under the agreement were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial
statements

Bill of exchange agreement Total

s at March 31, 202	25		
Pay within			
2 - 4 years	Total		
120	180		
120	180		
	120		

(Unit : Million Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial
statements

 As at December 31, 2024

 Pay within

 1 year
 2 - 4 years
 Total

 60
 120
 180

 60
 120
 180

Bill of exchange agreement Total

30. LITIGATION

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company was sued in litigation cases, which have yet to be finalised, regarding compensation of claims totaling approximately Baht 6 million and Baht 5 million, respectively. The Company has not yet provided for any provision for loss on such cases since there has been uncertainty with respect to the outcome of the cases.

31 EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On April 9, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors' meeting approved the dividend payment of Baht 0.48 per share to the Company's ordinary shareholders. The payment of dividend was approved by the Office of Insurance Commission on April 3, 2025.

32. RECLASSIFICATIONS

The statements of financial position as at January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024 have been reclassified to conform the classification used in the current period's financial statements but there is no effect to previously reported net profit or shareholder's equity. The reclassification are as follows.

Items	Previous presentation	Current presentation	Consolidated and separate financial statements (Thousand Baht)
Statement of fir	nancial position as at	1 January 2024	
Investment assets of the insured	Investment assets of the insured	Other assets	152,252
the histared	msarca		
Statement of fin	nancial position as at	December 31,	
2024			*******
Investment assets of the insured	Investment assets of the insured	Other assets	295,681

The consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024 have been reclassified to conform to the above reclassifications.

33. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These interim financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2025.